MATATAG
MATATAG
Kto10
Kurikulum
Lingguhang Aralin

| School: | Grade/Section: | 2 |
|----------|----------------|-----------|
| Teacher: | Subject: | English 2 |
| Date: | Quarter/Week: | Q1-WEEK 4 |

| | DAY 1 | DAY 2 | DAY 3 | DAY 4 | DAY 5 | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|---|-------|--|--|--|
| I. CURRICULUM,STAI | NDARD AND LESSON CO | MPETENCIES | | | | | | |
| · | The learners demonstrate | he learners demonstrate phonological awareness and phonic knowledge in decoding developmentally appropriate words; and understand and create simple sentences to express meaning about oneself, family, and everyday topics. | | | | | | |
| R Porformance Standard | and some content-specific | e learners use phonological, phonic, and alphabet knowledge to read/write words accurately; decode high frequency words d some content-specific vocabulary; use phrases or simple sentences to express ideas about oneself, family, and everyday pics; and read grade level sentences with appropriate speed, accuracy, and expression. | | | | | | |
| C. Learning Competencies | EN2VWK-I-1 Identify high- frequency words accurately. EN2CAT-I-2 Comprehend stories. 3. Identify the problem and solution in stories. EN2VWK-I-4 Identify words with different functions. 2. words that label actions (doing words - verbs) EN2CCT-II-2 Use own words in retelling myths, legends, fables, and narrative poems. | EN2PWS-I-1 Identify Grade 2 level-appropriate sight words. EN2PWS-I-3 Read words accurately and automatically according to word patterns (initial, final, medial): CVC words with medial /e/. EN2PA-I-2 Segment onset and rime. EN2VWK-I-5 Read words correctly for meaning (based on word patterns). EN2VWK-I-6 Write words legibly and correctly (based on | EN2VWK-I-1 Identify high- frequency words accurately. EN2CAT-I-2 Comprehend stories. 4. Infer the character's feelings and traits. 5. Relate story events to one's experience. EN2VWK-I-4 Identify words with different functions. 2. words that label actions (doing words verbs) EN2VWK-I-2 Use vocabulary referring to: 1. oneself and family EN2CCT-I-3 Express ideas about one's experiences. 1. oneself and family | EN2PWS-I-1 Identify Grade 2 level-appropriate sight words. EN2PWS-I-3 Read words accurately and automatically according to word patterns (initial, final, medial): CVC words with medial /e/. EN2PA-I-2 Segment onset and rime. EN2VWK-I-5 Read words correctly for meaning (based on word patterns). EN2VWK-I-6 Write words legibly and correctly (based on word | | | | |

| | | word patterns | EN2CCT-I-5 Compose texts to react to the character, setting, or events in a story. | patterns). | |
|------------------------|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| D. Learning Objectives | At the end of the lesson, the learners can: a. identify high-frequency words accurately; b. identify the problem and solution in the story listened to; c. identify words that label actions used in the story listened to; and d. retell the story listened to | At the end of the lesson, the learners can: . a. identify Grade 2 level- appropriate sight words; . read CVC with medial /e/ words accurately and automatically; . C.segment onset and rime of CVC with medial /e/ words; . D. write CVC with medial /e/ words legibly. | c. connect story events to one's experience; and d. express ideas | At the end of the lesson, the learners are able to: .a. Identify Grade 2 level- appropriate sight wordsB. read words accurately and automatically according to word patterns (initial, final, medial): CVC words with medial /e/ .c. segment onset and rime. d. Read words correctly for meaning (based on word patterns) .E. Write words legibly and correctly (based on word patterns) | 2 ND SUMMATIVE TEST |
| II. CONTENT | | | | | |
| ANCHORAGE THEMES | Pagiging Madasalin | | | | |
| | Copy of "Why Ants are Diligent: Part 1" Picture of ants, ants facing the Queen ant, collage of ants some are playing near a | "Why Ants are Diligent", sight word flash cards, | Recorded copy of "Why Ants are Diligent: Parts 1 and 2" Picture of: ants, food, queen ant, forest, animals | Sight word flash cards, chart of words with short e sound | |

