**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIAPRESIDENTS' OFFICE**

**REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

**KEMEBOS SECONDARY SCHOOL**

**FORM FOUR PRE- NECTA JOINT EXAMINATION**

# CIVICS
## (For Both School and Private Candidates)

TIME 3:00 HRS **OCTOBER** 2025

**Instructions**

1. This paper consists of three sections A, B and C with a total of eleven (11) questions.
2. Answer **all** questions in the sections A and B and **two (02)** questions from section C.
3. Section **A** carries **sixteen (16)** Marks, section **B** carries **fifty four (54) Marks**, and section **C** carries **thirty (30) marks.**
4. All answers must be written in blue or black and use pencil in drawing wherever necessary
5. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room.

**SECTION A (16 MARKS)**
**Answer all questions in this section**

1. For each of the items (i)-(x); choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives and write its letter in the box provided

i) A certain traffic officer was noted saying that ‘’new drivers should undergo throughout medical examination and tested and only those that are in good health and qualify should be giving licenses’’ what was said by the traffic police is

A. Consequences of not obeying road sign

B. Method of prevention of road accidents

C. Effects of road accident

D. Methods of helping people with disabilities, children, young and elderly to cross the road.

E. Telling only the truth

ii) Some tribe’s in Tanzania strictly prohibit their members to eat certain food believing that if they curse will fall on them. What term in culture is portrayed?

A. Customs

B. Beliefs

C. Norms

D. Taboos

E. Values

iii) Assume that your family is experiencing poverty and your among of the family on- power present two things you will ensure that are performed order to alleviation the problems.

A. Stealing and spending wisely

B. Taking loans and beginning

C. Working hard and spending wisely

D. Praying hard and begging

E. Working hard and Taking loans

iv) Mwandi cannot access food, material care, clothes, basic needs, education and shelter that means Mwandi is facing

A. Relative poverty

B. Rural and urban poverty

C. Absolute poverty

D. Situation poverty

E. Economic poverty

v) Courtship is important because is the period

A. Joy and love

B. Avoids HIV/ AIDS

C. Initiating for boys and girls

D. Preparation for marriage

E. Joy and unity

vi) ‘’No culture belongs to individual, it rather belongs to single community and not to any single human being’’ what can you comment as far the characteristics of culture are concerned basing on the above statement/

A. Culture is dynamic

B. Culture is complex

C. Culture is shared

D. Culture is adaptive

E. Culture is learned

vii) Self dependence is an individual’s to make decision by him or herself. The following is not among of the attributes of a person with self- dependence.

A. Accept his or her ability

B. Clarify his or her value

C. Have self identity

D. Develop dependent decision making

E. Practice independent decision making

viii) Stress is among of great challenges facing the today's people. The following are some hindrace factors of the strategies management activities and attributes

A. Managing time

B. Living an organised life

C. Having pessimistic behaviour

D. Finding a social support system

E. Exercising and leisure

ix) Most of the young people are affected by peer pressure. The following is not among of the strategies for managing peer pressure

A. Paying attention to values

B. Having a conversation

C. Getting supporting from others

D. Being thoughtful

E. Communicating with age mates

x) The national constitution of Tanzania has its principles. There are seven principles of constitutional principles, one of them is

A. Sovereignty of political party

B. Separation of power

C. Respect of union of the republic of Tanzania

D. Supremacy of the prime minister

E. Independence of the media

2. Match each item in **COLUMN A** with a correct response in **COLUMN** B by writing its letter below

| COLUMN A | COLUMN B |
|---|---|
| i) The value of goods produced and services provided in the country | A. Population growth |
| ii)The average number of year an expected to live in a give country | B. Literacy rate |
| iii)The extent at which people in a given country can count, read and write | C. Per capital income |
| iv) The number of death in a particular population in a given country | D. Life expectancy |
| v) The extent which number of people increase in a given area in a country | E. Gross domestic product |
| vi) The measure of amount of income per person in a specific period of time | F. Maternal mortality rate |
| | G. Gross national product |
| | H. Mortality rate |

