

**Что нужно знать и уметь по теме
«Простое прошедшее время»
Past Simple Tense**

“Tick-tock, tick-tock, Tick-tock”, - says the clock. “It’s time to play, It’s time to work, It’s a magic clock”.	Up, down, up, down, Which is the way to London town? Where? Where? Up in the air! Close your eyes! And you are there.
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- 1. Простое прошедшее время (Past simple tense)** используется для выражения единичных действий, имевших место в прошлом, время совершения которых истекло.
- 2. Простое прошедшее время образуется** при помощи окончания **-(e)d** для правильных глаголов или 2-я форма глагола (второй столбик) для неправильных глаголов.
- 3. Слова-спутники прошедшего времени:** yesterday, last week, last month, last year, a week ago, once, last night, an hour ago, last Saturday и т.п.
- 4. Список глаголов, которые нужно знать и уметь перевести в прошедшее время.** Правильные: pass-passed, close-closed, open-opened, add-added, start-started, smile-smiled, talk-talked, live-lived, shout-shouted, dance-danced, want-wanted, clap-clapped.
- 5. Произнесение окончания глаголов** в прошедшем времени зависит от буквы, которая предшествует окончанию. После звонких согласных произносим как [d], после глухих - [t]. Если предшествующая буква t или d, то произносим [ɪd], чтобы звуки не сливались. Мы также произносим [ɪd], если начальная форма глагола оканчивалась на звук [i] (study – studied).

[d]	[t]	[ɪd]
climbed	watched	painted
played	walked	skated

listened	jumped	visited
served	laughed	studied

- 6. Неправильные глаголы** изменяются по временам нестандартно, без закономерности, поэтому форму прошедшего времени неправильных глаголов нужно выучить наизусть: eat –ate, go-went, do-did, be-was/were, fly-flew, write-wrote, see-saw, bring-brought, sing-sang.
- 7. Перевод предложений из настоящего в прошедшее время.**
 I go to school every day. – I went to school yesterday.
 I help my mother every Sunday. – I helped my mother last Sunday.
 My granny watches TV every day. – My granny watched TV last week.
 My sister plays dolls every day. – My sister played dolls yesterday.
 Tom visits the zoo every months. – Tom visited the zoo last months.
 The children watch a film every weekend. – The children watched TV last weekend.
- 8. Вопросы в прошедшем времени.** Общие вопросы (*которые требуют ответа “yes”, “no”*) начинаются со вспомогательного глагола **did** но **смысловой глагол** после него уже не имеет прошедшей формы:
 Did Ben visit_ Egypt last summer? Did you play_ tennis last week? Did you phone_ your aunt last Saturday?
 В **специальных вопросах** перед вспомогательным глаголом ставится вопросительное слово: What - что, when - когда, why - почему, where - где, who – кто: What did you do_ yesterday? When did you go_ to school yesterday? Where did you find_ this flower?
Вопросы с отрицанием. Отрицание образуется при помощи вспомогательного глагола в прошедшем времени **did** и частицы **not** перед смысловым глаголом (did not go=didn't go): Why didn't you play_ football last weekend? Why didn't you help_ your mother yesterday?
Примеры вопросов и ответов на них, **которые желательно заучить.**
1. What did you do yesterday? – I did my home task.
 2. Where did you go last weekend? – I went for a walk.
 3. When did you get up yesterday? – At 8 o'clock.
 4. Who did you play with last week? – I played with my friend.
 5. How did you feel yesterday? – I felt well.
 6. Why did you get a bad mark last Monday? – I didn't know the lesson.
 7. What did your father do last week? – My father worked last week.
 8. Where did you spend your holiday? – I spent my holiday in Sochi.
 9. When did you go to school yesterday? – I went to school at 8 o'clock yesterday.

10. Who did you watch TV with last Sunday? – I watched TV with my granny.
11. How did your friend feel yesterday? – He felt not well yesterday.
12. Why didn't you go to school last week? – I was ill last week.

9. Уметь составить короткий рассказ в простом прошедшем времени.

Те, для кого упражнений из учебника оказалось недостаточно, могут воспользоваться, например, следующими упражнениями:

Упражнение 1. *Раскройте скобки в предложении в правильной форме.*

1. She (to visit) her best friend yesterday evening.
2. They (to have) a big and tasty breakfast.
3. The child (to go) to bed at 10 p.m.
4. Where (you\to stay) last night?
5. (She\to stay) at her parents' house?
6. The film (to be) very good. I really (to enjoy) it.

Очень часто для детей трудностью является глагол to be в past simple, поэтому может понадобиться отдельная тренировка предложений с глаголами was и were.

Упражнение 2. *Поставьте глагол to be в правильную форму.*

1. I (to be) mad because they (to be) late.
2. They (not\to be) able to come to us as they (to be) too busy at work.
3. The bags (to be) too heavy to carry.
4. It (to be) warm enough to stay outside without a coat.
5. I called Kate but she (not\to be) at her working place.
6. (To be) the dinner tasty?
7. When she called, I (to be) at the bathroom.
8. Where were you at 7 p.m. yesterday?
9. Where were you in summer?
10. Was your father at home in the afternoon yesterday?
11. Where was your mother yesterday?
12. Were you at home at this time yesterday?
13. Where were you born?

Очень важно вовремя запомнить правильные глаголы.

Упражнение 3. *Раскройте скобки в нужную форму.*

1. I (to see) how he (to go out) of the shop and (to head) to his car.

2. My mother (to work) in that company when she (to be) 25.
3. I (to start) jogging when I (to be) 15.
4. The joke was funny but nobody (to laugh).
5. What (you/ to see)?
6. After work she (to take) kids home. They (to have) supper and (to watch) film before going to bed.

Упражнение 4. *Раскройте скобки в нужной форме глагола.*

1. Mary, who is 95 now, (to have) two sisters.
2. Anita (to be) a student several years ago.
3. It was only about 7.30 a.m. Why (you\get up) so early?
4. She (not\ to go) to work this morning as she (to feel) sick.
5. Children (to have) porridge, a slice of bread and tea for breakfast.
6. Her mother usually (to drive) her to school. But she (to take) a bus from time to time.
7. She (to spend) an hour on getting to work before she (to decide) to change it.

Упражнение 5. *Переведите слова в скобках на английский.*

1. (Неделю назад) we wrote a dictation in English.
2. (Недавно) the children went to the cinema.
3. The boys played football in the yard (вчера).
4. (Прошрое воскресенье) went to the village to see our grandmother.
5. (Давно) my grandparents lived in the town of Minsk.

Упражнение 6. *Задайте вопросы к предложениям.*

1. Mike went to England a month ago.
a) Who? b) Where? c) When?
2. The boys played games out of doors last Sunday.
a) Who? b) Where? c) When? D) What?
3. The children stayed at the seaside for two weeks a year ago.
a) Who? b) Where? c) When? D) How long?