| | bed, sleeping under shady trees with blowing wind, at the | pictures of: bed, wet, a wet leg, ten men, played with the web, Ben, hen, den | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | in forest with no fruits, ant | | | | |
| | coaching other ants like in basketball game | | | | |
| V. TEACHING AND LEARN | ING PROCEDURES | | | | |
| Before/ Pre- Lesson Prop | er | | | | |
| Activating Prior Knowledge | SAY: Good day, everyone! Last week you listened to a story and also learned about words that persons, places, things, animals, events, ideas, and emotions. | SAY:Good day, everyone! Yesterday you got to meet Meg in the story "Why Ants are Diligent." You also identified the problem she and the other characters encountered and discovered how they solved it. You also learned about action words. Show one picture from the story "Why Ants are Diligent". ASK: What do you remember from this picture? SAY: | Can you share to the class some words I asked you to practice reading at home? Have drills on high-frequency words used in the story. SAY: This time, match | help two make play yellow run three funny Was bed Red wed Leg peg Men pen Ben ten Get jet Met net Set vet Web gem Present the list of sight words and words in CVC pattern with medial e sound to the learners. Ask the learners to read the list as a class, by row, and individually. Ask the learners to reread the words in the CVC pattern with | |

| | Great! Can you give me | | medial e sound. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| l ' | samples of action words? | | Point to the word "pet". |
| class their responses | | | Foilit to the word pet . |
| and emphasize the | | Meg | Ask: How do you road |
| diversity in their | | | Ask: How do you read |
| perspectives. | | | this syllable? (-et) |
| SAY: | | | |
| Listen to the story. Find | | ants | Ask: What is the |
| out what prayers and | | ants | sound of letter p? (/p/) |
| hard work brought to the | | | What word is formed |
| characters. | | | when you combine |
| | | | /p/ and –et? (pet) |
| | | animals. | |
| | | | (do the same processing |
| | | | with other words in CVC |
| | | 60-63 | pattern with medial e |
| | | Mark Review | sound) |
| | | | |
| | | forest | |
| | | | |
| | | Ready the recorded | |
| | | story "Why Ants are | |
| | | Diligent". | |
| | | Diligent . | |
| | | What did that | |
| | | part of the story tell us? | |
| | | What did the | |
| | | Vynat did the characters feel at that | |
| | | moment? | |
| | | moment: | |
| | | Have you | |
| | | been in a similar | |
| | | situation before? | |
| | | | |
| | | Play the 2 nd to 4 th | |
| | | paragraphs of the story. | |
| | | | |
| | | One day, a big problem | |
| | | came to the forest. | |

| Lesson Purpose/ Intention | identify the high-frequency words, words that label actions, and the problem the characters had and the solution | SAY: In today's lesson, you will identify Grade 2 level- appropriate sight words. You will also read CVC with medial /e/ words accurately and automatically and write them legibly. In reading these words, you will learn how to segment their onset and rime. | There was not enough food for everyone, and the other animals were worried. "Oh no! What will we do?" cried the pig. "Don't worry," said Meg, "We will find a solution." ASK: What do you remember about the story based on the part that you heard? SAY: In today's lesson, you will identify additional action words from the story you heard on the previous day. You will also infer the characters' emotions and traits, and connect story events to your own experiences. This will help you express thoughts and ideas about the characters, setting, or events in the story using words relating to yourself. | SAY: In today's lesson, you will identify Grade 2 level- appropriate sight words. You will practice reading words accurately and automatically by focusing on word patterns, including initial, final, and medial sounds in CVC words with medial /e/. You will also work on segmenting onset and rime, reading words correctly for meaning based on word patterns, and writing words legibly and | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | | characters, setting, or events in the | correctly for meaning based on word | |

Use picture clues in identifying the meanings of the given words.

1. Ants - Show a picture of ants.

ASK:

What do you see in the picture? Where do you see ants? What vou know about ants?

diligent

SAY:

Lesson Language

Practice

The diligent ants worked hard all day, carrying food back to their nest without stopping to rest.

ASK:

What did the ants do? (worked hard all day. and carried food back to their nest without stopping to rest) What can you say about ants based on what they each word to the did? (matiyaga, busy, hardworking) What is

3. plan

words? (diligent)

SAY:

SAY:

First. I will read the words to you. Then, read after me.

| help | two |
|--------|-------|
| make | play |
| yellow | run |
| three | funny |
| was | |

the sight Present words to the learners.

Post on the board pictures of the following words (red, web, bed, ten. leg).

SAY:

Look at the different pictures from the "Why Ants are Diliaent".

