



KAGAWARAN NG EDUKASYON
Rehiyon XII
SANGAY NG PAARALANG LUNGSOD
_____ DISTRICT
Lungsod ng _____

FOURTH PERIODICAL TEST IN MATHEMATICS IV

Name: _____
Grade & Section _____

Date _____
Teacher _____

Directions: Read and understand the following. .

I .Write TRUE if the statement is true and FALSE, if not.

- _____ 1. A solid figure is a 3-dimensional figure. It has length , width , and height.
- _____ 2. Volume is measured in cubic units, such as cubic centimeters (cm³).
- _____ 3. Non-standard units cannot be used to measure volume.
- _____ 4. Standard units give a consistent and accurate measure of the volume of a container.
- _____ 5. The volume of a rectangular prism is equal to the product of its length, width, and height . $V = l \times w \times h$ cubic units
- _____ 6. The amount of space inside an object is called the volume of the object.
- _____ 7. Volume is measured in square units.
- _____ 8. To find the volume of rectangular prism multiply the length, width and height.
- _____ 9. Objects with different shapes can have the same volume.
- _____ 10. When the non-standard unit used is small, few units are needed to fill a container.
When the non-standard unit used is bigger, more units are needed to fill the container.

II . Read each problem then, answer the questions that follow.

A rice field in the shape of a parallelogram is 300 meters long. The perpendicular distance between the base and its opposite side is 120 meters. What is its area?

- 11. What is asked for in the problem? _____
- 12. What facts are given? _____
- 13. What is the formula to solve the problem? _____
- 14. How is the solution done? _____
- 15. What is the complete answer? _____

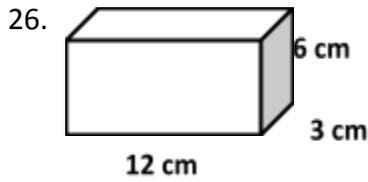
A triangular pond has a base of 10 meters and a height of 6 meters. What is the area of the pond?

- 16. What is asked in the problem? _____
- 17. What are given facts? _____
- 18. What is the formula to solve the problem? _____
- 19. How is the solution done? _____
- 20. What is the complete answer? _____

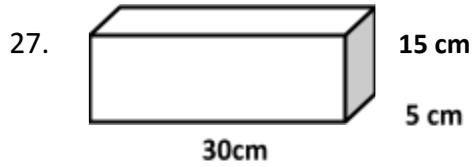
A garden inside a park has the shape of a trapezoid. Its bases are 8 meters and 6 meters. The perpendicular distance between these bases is 7 meters. What is the area of the garden?

21. What is asked for in the problem? _____
22. What are given facts? _____
23. What is the formula to solve the problem? _____
24. How is the solution done? _____
25. What is the complete answer? _____

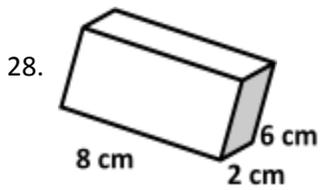
III. Find the volume of each solid figure below.



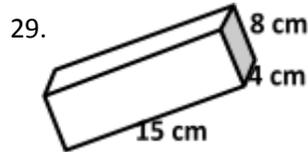
Volume: _____



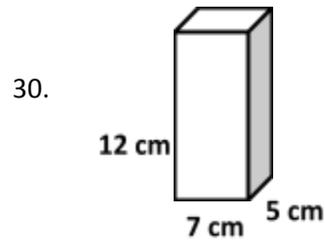
Volume: _____



Volume: _____

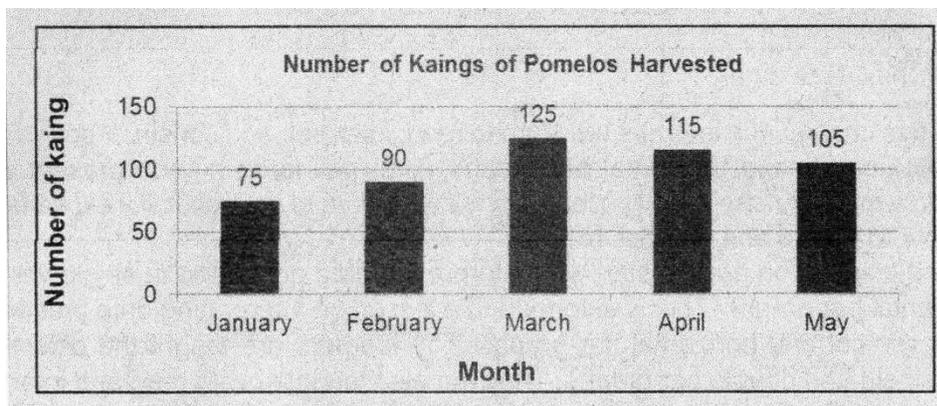


Volume: _____



Volume: _____

V. Study the graphs. Write the letter of your chosen answer on your answer sheet.



31. What month registers the least number of kaing of pomelos harvested?
 - a. April
 - b. February
 - c. January
 - d. March
32. What month registers the most number of kaing of pomelos harvested?
 - a. May
 - b. March
 - c. January
 - d. February
33. How many more kaing are harvested in February and April than in January and March?
 - a. 5
 - b. 7
 - c. 9
 - d. 11
34. What is the total number of kaing of pomelos harvested?
 - a. 500
 - b. 505
 - c. 510
 - d. 515
35. What is the average number of kaing of pomelos harvested?
 - a. 110
 - c. 105

What is the probability of getting 5?

