

Grade 6 Math: Curriculum Guide

Course Description	The grade 6 math content standards focus on five critical areas: (1) Connecting students' understanding of whole number multiplication and division to ratios and rates; (2) Extending prior learning of rational numbers to include integers (positive and negative numbers) and multiplying and dividing fractions; (3) Writing and operating with expressions and equations; (4) An introduction to statistical analysis using measures of center and spread; and (5) Build on prior learning about area, surface area, and volume of two and three dimensional shapes.
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Unit 1: Area and Surface Area	
Learning Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find areas of polygons by decomposing, rearranging, and composing shapes. Understand and use the terms “base” and “height,” and find areas of parallelograms and triangles. Approximate areas of non-polygonal regions by polygonal regions. Represent polyhedra with nets and find their surface areas.
Skills/Standards/Topics	Standards: 6.G.A, 6.EE.A <i>Topics:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reasoning to find area Parallelograms Triangles Polygons Surface area Squares and cubes
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Illustrative Math Curriculum</i> - Primary source of instructional activities and routines <i>Imagine Learning Classroom online platform</i> - Digital collection of curriculum materials and online learning tools <i>iReady Diagnostic Tool</i> - Grade level common assessment and benchmarking tool <i>DeltaMath</i> - Online skills-based practice

Unit 2: Introducing Ratios	
Learning Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand and use the terms “ratio,” “rate,” “equivalent ratios,” “per,” “at this rate,” “constant speed,” and “constant rate,” Recognize when two ratios are or are not equivalent. Represent ratios as expressions.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Represent equivalent ratios with double number line diagrams, tape diagrams, and tables. ● Reason about situations involving color mixtures, recipes, unit pricing, and constant speed.
Skills/Standards/Topics	Standards: 6.RP.A <i>Topics:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Defining ratios ● Equivalent ratios ● Representing equivalent ratios ● Solving ratio and rate problems ● Part-part-whole ratios
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Illustrative Math Curriculum</i> - Primary source of instructional activities and routines ● <i>Imagine Learning Classroom online platform</i> - Digital collection of curriculum materials and online learning tools ● <i>iReady Diagnostic Tool</i> - Grade level common assessment and benchmarking tool ● <i>DeltaMath</i> - Online skills-based practice

Unit 3: Unit Rates and Percentages	
Learning Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand and use the terms “unit rate,” “speed,” “pace,” “percent,” and “percentage,” ● Recognize that equivalent ratios have equal unit rates. ● Represent percentages with tables, tape diagrams, and double number line diagrams. ● Reason about situations involving unit price, constant speed, and measurement conversion.
Skills/Standards/Topics	Standards: 6.RP.A <i>Topics:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Units of measurement ● Unit conversion ● Rates ● Percentages
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Illustrative Math Curriculum</i> - Primary source of instructional activities and routines ● <i>Imagine Learning Classroom online platform</i> - Digital collection of curriculum materials and online learning tools ● <i>iReady Diagnostic Tool</i> - Grade level common assessment and benchmarking tool ● <i>DeltaMath</i> - Online skills-based practice

Unit 4: Dividing Fractions

Learning Targets

- Examine how the relative sizes of numerator and denominator affect the size of their quotient when numerator or denominator (or both) is a fraction.
- Understanding that dividing by $\frac{a}{b}$ has the same outcome as multiplying by b , then by $\frac{1}{a}$.
- Compute quotients of fractions.
- Solve problems involving lengths and areas of figures with fractional side lengths.
- Extend the formula for the volume of a right rectangular prism to prisms with fractional edge lengths and use it to solve problems.
- use tape diagrams, equations, and expressions to represent situations involving partitive or quotitive interpretations of division with fractions. Given a multiplication or division equation or expression with fractions, describe a situation that it could represent.
- use tape diagrams and equations in reasoning about situations that involve multiplication and division of fractions.

Skills/Standards/Topics

Standards: 6.NS.A, 6.G.A

Topics:

- Making sense of division
- Meanings of fraction division
- Algorithm for fraction division
- Fractions in lengths, areas and volumes

Resources

- [*Illustrative Math Curriculum*](#) - Primary source of instructional activities and routines
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Unit 5: Arithmetic in Base Ten

Learning Targets

- Compute sums, differences, products, and quotients of multi-digit whole numbers and decimals, using efficient algorithms.
- Use calculations with whole numbers and decimals to solve problems set in real-world contexts.

