ARTICLE TITLE

ARTICLE SUBTITLE

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Campus name or Institutions	**Campus name or Institutions**	**Campus name or Institutions**

Abstract (In English). *A single paragraph of about 200 words maximum. For research articles, abstracts should give a pertinent overview of the work. We strongly encourage authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, but without headings: (1) Background: Place the question addressed in a broad context and highlight the purpose of the study; (2) Methods: Describe briefly the main methods or treatments applied; (3) Results: Summarize the article's main findings; and (4) Conclusions: Indicate the main conclusions or interpretations. The abstract should be an objective representation of the article, it must not contain results which are not presented and substantiated in the main text and should not exaggerate the main conclusions.*

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3 (List three to ten pertinent keywords specific to the article; yet reasonably common within the subject discipline.)

Abstract (In Bahasa). *A single paragraph of about 200 words maximum. For research articles, abstracts should give a pertinent overview of the work. We strongly encourage authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, but without headings: (1) Background: Place the question addressed in a broad context and highlight the purpose of the study; (2) Methods: Describe briefly the main methods or treatments applied; (3) Results: Summarize the article's main findings; and (4) Conclusions: Indicate the main conclusions or interpretations. The abstract should be an objective representation of the article, it must not contain results which are not presented and substantiated in the main text and should not exaggerate the main conclusions.*

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3 (List three to ten pertinent keywords specific to the article; yet reasonably common within the subject discipline.)

1. INTRODUCTIONS

The introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight why it is important. It should define the purpose of the work and its significance. The current state of the research field should be reviewed carefully and key publications cited. Please highlight controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Finally, briefly mention the main aim of the work and highlight the principal conclusions. As far as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible to scientists outside your particular field of research. References should be cited as (Aranceta-Bartrina 2019a; Aranceta-Bartrina 2020b), (Baranwal and Munteanu [2019] 1920), (Berry and Smith 2019), (Cojocaru et al. 2020) or Driver et al. (2020). See the end of the document for further details on references.

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2. METHOD

Methods should be described with sufficient details to allow others to replicate and build on published results. Please note that publication of your manuscript implicates that you must make all materials, data, computer code, and protocols associated with the publication available to readers. Please disclose at the submission stage any restrictions on the availability of materials or information. New methods and protocols should be described in detail while well-established methods can be briefly described and appropriately cited.

3. RESEARCH

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted in perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted.

3.1. SUB-SUBSECTION

Bulleted lists look like this:

A. Number List

B. Number List

C. Number List

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

- Bullet List
- Bullet List

4. RESULT

This section is not mandatory but can be added to the manuscript if the discussion is unusually long or complex.

5. CONCLUSION

This section may be divided by subheadings. It should provide a concise and precise description of the experimental results, their interpretation as well as the experimental conclusions that can be drawn.

REFERENCES

References must be arranged in alphabetical order of the first author in the Reference list and listed individually at the end of the manuscript. We recommend preparing the references with a bibliography software package, such as EndNote, Mendeley, Reference Manager or Zotero to avoid typing mistakes and duplicated references. Include the digital object identifier (DOI) for all references where available.

Citations and References in Supplementary files are permitted provided that they also appear in the reference list here.

(Aranceta-Bartrina 1999a) Aranceta-Bartrina, Javier. 1999a. Title of the cited article. Journal Title 6: 100–10.

(Aranceta-Bartrina 1999b) Aranceta-Bartrina, Javier. 1999b. Title of the chapter. In Book Title, 2nd ed. Edited by Editor 1 and Editor 2. Publication place: Publisher, vol. 3, pp. 54–96.

(Baranwal and Munteanu [1921] 1955) Baranwal, Ajay K., and Costea Munteanu. 1955. Book Title. Publication place: Publisher, pp. 154–96. First published 1921 (optional).

(Berry and Smith 1999) Berry, Evan, and Amy M. Smith. 1999. Title of Thesis. Level of Thesis, Degree-Granting University, City, Country. Identification information (if available).

(Cojocaru et al. 1999) Cojocaru, Ludmila, Dragos Constatin Sanda, and Eun Kyeong Yun. 1999. Title of Unpublished Work. Journal Title, phrase indicating stage of publication.

(Driver et al. 2000) Driver, John P., Steffen Röhrs, and Sean Meighoo. 2000. Title of Presentation. In Title of the Collected Work (if available). Paper presented at Name of the Conference, Location of Conference, Date of Conference.