- a. $\frac{1}{6}$ b. $\frac{5}{6}$ c. $\frac{0}{6}$ d. $\frac{6}{6}$

46. If a coin is tossed, what is the probability that a head will come out?

- a. 1 b. 0 c. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. none of the above

47. It is the extent to which an event is likely to happen.

- a. event b. probability c. likelihood d. none of the above

VI. Construct a vertical bar graph with the given data in the table below. (48-50)

Test Scores in Math	
Number of Students	Scores
A	90
B	85
C	80
D	70

FOURTH PERIODIC TEST IN MATHEMATICS IV(TOS)

Content	No. of Days Taught	Percent %	No. of Items	Item Placement
1. Visualizes the volume of solid figures in different situations using non-standard and standard units	4	12.5%	5	1-5
2. Finds the volume of a rectangular prisms using cu.cm and cu.m	4	12.5%	5	6-10
3. Solves routine and non-routine problems involving squares,rectangles,triangles,parallelograms and trapezoids	4	12.5%	5	11-15
4. Solves routine and non-routine problems involving the volume of a rectangular prism	3	7.5%	3	16-18
5. Creates problems involving volume of rectangular prism	4	5%	2	19-20
6. Finds the area of triangles, parallelograms and trapezoids using sq cm and sq m	5	7.5%	3	21-23
7. Collects data on two variables using any source	5	5%	2	24-25
8. Interprets data presented in different kinds of bar graphs	5	17.5%	7	26-32
9. Solves routine and non-routine problems using data presented in a single or double bar graph.	5	5%	2	33-34
10. Records favourable outcomes in a simple experiment (e.g. tossing a coin,spinning a wheel , etc)	5	15%	6	35-40
TOTAL	45	100	40	40

TABLE OF SPECIFICATION
FOURTH PERIODIC TEST IN MATHEMATICS IV

Content	No. of Days Taught	Percent %	No. of Items	Item Placement
11. Visualizes the volume of solid figures in different situations using non-standard and standard units	4	10%	5	1-5
12. Finds the volume of a rectangular prisms using cu.cm and cu.m	4	10%	5	6-10
13. Solves routine and non-routine problems involving area parallelograms	4	10%	5	11-15
14. Solves routine and non-routine problems involving the area of a rectangular prism	4	10%	5	16-20
15. Solves routine and non-routine problems involving the area of trapezoids	4	10%	5	21-25
16. Find the volume of a rectangular prism	5	10%	3	26-30
17. Collects data on two variables using any source	5	4%	2	31-32
18. Interprets data presented in different kinds of bar graphs	5	14%	7	33-39
19. Solves routine and non-routine problems using data presented in a single or double bar graph.	5	4%	2	40-41
20. Records favourable outcomes in a simple experiment (e.g. tossing a coin, spinning a wheel , etc)	5	12%	6	42-47
21. Construct single vertical bar graphs	5	6%	3	48-50

TOTAL	50	100	50	50
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MATH 4TH PERIODIC TEST KEY TO CORRECTION

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| 1. T | 26. 216 cm ³ |
| 2. T | 27. 2 250 cm ³ |
| 3. F | 28. 96cm ³ |
| 4. T | 29. 480cm ³ |
| 5. T | 30. 420cm ³ |
| 6. T | 31. C |
| 7. F | 32. B |
| 8. T | 33. A |
| 9. F | 34. C |
| 10. F | 35. D |
| 11. The area of a parallelogram | 36. C |
| 12. 300 m long, 120 m height | 37. B |
| 13. $A = B \times H$ | 38. A |
| 14. $300 \text{ m} \times 120\text{m} = 36,000 \text{ m}$ | 39. B |
| 15. 36,000 m is the area of parallelogram | 40. C |
| 16. The area of the triangular pond | 41. B |
| 17. Base of 10 meters and a height of 6 meters | 42. D |
| 18. $A = \frac{B \times H}{2}$ | 43. A |
| 19. $10 \times 6 = 60 \div 2 = 30 \text{ m}^2$ | 44. B |
| 20. 30m ² | 45. A |
| 21. Area of the garden | 47. C |
| 22. 8 meters for base 1, 6 meters for base 2 and 7 meters for height | 48. |
| 23. $A = \frac{(B_1 + B_2) H}{2}$ | 49. |
| 24. $\frac{(8 + 6) 7}{2} = \frac{14 \times 7}{2} = \frac{98}{2} = 49 \text{ m}^2$ | 50. |
| 25. 49 m ² | |