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NEW THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL CONTRIBUTION OF THE THESIS

Thesis title: ***Barriers to access to the social security system for migrant workers in Ho Chi Minh City***

Major: Economics

Specialization code: N17702008.

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Batch: 17

The research is completed at the University of Economics and Law, Vietnam National University, in HCM City.

Academic supervisor: Associate Professor Do Phu Tran Tinh

A summary of original theoretical and practical contributions and new findings from the research study of the thesis:

1. Theoretical contribution

The thesis re-systematizes (inherited and expanded) the theoretical foundation relating to impediments to access to social security, health care, social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance. The thesis focuses on four types of obstacles: institutional barriers, supply-side barriers, demand-side barriers, and cognitive barriers for migrant workers. Based on the analysis, the thesis creates an analytical framework for migrant workers' access to social security and health insurance.

2. Practical contribution

First, secondary data analysis revealed that institutional barriers in Ho Chi Minh City, including policy regulation at the macro level and policy implementation at the local level, have contributed to restricting the access of migrant workers to social security in Ho Chi Minh City. HCM.

Second, using actual survey data, the author generalized the image of the present situation of social security access for migrant workers and their appraisal of the constraints that impede their access to social security. The findings

revealed that only 71,5% of migrant workers were covered by unemployment insurance, 80,3% participated in social insurance, and 93,2% participated in health insurance, but only 26% of migrant workers benefited from social insurance, 33% from unemployment insurance, and 73% from health insurance policies.

Third, the thesis presented evidence from quantitative research on the barriers to health insurance access of migrant workers, demonstrating that the barriers hindering migrant workers' access to health insurance do not come from household registration but rather from institutional barriers and internal barriers to migrant workers through cognitive barriers and demand-sided barriers.

Fourth, based on the aforementioned study findings, the thesis has produced macro solutions and solutions with local authorities to reduce obstacles to migrant workers' access to social security in the future.

Signature of Author

Nguyen Thanh Huyen