Equity Literacy & the Middle Grades Competencies

Young Adolescent Growth & Development	Ability to Recognize even the subtlest biases and inequities	Ability to Respond to biases and inequities in the immediate term	Ability to Redress biases and inequities in the long term	Ability to Create and Sustain bias-free and equitable classrooms, schools, and institutional cultures
Questions to ask	Where do subtle biases show up in interactions in my classroom? What deficit views and language do I notice?	What will I say when I hear/see bias in my classroom? How might I develop students' skills to recognize and respond to bias and inequity in the classroom (and beyond)?	How do I advocate against inequitable practices in my classroom and in my school? What evidence of culturally responsive and developmentally responsive teaching practices can be seen in my classroom?	Do all of my students feel like I have high expectations for them? How can I create a classroom where equitable interactions are the norm and inequitable behaviors are challenged?
Actions to take	Take an implicit bias test (or 5!) to make you more aware of the biases that you hold. Ask a colleague to observe your classroom and look for implicit bias and deficit language generally or specifically (ie. do I call on boys and girls equally).	Prepare for the inevitable: develop your own responses to bias and deficit language in the classroom. Check your vocabulary and views for deficit language and thinking. Practice using asset-based language and thinking.	Create opportunities for students to discuss bias, equity, and identity in advisory. Get to know your students well!	Consider the "needs, challenges, and barriers experienced by students who are from marginalized groups" in every decision about your classroom. Seek feedback from your students on your classroom culture. What suggestions do they have for making it a place where ALL students feel welcome and valued?

Developed by <u>Jeanie Phillips</u> for the <u>Middle Grades Institute</u>, inspired by Paul Gorski's <u>Equity Literacy for Educators: Definition and Abilities</u>
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Equity Literacy & the Middle Grades Competencies

Middle Grades Curriculum, Instruction, Assessment	Ability to Recognize even the subtlest biases and inequities	Ability to Respond to biases and inequities in the immediate term	Ability to Redress biases and inequities in the long term	Ability to Create and Sustain bias-free and equitable classrooms, schools, and institutional cultures
Questions to ask	Who is represented in my curriculum, texts, materials, content? Who isn't? Do ALL students have a voice in my curriculum design?	How can I expand my perspective so that I can more easily spot and address bias in curriculum, instruction, and assessment? Who are my allies in this work?	What about teaching about sexism, poverty, racism, ableism, transphobia, and heterosexism makes me uncomfortable? How might I become more comfortable addressing these topics? What community organizations can I partner with as I engage in equity work?	What inequities do my students face in their lives? How might I take a stand? How might my students address inequity and bias locally and globally?
Actions to take	Do a curriculum audit to identify bias and gaps in representation. Collaborate with your colleagues so that they can help you spot bias and gaps in your curriculum.	Revise your curriculum to address bias and fill gaps in representation. Teach your students to take a critical stance as they evaluate books and other media for bias and inequity.	Teach about bias, equity, and social identity in class. Move beyond celebrating diversity by working with students to face bias and inequity head-on in your school and community. Actively work to identify and remove barriers for your students.	Use higher-order pedagogies such as project-based learning and service-learning to address inequity and bias in meaningful ways. Incorporate music, art, theater, and movement across the curriculum.

Equity Literacy & the Middle Grades Competencies

Middle Grades Philosophy and School Organization	Ability to Recognize even the subtlest biases and inequities	Ability to Respond to biases and inequities in the immediate term	Ability to Redress biases and inequities in the long term	Ability to Create and Sustain bias-free and equitable classrooms, schools, and institutional cultures
Questions to ask	Am I able to communicate well with ALL families? If not, what gets in the way? Where is there bias embedded (even unintentionally) in my school policies, procedures, and culture?	How will I respond when I become aware that a policy is biased or inequitable? How will I develop agency in my students so that they have the skills to respond to bias and inequity?	Does my school celebrate diversity rather than address inequity? How might my school schedule, governance structure, or policies be leveraged to address systemic bias and inequity?	Does my school homework policy take into account the levels of access to resources that students have? How might my school policies and practices be insensitive to the needs, challenges, and barriers experienced by students and families from marginalized groups?
Actions to take	Collaborate as a school to examine your policies and procedures for bias and deficit views/language. Ask community members (especially those from marginalized groups) to help! Collect data: who is impacted by policies and procedures? Look for disproportionality.	Speak up when you hear deficit language/views. This resource is super helpful to help you call out bias while calling in the person. Collaborate with your colleagues: discuss how bias and deficit thinking shows up in your school and how to address it.	Advocate against tracking and other practices that create and sustain inequity. Seek out and attend professional development opportunities that help you meet the needs of ALL students, especially those from marginalized groups.	Propose revisions to policies and procedures that are biased and inequitable.