Let the learners name each picture. Write the names of the pictures below.

Read

llearners with your finger pointing out to the letter the other word for those emphasizing each sound.

ASK:

What sound do you

SAY:

I will read to you some lines from the story you listened to previously. I would like you to identify from the lines word or words that tell/s actions.

"We should pray for God's help," said one ant.

ASK:

Who was speaking? What did s/he say? What do you think s/he feels based on what s/he said? How will you describe him/her based on how s/he spoke?

2. "We should work together to find food." said one of the ants.

ASK:

Who was speaking? What did s/he say? What do you Ithink s/he feels based on what s/he said? How will vou describe him/her based on how s/he spoke?

3. "Yes! Let us make a plan," agreed Meg.

ASK:

Who was speaking?

Ask the learners to read the following phrases.

Then, match each phrase with the correct picture.

- are siblings
- Sama and Ben
- at the river
- a basket
- ham, apple, and cake
- soft blanket

Present the same pictures with their names below. Their names are with missing letters on a rewriteable chart on the board.

| | The ants made a plan to find food. They thought about where to go to get the most food. ASK: What did the ants think about? (Where to find food) Where do you think the ants decide to go? (accept all answers) What did ants make when they decide on what to do and where to go? (a plan). SAY: Remember the meanings of these words because later, you will hear them in the story | letters in the word red? (-ed) Ask the same questions with the other words. | What did s/he say? What do you think s/he feels based on what s/he said? How will you describe him/her based on how s/he spoke? 4. "We have to find more food," said one ant. Ask: Who was speaking? What did s/he say? What do you think s/he feels based on what s/he said? How will you describe him/her based on how s/he spoke? | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| During/Lesson Proper | | | | | |
| Reading the Key Idea/ Stem | Narrate the story twice. While narrating, show pictures depicting significant events in the story. SAY: While I am reading the story to you, be sure to follow these rules: Look at the teacher talking in front. Listen using your ears and heart. Do not talk when someone else is | Present more CVC with medial /e/ words to the learners. Ask learners to segment onset and rime of each word. Then, let them read accurately and write legibly the same words segmented. SAY: I will read to you some words. Then, you will repeat after me. | Say: I listed the feelings and traits you mentioned earlier. Listen to them one at a time. As you listen, look at the "feelings and traits" chart. Point in the chart the emoticon that shows the feeling and trait that I will say. | Ask the learners to read the passage while observing accuracy and fluency. Sam and Ben were siblings. One day, they went to have a picnic at the river. Sam had a basket with ham, apples, and red cake. Ben got his hat and a soft blanket | |

talking.

• Wait for your turn to speak.

As you listen, find out the problem the ants had and how they solved it.

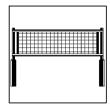
> Why Ants are Diligent: Part 1 adapted by Mil Flores- Ponciano

Long ago, in a big forest, there lived a group of ants led by Queen Meg. These ants were red.

known for spending [⊥]their days playing near the web and resting in bed. These ants liked under sleeping the shady trees and feeling the gentle breeze in the forest.

Post the enlarged versions of the images on the board. Access the image bank to do this.

Words: net, pet, web, pen, den



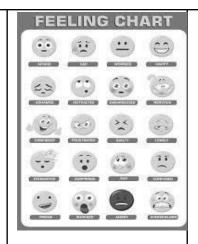
_et (net)

ASK:

What letter is missing to complete the word that matches the picture? How do you sound out the missing letter?

Sneeted out /n/, then let the learners sound it out after you. After which write on the board the word "net" large enough for the whole class to see. Box the last two letters like so:

SAY:



Discuss each emotion.
Ask the learners to share experiences of times when they or their family members felt each emotion.

Present more dialogues from the "Why Ants are Diligent".

Let the learners infer the character's emotions and traits based on dialogs. Encourage them to share their experiences with the emotions and traits mentioned in the discussion.

- 1. "We cannot give up! Keep looking and keep praying for God to help us," said another ant.
- 2. "Thank you, ants!

Instead of working like other animals, they liked to find warm places to relax and do nothing.



Queen Meg always prayed for the ants to be diligent.

ASK:

What insects were mentioned in the story? (ants)
Who was their lead...
(Queen Meg)
What do ants love do?

(play, rest, sleep, an property forms) from will you describe the ants

based on what they like to do? (lazy)



One day, a big problem came to the

Now, how do we sound out the remaining letters together?

