

United States History (Abeka) Ch 4-6

Study Guide

The test will be in the following format:

19 multiple choice questions (1 points each)

17 Write correct answer in the blank (2 points each)

24 Matching (1-2 points each)

1 Essay (10 points)

NOTE: The test is not in the exact order as this study guide.

- What agreement showed the spiritual decline of New England?
- Who helped Jonathan Edwards produce the Great Awakening?
- Which learning institutions were founded as a result of the Great Awakening?
- What theory says the colony exists for the benefit of the mother country?
- Which act laid down the basic laws of trade from 1650-1696?
- What is the name of the person who spoke out against the Sugar Act?
- Who became the new Hanover king in 1760?
- Who is given credit for organizing the Sons of Liberty?
- Which act prohibited settlement past the Appalachian Mountains?
- What act was so effectively boycotted it was soon repealed?
- Who (as a young Irishman) defended the colonial cause in Parliament?
- Which act forced the colonists to house British soldiers?
- Which act halved the tax on raw sugar?
- Who became the new Chancellor of the Exchequer and caused another crisis with the colonies?
- Who was the leader of the Green Mountain Boys?
- Where was the shot heard round the world fired?
- Who were the British generals that were of mention in the textbook?
- Who were the riders that warned of the British advance on Lexington?
- Where did the First and Second Continental Congress meet? (city)
- Which act stopped all trade with the colonies?
- What were the German mercenaries King George III hired called?
- What general surrendered to General Gates at Saratoga?
- Where did Washington and his troops camp during the winter of 1777-1778?

- Where did General Cornwallis surrender to General Washington?
- What battle was the turning point of the war?
- What American hero seized two forts along the Hudson River?
- Who captained the *Bonhomme Richard*?
- Where did Washington capture nearly 1,000 Hessian troops on 12/25/1776?
- Who proposed the resolution for independence?
- Who led the committee that drafted the Declaration of Independence?
- Which European country was our best ally during the War for Independence?
- Where did the British surrender to end the War for Independence?
- Who captured the frontier outposts of Kaskaskia and Vincennes?
- Who was known as the "Fighting Quaker"?
- Who was called the "Swamp Fox"?
- What did the Europeans call the French and Indian War?
- Name the 1754 plan by Ben Franklin to unify the colonies.

KNOW THESE PEOPLE:

- is the general who won the Battle of Oriskany.
- is the French general who reinforced Washington's army at Yorktown.
- is the patriot who was hanged for spying.
- was a Polish Jewish financier.
- was the patriot who captured Fort Ticonderoga.
- was a Prussian drillmaster.
- was a French aide to Washington.
- was a general who originally led British troops in Boston.
- was the general who conquered Philadelphia.

KNOW THE YEARS OF THE BATTLES OR EVENT:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Saratoga | Proclamation Line | Boston Massacre |
| First Continental Congress | Declaration of Independence | |
| Stamp Act Congress | Boston Tea Party | Yorktown |
| Second Continental Congress | Treaty of Paris | |

ESSAY:

Be able to explain why the American War for Independence was not a rebellion. You will be expected to use complete sentences and write in paragraph format.