**SECTION B (54 MARKS)**

**Answer all questions from this section**

3. a) Witchcraft is a genetic term that includes practical realities. It can be applied by a witch, sorcerer, or witchdoctor. But, witchcraft is neither an ‘’art’’ nor a ‘’craft’’ but a mysterious power that resides in human beings. In the African conception, such power spreads to all areas of life such as political, social and economic organisation. Indeed, there is no African culture however small and in significant, the power and influence of witchcraft is missing.

Beliefs in witchcraft have had negative effects to the lives of people. For example killing of elderly women with red eyes and people with albinism were needed by witches as part of human sacrifice among miners to obtain gold and become rich. Likewise children are facing the same fate simply because their body organs were believed by witches to be a source of wealth and protection against calamities. The list of damages caused by the belief in witchcraft practices has caused loss of life, social conflicts, family misunderstanding and insecurity among others.

QUESTIONS

i) Provide a suitable title for this passage

ii) What motivates some individuals to kill people with albinism?

iii) Why it is that witchcraft is deep rooted in nearly all African societies?

iv) Explain the impact brought by witchcraft according to the passage

v) Why is witchcraft not an art or craft?

b) The government of Tanzania is now focusing on the strengthening the industrial economy in order to reduce the importation of foreign goods and extend internal market. As one of the stakeholders, propose five strategies that can be employed to speed up the industrial economy in Tanzania

4. a) Despite of good human rights records in the country , Tanzania still suffer from the problem of human rights abuse. Verify this statement by giving five points

b) Assume you are the member of Amnesty international, explain to a community by giving five points, why the government of Tanzania and other organisation put the efforts to promote and protect the human rights in the country?

5. a) The student of **KEMEBOS** secondary want to know how the judiciary of Tanzania is working to serve the people’s needs. As an officer in charge in judicial system show how this organ perform its Function

b) . ‘’There is no any benefits we are getting from the local government authorities rather than existence of abuse of power to the leader’’ this statement was said by the Ulongoni villagers. Assume you are the village executive officer in that village; use six points to educate the villagers on the important effects of having local government authorities in Tanzania

6. a) Among other things, civil societies in Tanzania contribute to the socio-economic development in the country. In less than five points asses the features of these organisations in Tanzania

b) Some people fail to calmness on handling challenges and problems due to the lack of self-worth to themselves. In the light of this statement briefly explain why people fail to solves those challenges

7. a) Mathias lived in Tanzania illegally for two years now. There are some problems that he is facing. You as citizen of Tanzania, justify five harmful conditions that Mathias face as a result of violating the law of our country.

b) Assume you have given chance to select special people from a certain population, with reasons give five (05) groups of people who will be affected with the task given.

8. a) Your village government is experiencing the difficulties in making proper decisions concerning various development issues in the village. How would you help the village government to improve decision making process? Give five points.

b) Good morals among the youth in a community are the basic foundations for the national development in the country’’ in the light of this statement, give five points to explain the criteria for the testing the degree of proper behaviour among the youth in Tanzania.

**SECTION C (30 MARKS)**
**Answer only two (02) questions from this section**

9. Cultural values may be productive or destructive to some people. Show any six (06) positive aspects of cultural values practised in Tanzania

10. The form four student of Kigogo fresh secondary school organised a tour to visit the national electoral commission (NEC). They wanted to know its function and responsibilities. Assume you were the officer in charge, elaborate six functions you will explain to the students

11. ‘’Some societies in Tanzania pressurise the widow inheritance after the death of her husband’’ this statement was said by chairperson of U.B.N when he homiletic the congress of women in Julius Nyerere Convention Centre at Dar es salaam. As among of the member who attend the congress, provide six (06) driving factors for the practice of this traditional culture