Sound out each remaining letter individually, if need be, then combine them. First, sound it out yourself, and then have the learners repeat after you.

Do the entire process for the remaining words below:

pet, web, pen, den





- You saved us!" cheered the other ten animals.
- 3. "We should give thanks to our God for listening to our prayers. We should have a party!" said Queen Meg.
- 4. "Hooray! That sounds fun!" yelled the animals.

Ask: Who was speaking? What did s/he say? What do you think s/he feels based on what s/he said? How will you describe him/her based on how s/he spoke?
Ask the set of questions per dialog

| forest. There was not enough food for everyone, and the other animals were worried. | | |
|--|--|--|
| "Oh no! What will we do?" cried the pig. ASK: | | |
| | | |
| What was the problem of the ants? (no food for everyone) What do you think will the ants do? (accept all | | |
| answers) "Don't worry," said Meg, "We will find a solution." | | |
| "Yes! Let us make a plan," agreed Meg. | | |
| "We should <u>pray</u> for God's help. We shoul work together to find food," said one of the ants | | |
| . ASK: | | |
| What was the ants' plan? (pray and work together) | | |

| up. They under a asked for They mad | did not give all went tree and God's help. e a <u>plan</u> to pod for | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Every day, searched t | the ants he forest. | | |
| | e to find more d one ant. | | |
| Keep lool praying for | not give up! king and keep or God to help another ant. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| grains, ar brought their hom prayed ar | nd seeds, nd fruits and nem back to e. They still nd worked and never | | |
| ASK: | | | |
| Was the solved? (| ants' problem yes) | | |

| Developing Understanding of the Key Idea/ Stem | | Steps: 1. Sound out the first letter. Then, sound out the remaining letters together. 2. Read the word by putting together all the sounds. Guide the learners in case they cannot read the word. Choose the picture that | Ask the learners to read and act out the following words: jump, play, run, sleep ASK: What are these words called? (action words) Ask the learners to read the following sentences. I smile at my mother. Mother cooks food at home. We eat together as a family. Father and sister wash the dishes. The pet barks. ASK: What action word is mentioned in the sentence? Act it out | Discuss the passage by asking the following questions. Ask: • Who were siblings? • Where did they go? • Have you been to a picnic? With whom? Tell about it. • What was on the basket of Sam? • Which among the foods in the basket of Sam have you tasted before? • What did Ben bring at the picnic? If you were to go again on a picnic, what would you bring? | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
|--|--|---|---|---|--|

| | Questions: | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| | What do these words tell? (action) | | | | |
| | What kinds of words are they? (action words) | SAY: This time, let us read these phrases. | | | |
| | Ask the learners to read the Set 2 of sentences and tell the action words. 1. I play in the house. 2. My sister calls me. 3. Mother hides my toys in a bag. SAY: Learning these action words from the story is important because they help us understand how the characters solved the problems they encountered. | Read the first phrase and ask the learners to repeat after you. Let them read the following phrases on their own, thereafter. 2. red bed 3. a wet leg 4. Ten men 5. small web 6. The red hen 7. In the den Ask learners to copy these phrases into their notebookss. Use traceables where | | | |
| Deepening Understanding | Post a | necessary. SAY: Let us look at | Ask the learners to read | Ask the learners to | |
| of the Key Idea/ Stem | "Problem–Solution Chart" on the board. | this picture. | the passage aloud. | read the passage. | |
| | ASK: Who were the characters in the story? (ants, other animals) What was the problem with the ants? (not enough food) | Post on the board an enlarged version of the picture. ASK: | Read them: A. as a class B. by row C. individually Passage: Mother cooks food. I smile at my mother. We eat together as a family. Father and sister wash | They sat on the grass under a big elm tree. The sun was red, and the wind was perfect. Then, a fat cat went near them, looking for food. Sam fed the cat a bit of ham, and it sat happily beside them. | |

Post the pictures of the learner's responses in the "problem" column of the chart.

 How did they solve their problem? (made a plan, prayed, worked hard)

Post the pictures of the learners' responses in the "solution" column of the chart.

- If you were one of the ants what would be your plan to solve the problem?
- Why is it important to plan?
- What was the plan you had just made?

What was your recent prayer about? Why is praying important?

Ask the learners to retell in their own words the story "Why Ants are Diligent".

