

**Title is About 8-15 Words, The Title Must Be Clear,
Concise, And Informative. Avoid Writing Abbreviations
(17 Pt Bold & Capitalize)**

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(10 pt)

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Article Info

Abstract

Received:

Revised:

Accepted:

Keywords:

*The **Abstract** section is a brief summary of the entire study, consisting of 150-250 words, which aims to give a quick overview of the core of the article. The author needs to present the information in a concise and clear manner, covering the main elements such as: **Background, Research Objectives, Research Methods, Research Results/Analysis and Conclusion**. The abstract should be free of references, unexplained abbreviations, or excessive methodological details, as it serves to present the content of the article in a concise and easy-to-understand manner.*

Keywords: consists of 3 to 5 keywords.

I. Introduction (12pt Bold)

The article contains **6,000 to 10,000** words counting from **Introduction** to **Conclusion**. The Introduction is the opening section that serves to provide **the basis and context** of the research in depth, as well as attracting readers to understand the issues raised. This section consists of several components such as **Background, Problem Statement, Research Objectives, and Novelties**.

The introduction section is written using **Palatino Linotype** font style, 12pt, justify, 1.5 spaces, each paragraph protrudes 1 cm, writing sentences between paragraphs with no spaces (no before and after space). Citation is done in the form of footnotes/footnotes with the **American Psychological Association (APA) Style 7th edition** format using the **Mendeley** or **Zotero** (Samsudin, 2022).

The background describes the reasons why it is considered important to conduct research, analysis/review of judicial decisions, theoretical studies, literature studies or conceptual critical ideas that will be presented (Tsuroyya & Nurtjahyo, 2024). The problem statement is organized in the form of a question or paragraph. This problem statement then becomes the line of thought that will be discussed in the next section. This section also identifies **gaps or shortcomings in previous research**, the author shows why this study is needed. This problem statement is the basis for distinguishing this research from other similar works (Mulyani & David, 2023).

The research objectives should explain the specific purpose of the study. This includes the main contribution the article aims to make, both academically and practically. This section helps the reader to understand the benefits of the research (Abdullah & Rachmawati, 2023). At the end of the introduction, the author should end by providing a brief explanation of the **novelty aspects** of

the research. These are the points that make the **research unique** and **differentiate it from existing research**, such as **new approaches**, **significant findings**, or **unexplored perspectives**. The references used by the authors consist of **at least 25 scientific articles**. Scientific articles used as reference sources must have been **published within the past 7 years**, with an active **DOI number**. Authors can add other books or sources as reference sources (optional), but **they are not included** in the minimum number of **25 scientific articles** that have been described.

2. Research Method 12pt Bold

The research method is written descriptively and should provide a statement regarding the research methodology, including the type of research, research approach, data sources and analysis methods. The author should explain the mechanism for analyzing the legal issue. This method is optional, only for original research articles (For conceptual ideas without research method). Writing Research Methods using **Palatino Linotype** font style, 12pt, justify, 1.5 spaces, the **first paragraph indented 1 cm**, writing sentences between paragraphs with no spaces (no before and after space).

3. Results and Discussion 12 Pt Bold

Writing the Research Results and Analysis using **Palatino Linotype** font style, 12pt, justify, 1.5 spaces, **paragraphs indented 1 cm**, writing sentences between paragraphs without spaces (no before and after space). This section describes the results of the research and analysis based on the analysis method used.

A. Sub-section (12pt Bold)

The Research Results and Analysis within a section of writing can be

subdivided into sub-sections up to the third degree. The indentation of the whole paragraph does not follow the indentation line of the sub-sections.

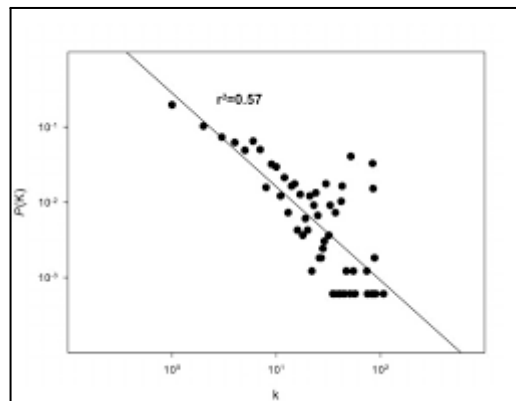
1. ***Sub-sub-section***

Sub-sub-sections are written using numbers, with bold and italic font format. Paragraph indentation does not follow the indentation of the heading above it.

i. ***Sub-sub-sub-section***

Sub-sub-sub-sections are written using numbers, with bold and italic font format. Paragraph indentation does not follow the indentation of the heading above it.

Picture 1. Picture's Title



Source: Institution(s), Year

Table 1. Table's Title

Year(s)	Sentence(s)
2010	5
2011	16

Source: Institution(s), Year

4. Conclusion 12pt Bold

This section contains the conclusions reached to answer the problem in a

brief, concise manner, focusing on the most significant points. It also gives the reader a clear understanding of the importance of the research and its potential to drive developments in the field of law. The writing of the conclusion **does not use numbering or bullet points**, but is in the form of a narrative in paragraph form. Writing the discussion using **Palatino Linotype** font style, 12pt, justify, 1.5 spaces, **paragraphs indented 1 cm**, writing sentences between paragraphs with no space (no before and after space).

References 12 Pt Bold

The references used by the author consist of **at least 25 scientific articles** (include **5 Scopus** indexed journal articles). The scientific articles used as reference sources must have been **published within the past 7 years**, with an active **DOI number**. Authors can add books or other sources as reference sources (optional), however, they are **not included in the minimum number of 25 scientific articles** that have been described.

References in the Bibliography are compiled using reference applications such as **Mendeley** or **Zotero**, using the **American Psychological Association (APA) Style 7th edition** format and arranged alphabetically by the author's name. **Laws and regulations are not included** in the bibliography.

For example:

- Abdullah, M. K., & Rachmawati, I. (2023). The Development Of The P&I Club As A Protection For Indonesian Carrier. *LITIGASI*, 24(1), Article 1. <https://doi.org/10.23969/litigasi.v24i1.7382>
- Mulyani, L. W., & David, D. (2023). Civil Society's Inclusivity In Providing Access To Justice Through The Witness And Victims' Community-Based Program.

LITIGASI, 24(1), Article 1. <https://doi.org/10.23969/litigasi.v24i1.7374>

Samsudin, M. I. (2022). A Comparison of Judicial Review in Indonesian Constitutional Court and French Constitutional Council. *Indonesian Comparative Law Review*, 5(1), 31–42. <https://doi.org/10.18196/iclr.v5i1.15127>

Tsuroyya, C., & Nurtjahyo, L. I. (2024). Perbandingan Tindak Pidana Perkosaan Antara Kuhp Baru Indonesia Dengan Sexual Offences Act 2003 Inggris. *LITIGASI*, 25(1), 143–170. <https://doi.org/10.23969/litigasi.v25i1.12758>