

I1: The phones making up a morpheme don't have to be contiguous

Lakhota verbs

lówan 'he sings' => wa-lówan 'I sing'
núwe 'he swims' => wa-núwe 'I swim'
káge 'he does/makes' => wa-káge 'I do/make'
máni 'he walks' => ma-wá-ni 'I walk'
aphé 'he hits' => a-wá-phe 'I hit'
hoxpé 'he coughs' ho-wé-xpe 'I cough'

I2: The form of a morpheme doesn't have to consist of phones

Lango (a Nilo-Saharan language of Uganda). These examples are all different inflected forms of the verb 'to stop'. They all agree with a first person singular subject ('I'), but differ in their aspect.⁵ The only difference between the first two forms is in the tone associated with the final syllable.

àgíkò 'I stop (something), perfective'
àgíkô 'I stop (something), habitual'
àgíkkò 'I stop (something), progressive'

What page is that:

https://www.w3.org/community/ontolex/wiki/Specification_of_Requirements/Morphology

Is there a common procedure for creating OntoLex modules?