SAY:

1. What do you see in the picture?

2. What else in the picture has an /e/ sound at the middle?

SAY: Let me list your answers. (peg, hen, den)

ASK: What is the first sound in the word "peg"? How do you read the other letters next to the sound /p/?
Ask learners the same questions per word.

the dishes. The pet barks.

ASK:

- What does mother do? (cook)
 What do father and sister
- do? (wash the dishes)
- 3. What does the pet do? (barks)
 What is the passage about? (activities done with the family)

Discuss the passage by asking the following questions:

- 1. Where did Sam and Ben sit? 2. What was red?
- 3. Who came at the picnic?
- 4. What did Sam do? If you were Sam, would you do the same? Why?

| | | |
|---|--|------|
| Do you know that something else happened in the story? Listen carefully as we continue the story. | | |
| | | |
| While the ants were | | |
| on their way home, they saw a giant boy | | |
| jumping in the forest. | | |
| The boy seemed | | |
| happy as he jumped and ran in the forest. | | |
| "Oh, no! The boy might step on us! We might not bring the foods to our home," | | |
| said one ant. | | |
| "What shall we do?" asked the other ant. "Let us pray and | | |
| make another plan," suggested the other ant. So, the ants prayed. | | |
| "Let us change our way back home," said one ant. | | |
| | | |

| "That is correct. It is risky to take our usual way home because of the jumping boy." said the other ant. | | |
|---|--|--|
| The ants turned left and continued crawling on their way home. | | |
| SAY: | | |
| Find a partner. The next task is to be done with the help of your partner. | | |
| Let the learners share with their partner their answers to the following questions. | | |
| SAY: Take turns in telling your partner your answer to the questions I will ask. | | |
| Questions: | | |
| 1. What was the problem of the ants? | | |
| 2. How did the ants | | |

| | solve it? | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Ask the learners to | | | | | |
| | retell in their own | | | | | |
| | words the part 2 of | | | | | |
| | the story "Why Ants are Diligent". | | | | | |
| After/ Post Lesson Proper | | | | | | |
| Today, I learn that in Words are made I learn that the | | | | | | |
| | the story, the | of different letters | character's | | | |
| | characters meet a | <u> </u> | and | Some words have | | |
| | | Some words have | can be known based | /e/sound. Examples of these | | |
| | Words that show action | /e/sound. | on their | words are: | | |
| Making Generalizations | are | Examples of these | and | ,, and _ | | |
| and Abstractions | words. | words are: | Some words tell | | | |
| | Evernles of action | ,, and | They are called | | | |
| | Examples of action words are: | · | action words. | | | |
| | And | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Read the sentences and | | Listen to the recorded | Complete the | | |
| | copy the action words in your notebook. | sentences with the short e sound. After reading, | dialogues. Check the box that shows the character's | sentences by writing the missing letter | | |
| | 1. Father reads a book. | write them in your | emotion and trait. | below each picture. | | |
| | The cat sleeps in | notebook. | | • | | |
| | the box. | | 1. "Thank you for the gift." | Ben wants to | | |
| Evaluating Learning | 3. We plant | Ben has a red hen. | 2. "This is not what I asked you to buy." | be a _et. He looks | | |
| | seeds in the | Ted went to bed. | 3."The bed is clean." | | | |
| | garden. | Ben and Jen wed. | 4. "If I had only listened | | | |
| | Dog barks. I wash my hands. | | to my mother, I would not | | | |
| | o. i waon'ny hanao. | | have had an accident." | after h_ns and _igs. | | |
| | | | 5. "I do not want to see | He spends a lot of | | |
| | | | you." | e I friends | | |
| | | | | Il friends | | |
| | Watch a story of your | e reading the | Ask your family members | Read and copy the | | |
| Additional Activities | choice. Identify the | g words. | of action words they know. | words in your | | |
| for Application or | problem of the | | Act it out. | notebook. | | |
| Remediation | characters and the solution made by the | away here | | 1.ssmen | | |

| | characters. Tell about it | | • leg | |
|------------|---------------------------|--|-------|--|
| | in the class. | | • den | |
| | | | • pen | |
| | | | • ten | |
| | | | • net | |
| | | | • pet | |
| | | | • bed | |
| | | | • jet | |
| | | | • gem | |
| Remarks | | | | |
| Reflection | | | | |

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