Reading Instructional Strategies

Building Background	 Share an image or video related to the topic with focus question(s) and discussion.
Knowledge	question(s) and discussion.
2. Building Comprehension	 A. Post a visual organizer with focus questions to guide reading and/ or to guide students to make sense of concepts: K-W-L to support pre-reading and See-Think-Wonder to record observations during learning. B. Chunk the text intentionally into manageable sections and show one section at a time. C. Ask guiding questions for reading each paragraph. D. Simplify text words and sentences. E. Have students observe & discuss pictures. F. Provide visual or concrete prompts to support comprehension of text. G. Pause to discuss key terms, ideas and questions, and check for understanding. H. Highlight patterns, critical features, big ideas and relationships; I. Model visualizing strategies: a. Shared Visualize, draw c. Visualizing with Senses J. Model synthesizing of key ideas from informational text. K. Rereading: read aloud a text for enjoyment and then reread to focus on specific science content. L. Sketch to Stretch: students stop to reflect on the text and draw the images they visualize in their minds during the reading; use pencils to show focus on showing ideas, not creating art; M. Stop and Jot: students stop and think about the reading, and then jot down a thought–something they've learned, are wondering about, or what they expect to learn next. N. Using Features of Nonfiction: model predicting using

	cover picture and title, using table of contents;
3. Read Aloud Strategies	 A. Read with expression: practice reading aloud beforehand; make eye contact with students every now & then as you read; B. Read slowly enough that your students have time to build mental images of what you are reading; C. Pause after reading about a key concept to let it sink in, then reread that part. D. Share the pictures to help students connect with and comprehend the text. E. Encourage interaction: record students' questions or new information; have students write comments or questions on sticky notes; do "Turn & Talk" during read aloud; stop reading, ask question, allow thinking time, and have students share answers with a partner. F. Model reading strategies before, during, and/or after reading: questioning, making connections, visualizing, inferring, determining importance, and synthesizing;
4. Customizing a Learner's Access to Materials	 A. Offer text based features in an auditory format; B. Offer synchronous read-alouds, text to speech, highlighting important information or features, multimedia glossary, etc. C. Offer videos or illustrations to accompany text.
5. Use Home Language as a Resource for MLLs/ELLs	 A. Support translation using digital tools like. Google Docs

Resources:

3 Effective Reading Comprehension Strategies Parents Can Try at Home

https://educationandbehavior.com/how-to-use-chunking-in-reading/

See, Think, Wonder

https://thinkingpathwayz.weebly.com/seethinkwonder.html

<u>Top 20 Visualization Activities for Reading with your Students</u>

https://www.teachingexpertise.com/classroom-ideas/visualization-activity/

Using Graphic Organizers with ELLs

https://www.colorincolorado.org/article/using-graphic-organizers-ells