



CONSTITUTION

The Constitution of The Nationals

Part 1: Leadership

1a: The hierarchy goes:

Party Leader, Deputy Party Leader,
Party Member.

1b: The Leader will run all day-to-day management of the party.

1c: Deputy Leader will run smaller items the Party Leader cannot run or step in for the Party Leader.

1d: in order for a party leader to be removed, a vote must take place among party members. At least 80% is required to pass.

1e: nominations for leadership positions like party leader, deputy leader. A leadership election takes place among party members. If 3 or more candidates applied to the leadership election then preferential voting shall be used, 51% is required to win. If no candidate reaches 51% in the first round then a series of rounds elimination will determine the winner.

Part 2: Internal Elections

2a: The Internal Election process is run by the Party Leader

2b: Internal Elections will be decided by whoever gets a majority of votes. This can be achieved by candidates working together to make a deal which will ultimately get one over the line for a majority.

2c: The nomination process will last for 5 hours, after which, The voting process will last for 5 hours.

2d: The votes cast must be from party members and any breach will result with a party investigation.

Part 3: Membership Rights

3a: Party Membership can be granted by anyone in the leadership team.

3b: Any member may be expelled with a party vote, which is proposed by any party Member.

3c: Any member can propose a change or concern over anything to do with the party must be raised with the party leader or deputy leader.

Part 4: Party Dissolution

4a: Should The Nationals require a dissolution. The party will cease operations and let the Liberal Party take over operations.

4b: should The Nationals ask for a merger, the decision shall be put forward to a vote among party members. At least 51% is needed to pass.

Part 5: Election Candidates/Preselection

5a: The Nationals shall only run in seats that include regional and rural areas of Australia.

5b: candidate preselections shall be voted on by party members, a majority of votes is needed to win.

Part 6: Approval of Agreements Between Parties

6a: agreements such as confidence and supply or coalition shall be made by the party leader.

6b: party leader shall approve with a majority support among party members.

Part 7: Amendments to Party Constitution

7a: amendments made to the constitution shall be made by any member of the party.

7b: such proposal/s of amendments must be put forward to a vote among party members, a majority of votes is required to win.

7c: amendments shall then be approved by the party leader if the vote passes.

Part 8: Expulsion of Party Members

8a: if a party member acts inappropriately, votes against the party wishes, is involved in a felony or crime then a vote takes place among party members. A majority of the votes is required to pass.