

Test #1 solutions

$$\underbrace{3x^2 + 7 - 2xy}_M + \underbrace{(-x^2 + 27y^2 - 3)}_N y' = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dy}(M) = \frac{d}{dx}(N) \text{ means it's exact}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dy}(M) &= \frac{d}{dy}(3x^2 + 7 - 2xy) = -2x \\ \frac{d}{dx}(N) &= \frac{d}{dx}(-x^2 + 27y^2 - 3) = -2x \end{aligned} \right\} \text{exact}$$

$$N = F_y \quad F = \int M \, dx$$

$$\int 3x^2 + 7 - 2xy \, dx$$
$$\frac{3}{2}x^3 + 7x - 2y\frac{x^2}{2} + 0(x)$$

$$F = x^3 + 7x - x^2y + 0(x)$$

$$F_y = \frac{d}{dy}(x^3 + 7x - x^2y)$$
$$= -x^2 + 0(x)$$

$$N = F_y \quad : -x^2 + 27y^2 - 3 = -x^2 + 0'(x)$$

$$0'(x) = 27y^2 - 3$$

$$\int 27y^2 - 3 \, dy$$

$$= \frac{27y^3}{3} - 3y$$

$$= 0(x) = 9y^3 - 3y + C$$

$$F = x^3 + 7x - x^2y + 0(x)$$

$$= x^3 + 7x - x^2y + 9y^3 - 3y = C$$