



Paper's title should be the fewest possible words that accurately describe the content of the paper (Bookman Old Style, Center, Bold, 12 pt)

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ABSTRACT (Bookman Old Style, 9 pt)

An abstract is often presented separate from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. A well-prepared abstract enables the reader to identify the basic content of a document quickly and accurately, to determine its relevance to their interests, and thus to decide whether to read the document in its entirety. The abstract should be informative and completely self-explanatory, provide a clear statement of the problem, the proposed approach or solution, and point out major findings and conclusions. The Abstract should be 150 to 250 words in length. References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Standard nomenclature should be used, and non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself. No literature should be cited. The keyword list provides the opportunity to add 5 to 7 keywords, used by the indexing and abstracting services, in addition to those already present in the title (9 pt).

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INTRODUCTION (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

The introduction must contain (in sequence) a general background, a state of the art as a basis for statements of scientific novelty from articles, statements of scientific novelty, and research problems or hypotheses. At the end of the introduction, the purpose of the article review must be written. In the format of scientific articles, the literature review is not permitted as in the research report, but is manifested in the form of a state-of-the-art study to show the scientific novelty of the article.

METHOD (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

The flow of research should be presented in this section complete with captions. Image captions placed as part of the image title (figure caption) are not part of the picture. The methods used in completing the study are written in this section. Basically, this section describes the way the research was done. The main materials must be written here: (1) research design; (2) population and samples; (3) sample collection techniques and instrumental development; and (4) data analysis techniques. The specification and type of tools and materials must be written in case the researches have been conducted by using them. The qualitative research, such as classroom action research, case studies, and so forth, need to mention the researcher attendance, research subject, and participated



informants, as well as the methods used to explore the data, research location, research duration, and the description of research results validation.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

In this section, the results of research are explained, and at the same time, a comprehensive discussion is given. Results can be presented in figures, graphs, tables, and others that make the reader understand easily. Figures 1 and Table 1 are presented on the left, as shown below, and cited in the manuscript.

Table 1. Learning outcome

No	Scor	Category
1	80-100	Excellent
2	66-79	Good
3	56-65	Enough

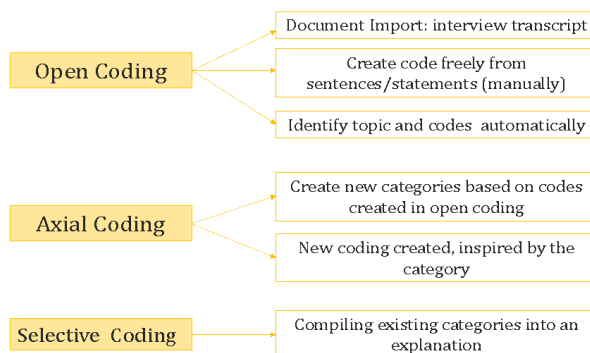


Figure 1. Stages of the coding process

The scientific findings must be explained scientifically, including: What scientific findings were obtained? Why did that happen? Why are trend variables like that? All these questions must be explained scientifically, not only descriptive, if necessary, supported by adequate scientific basis phenomena. In addition, it should also be explained in comparison with the results of other researchers who are almost the same topic. The results of the research and findings must be able to accommodate the research objectives in the introduction.

CONCLUSION (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

Provide a statement of what is expected, as stated in the "INTRODUCTION" section, which can ultimately result in the "RESULTS AND DISCUSSION" section, so there is compatibility. Moreover, it can also be added the prospect of the development of research results and application prospects of further studies into the next (based on results and discussion).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

This section can be written in case there are certain parties need to be acknowledged, such as research sponsors. The acknowledgment must be written in brief and clear. In addition, avoid hyperbole acknowledgment.

REFERENCES (10pt, Bookman Old Style)

All references referred to in the text of the article must be registered in the References section. The bibliography must contain reference libraries originating from



primary sources (scientific journals and amounting to a minimum of 80% of the total bibliography) published in the last 10 (ten) years. All references should be to the most pertinent, up-to-date sources and the minimum of references are 25 entries (for original research paper). Use of a tool such as EndNote, Mendeley, or Zotero for reference management and formatting. . Please use a consistent format for reference. The format of writing used in the BaEJ is in accordance with the format of the APA (American Psychological Association).