

## The Title are Written with Calibri (18 pt) with Preferably Not More Than 14 Words and Capitalize Each Word

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*Article received: (...), Review process: (...) Article Accepted: (...), Article published: (...)*

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**Abstract:** The abstract must be written in both Bahasa Indonesia and English, with a length of 150–250 words in a single paragraph without citations. It should briefly include the research background (1–2 sentences), research objectives (1 sentence), research methods (1–2 sentences), main findings (3–5 sentences), and conclusions or implications (1–2 sentences). The abstract should be typed in Times New Roman font, size 10–11 pt, with single spacing. At the end of the abstract, 3–5 keywords or phrases must be provided, separated by commas.

**Keywords:** Business Law, European Competition Law, Market, Predatory Pricing.

**Abstrak:** Abstrak ditulis dalam Bahasa Indonesia dan Bahasa Inggris dengan panjang antara 150–250 kata dalam satu paragraf tanpa sitasi. Abstrak harus memuat secara ringkas latar belakang penelitian (1–2 kalimat), tujuan penelitian (1 kalimat), metode penelitian yang digunakan (1–2 kalimat), hasil utama penelitian (3–5 kalimat), serta kesimpulan atau implikasi dari penelitian (1–2 kalimat). Penulisan abstrak menggunakan font Times New Roman ukuran 10–11 pt dengan spasi tunggal. Di bagian akhir abstrak dicantumkan kata kunci sebanyak 3–5 kata atau frasa yang dipisahkan dengan tanda koma.

**Kata Kunci:** Hukum Bisnis, Hukum Persaingan Eropa, Pasar, Penetapan Harga Predator.

### INTRODUCTION

The introduction provides an overview of the research background, explaining the context and urgency of the study in the field of law and Islamic governance. This section should also include a brief literature review to demonstrate the position of the research (state of the art, at least three sources), identify the research gap, and formulate the research problem to be addressed. In addition, the research objectives must be clearly and explicitly stated. The introduction should be written

in a systematic and argumentative manner, supported by relevant scholarly references, particularly those published within the last 5–10 years, and generally constitutes approximately 15–20% of the entire manuscript.

#### **METHOD**

The research method explains the approach and type of research employed—whether qualitative, quantitative, or a combination (mixed methods)—in a clear and systematic manner. The author should describe the type of research (normative, empirical, descriptive, or causal), the data sources (primary and secondary), and the data collection techniques such as interviews, observations, documentation, or questionnaires. For quantitative studies, it is necessary to specify the population and sample, sampling techniques, research instruments along with their validity and reliability testing, and data analysis methods such as descriptive statistics, hypothesis testing, or regression analysis. For qualitative studies, the data analysis procedures should include data reduction, data display, and conclusion drawing. If analytical software (such as SPSS or others) is used, and if the study involves a specific location and time frame, these should also be stated. This section should be concise, clear, and allow the study to be replicated.

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The research method section explains the approach and type of research used, whether qualitative, quantitative, or a combination (mixed methods), in a clear and systematic manner. The author should describe the type of research (normative, empirical, descriptive, or causal), data sources (primary and secondary), and data collection techniques such as interviews, observations, documentation, or questionnaires. For quantitative research, it is necessary to specify the population and sample, sampling techniques, research instruments along with validity and reliability tests, and data analysis methods such as descriptive statistics, hypothesis testing, or regression analysis. For qualitative research, the data analysis techniques should include data reduction, data display, and conclusion drawing. If analytical software (such as SPSS or others) is used, and if the study involves a specific location and time frame, these should also be stated. This section should be concise, clear, and allow the study to be replicated.

This section is the most important section of your article. The analysis or results of the research should be clear and concise. The results should summarize (scientific) findings rather than providing data in great detail. Please highlight differences between your results or findings and the previous publications by other researchers.

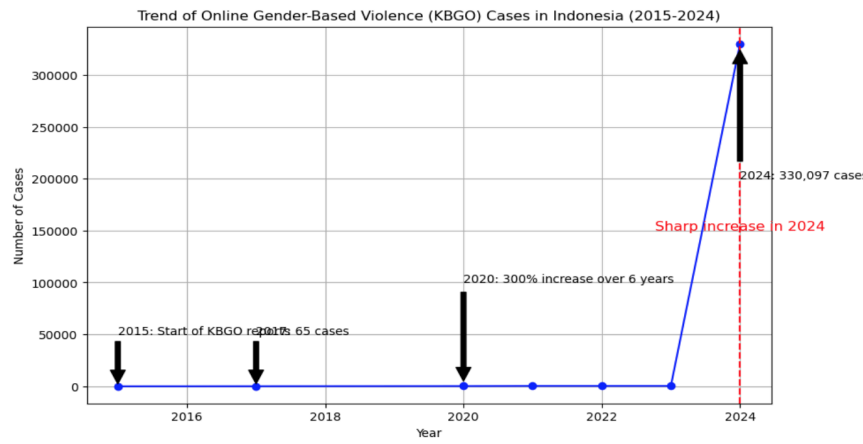
1. Tables and Figures are presented
2. Tables and Figures are presented
3. Tables and Figures are presented

#### **Sub-heading of the discussion**

Following main headings should be provided in the manuscript while preparing. The separation between main headings, sub-headings and sub-sub headings should be numbered in the manuscript with following example.

Tables and Figures are presented center and cited in the manuscript. The figures should be clearly readable and at least have a resolution of 300 DPI (Dots Per Inch) for good printing quality. Table made with the open model (without the vertical lines) as shown below:

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**Figure 1.** Information for picture

Tables and Figures are presented center and cited in the manuscript. The figures should be clearly readable and at least have a resolution of 300 DPI (Dots Per Inch) for good printing quality. Table made with the open model (without the vertical lines) as shown below:

**Table 1.** Global Piracy: Actual and Attempted Piracy Attack in Different Regions, 2007-2016.

Locations	text	text
text	text	text
text	text	text
Total	text	text

Source: Primary Data, 2017 (Edited).

**CONCLUSION**

The conclusion presents a summary of the research findings that directly address the formulated research problems. This section should be written in a clear, concise, and coherent narrative without repeating the discussion in detail. It may also highlight the implications of the findings for the development of legal scholarship, particularly in the context of Islamic law and governance, and may include suggestions or recommendations for future research if necessary.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The acknowledgements section is optional and is used to express appreciation to parties who have contributed to the implementation of the research and the

writing of the article. This section may include funding institutions, supporting organizations, or individuals who have made significant contributions but are not listed as authors. It should be written briefly, formally, and without excessive detail.

## REFERENCES

The reference list must be prepared using APA Style and arranged alphabetically by the authors' names. A minimum of 15 references is required, with approximately 80% derived from primary sources such as scholarly journal articles. The sources should preferably be published within the last 5–10 years to ensure the relevance and currency of the references. Every source listed in the reference list must be cited in the text using the in-text citation system, for example (Rahman, 2020), (Huda & Ali, 2021), or (Karim et al., 2019). The references must be written consistently in accordance with APA formatting for books, journal articles, and online sources.

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