### • State of Reading Achievement

- (1:14:39) Introduction of the reading achievement across the country and Massachusetts has one of the greatest numbers for advanced level reading
- (1:16:17) There is no set equation for advanced reading, writing, and intellectual development, but there are different variables with a wide range of random outcomes.

# • Two Forms of Aggression (1:16:47)

- Aggression toward basic and proficient reading, know-your-place disciplinary aggression
- There is a greater deal in supporting early entry into reading development, which sets up the foundation of intellectual and academic laziness

## • Why an intellectual Infrastructure (1:18:53)

- "Never Rise from the Bottom" (1:19:59)
  - There is a continuum for superintelligence on one end and the need to achieve basic or proficient reading on another
  - An 18th Century conceptualization
- Students need increased reading and writing opportunities to move toward advanced levels of reading and writing (1:20:25)
  - There is no other formula; there is no research on whether less reading or less writing will indicate better readers

## • Seven Pathways for Advanced Literacy and Intellectual Development (1:20:59)

- o Interdisciplinarity All educators play a part
- Writing True intellectual exercise
- Passion for Ideas
- Voracious reading
- Knowledge accumulation
- Analytical and Interpretive tools
- Desire to shape the thinking of others

#### • Interrogate Literacy Authorizations (1:21:23)

- Underperformance
- Slow growth Ex. Promoting slow growth orientation
- Instructional & Curricular Practices
- The field of work No energy continues to exert itself for long unless it is stimulated by increasing difficulty, and sustained by increasing interest of some labor intense investigation

#### • Intellectual Tradition - Literacy GPS (1:22:17)

- Everyone who is teaching students how to read and write should have a Literacy GPS
- Questions to Think about (1:23:25)
  - Name 3 intellectuals or books focused on intellectuals across any discipline who read and write extensively that can serve as models for your students
- Intellectual Architecture/Structure
  - Challenge the commonplace mind, true knowledge, depth

- Root of the Conversation (1:24:40)
  - What is the model of a highly literate student
  - What is true literacy
  - How do we know when we got it right
  - What do students represent our literacy offerings
  - What does it take to move students towards advanced reading, writing, and intellectual development?
- Michael Eric Dyson Example (1:25:00)
  - Citations Indication that all text belong to all students (equitable literacy)
  - Topics Kids can read and write across multiple texts while citing people across a wide range of disciplines (Intellectual tradition productive model)
- Clear Observation (1:26:43)
  - Textual Literacy Frames 54 words from Black Presidency written about a range from politics to history
  - Accessing the writing of students (1:28:00)
    - Asking what it will take to have students write a paragraph similar to Black Presidency
    - Why do you think he wrote this paragraph? To what end was he striving?
- "It will take my boys a hundred years to read and write the way you are talking about" (1:28:01)
  - Focusing on the exponential growth rather than the slow growth trajectory
  - After having a controlled/supported structure for writing, other aspects of writing can be worked on
  - Question to ask any student: Who are you and what is the agenda? (1:33:07)
    - Story of his time at the Juvenile Detection Center (1:33:17)
  - Multi-Dimensional Reading Model (1:36:44)
    - Starting from Elementary to High School: We have to choose to have a strong concept of reading, nurture reading fluency, remote decoding, particularly student struggle- (1:37:27)
- Cultural and Disciplinary Erasures (1:38:10)
  - Students' relationship with the disciplines is central to advanced reading, writing, and intellectual development.
  - When Literacy and equity is talked about, disciplinary equity isn't
  - Certain groups are erased from academic disciplines; there is disciplinary erasure taking place in higher education
  - Student relations with the disciplines is central to advanced reading, writing, and intellectual development; true to low and high readers and writers
- **Disciplines** (1:39:43)
  - Thinking about it through interdisciplinary nature
  - o **Disciplinary Depth** (1:40:56)
    - As a teacher, he makes sure to provide explicit research-based strategy, skill, and strategy instruction
- Sidetracks/Aversions (1:41:55)

- Ruby Bridges
- Learning Loss (1:43:34)
- Mental Deterioration (1:47:13)
  - Proton Therapy (Videos, Lesson Ex.) (1:48:09)
    - Proton, therapy, tumor, anesthesia (Practice)
      - Spelling, coding
    - Concept of reading (w/ nurture reading) (1:52:00)
      - Use of QuickTime audio; building the support
      - Give immediate feedback
      - Give fluency practice piece; give them experience with the text, then begin breaking down barriers
    - Comprehension assessment (1:55:10)
      - Read and capture the full meaning of the text (w/ visual support)
    - Student Summaries of the Lesson after 1 hour (1:58:06)
- The Severing of Reading and Writing Lineages (1:59:45)
  - The beginning his reading and lineages research work
    - Texture lineages
    - Writing: True Intellectual Exercise (2:02:47)
      - What leads students to write
      - What leads students to write about statistics, economics, sociology, neuroscience, history, culture
      - What leads the students to write about these topics at the same time
      - What leads students to ask questions or insert themselves into social and scientific phenomena or controversies shaping human history?
      - Example (2:03:41) Goal is to write about the poem through what they have chosen (through lens of philosophy, religion, sociology, science)
    - **Example of Biology Lesson** (2:06:45)
      - Booger: Video lessons, visual support, building meaning, fluency practice
    - High School Lesson Example (2:10:07)
      - Black women, science, humanity
        - Text Reading: What doesn't kill you makes you blacker (w/ science text) - 2:11:41
        - o Decoding drill, Lesson (on fistula), Building Meaning
        - Start up a conversation with a student (2:15:06)
- Advanced Literacy Review (2:17:09)
  - Read texts spanning from social sciences and physical sciences
  - o Increase daily volume of texts read by students
  - Build textual lineages
  - Create outlets and environments for students to share texts in writing
  - Engage students in literacy collaboratives with cause-based readings

- Powerful texts in tandem with powerful reading and writing instruction can have a significant influence on the lives of all students (2:18:41)
  - Undeserving of text has led to calling students underserved
- Literacy Instruction has to be wide enough and deep enough to counter an historical ugliness rooted in multiple forms of exploitation that has manifested into academic underperformance- (2:20:00)
- Final Review of the Questions+Answers (2:20:40)
  - What is the model of a highly literate student
  - What is true literacy
  - o How do we know when we got it right
  - What do students represent our literacy offerings
  - What does it take to move students towards advanced reading, writing, and intellectual development?
- **Resolutions** (2:22:19)
  - 1. Build students' reading and writing lineages across the disciplines
  - 2. Develop stronger, better-defined literacy movement
  - 3. Move beyond narrow frames of scholarship
  - 4. Seek to destroy everything that goes against our humanity
- Self-Assessment (2:22:47)
  - Don't focus on learning loss, slow walking, or catching up, focus on the exponential growth of reading achievement (2:23:58)
  - o "It's not just about students' literacies; it's about their lives" 2005