Skills/Standards/Topics

Standards: 6.NS.B, 6.EE.A

Topics:

- Introduction to decimals

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adding and subtracting decimals • Multiplying decimals • Dividing decimals
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Illustrative Math Curriculum</i> - Primary source of instructional activities and routines • <i>Imagine Learning Classroom online platform</i> - Digital collection of curriculum materials and online learning tools • <i>iReady Diagnostic Tool</i> - Grade level common assessment and benchmarking tool • <i>DeltaMath</i> - Online skills-based practice

Unit 6: Expressions and Equations	
Learning Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and use the terms “variable,” “coefficient,” “solution,” “equivalent expressions,” “exponent,” “independent variable,” and “dependent variable.” • Write coefficients next to variables without a multiplication symbol. • Understand other situations in which the multiplication symbol can be omitted, e.g., $6 \cdot (3+2)$ can be written as $6(3+2)$. • Evaluate expressions that have positive whole-number exponents and whole-number, fraction, or variable bases, given a value for the variable. Find solutions for linear equations in one variable and simple equations that include exponents, e.g., $2x=32$ and $100=x^2$. • Reason about real-world and geometrical situations, understanding that some values of variables may not make sense in a given context. • Represent collections of equivalent ratios as equations and make connections between tables, graphs, and linear equations that represent the same relationships.
Skills/Standards/Topics	<p>Standards: 6.EE.A, 6.EE.B, 6.EE.C</p> <p><i>Topics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equations in one variable • Equal and equivalent • Expressions with exponents • Relationships between quantities
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Illustrative Math Curriculum</i> - Primary source of instructional activities and routines • <i>Imagine Learning Classroom online platform</i> - Digital collection of curriculum materials and online learning tools • <i>iReady Diagnostic Tool</i> - Grade level common assessment and benchmarking tool • <i>DeltaMath</i> - Online skills-based practice

Unit 7: Rational Numbers

Learning Targets

- Interpret signed numbers in contexts (e.g., temperature above or below zero, elevation above or below sea level).
- Understand and use the terms “positive number,” “negative number,” “rational number,” “opposite,” “sign,” “absolute value,” “a solution to an inequality,” “less than,” “greater than,” and the corresponding symbols.
- Plot points with signed rational number coordinates on the number line.
- use absolute value notation, understanding the absolute value of a number as its distance from zero on the number line.
- Graph inequalities in one variable on number line diagrams, using a circle or disk to indicate when a given point is, respectively, excluded or included.
- Solve simple inequalities, understanding that there may be infinitely many solutions, and show solutions symbolically and on the number line.
- Interpret solutions of inequalities in contexts.
- Plot pairs of signed number coordinates in the plane, understanding the relationship between the signs of a pair of coordinates and the quadrant of the corresponding point.
- Use coordinates to calculate horizontal and vertical distances between two points.
- Understand and use the terms “common factor,” “greatest common factor,” “common multiple,” and “least common multiple,”
- Solve problems set in real-world contexts in which common factors or multiples occur.

Skills/Standards/Topics

Standards: 6.NS.B, 6.NS.C, 6.EE.B, 6.G.A

Topics:

- Negative numbers and absolute value
- Inequalities
- The coordinate plane
- Common factors and common multiples

Resources

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Unit 8: Data Sets and Distributions

Learning Targets

- Explore populations of data sets and study variables associated with a population.
- Understand and use the terms “numerical data,” “categorical data,” “survey” (as noun and verb), “statistical question,” “variability,” “distribution,” and “frequency.”
- Create and interpret histograms, bar graphs, tables of frequencies, and box plots.
- Describe distributions (shown on graphical displays) using terms such as “symmetrical,” “peaks,” “gaps,” and “clusters.”
- Interpret measures of center—understanding and using the terms “mean,” “average,” and “median.”
- Interpret measures of variability—understanding and using the terms “range,” “mean absolute deviation” or MAD, “quartile,” and “interquartile range” or IQR.

Skills/Standards/Topics

Standards: 6.SP.A, 6.SP.B, 6.NS.B

Topics:

- Data, variability and statistical questions
- Dot plots and histograms
- Measures of center and variability
- Median and IQR

Resources

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