لجنة مبحث اللغة الانجليزية ـ رفح

Enrichment material

Grade 8

Training Material

First Semester

مادة تدريبية للصف الثامن

اختباران لكل وحدة ـ مقرر الفصل الأول

مشرف المبحث

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Unit 1 Exam A

Q1: Read the following text, then answer the questions:

'There are lots of bad TV programmes, but the weather forecasts are good. <u>We</u> get bad hurricanes here in America, and they're getting worse. But modern satellites are collecting better information on their speed and direction, and forecasts are getting better. So we understand hurricanes better now, and we now know when and where <u>one</u> will arrive.'

1. What do the people in USA get?
2. What are modern satellites doing?
3. Answer with true (T) or False (F): a. There aren't a lot of bad TV. () b. Programmes are getting worse. () 4. What do the following words refer to: a. The pronoun we (line 2) b. one (line 4) 5. Find from the text:
a. The meaning of : strong storm
b. Two present continuous verbs :
Q2: Complete the following sentences from the box
phone serious hurricane grandma speed
1. This documentary is good but it's very
2. My friend Ahmad and I talk on the every week
3. Nadia's lives in Palestine
4. I have heard that huge is coming in our direction
Q3: Choose the correct verb tense and complete the following sentences:
1. Tina is on the phone . she
1. young 2. funny 3. never
4. ancient 5. ask 6. cheap 5. ask 1. sami and nadia are brother and sister
2. whatareyougoing to do next week

Unit 1 Exam B

= 1: Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

A 'There are lots of bad TV programmes, but the weather forecasts are good. We get bad hurricanes here in America, and they're getting worse. But modern satellites are collecting better information on their speed and direction, and forecasts are getting better. So we understand hurricanes better now, and we now know when and where one will arrive.' **B** 'We get Palestinian TV and hundreds of other satellite channels, too. Hanan and I love watching cartoons all day! That's bad, I know. But now Mum and Dad say we can only watch serious programmes like documentaries. We think that's bad, too!' C 'Like a lot of Moroccan people, my job is fishing, and my mobile is very important in my work. It's expensive, but I can now call different markets from my boat. That means I can find the best market for my fish and take them there. My mobile is giving my family a better life.' **D** 'Australian farms are big, and our parents like to stay in contact, so **they** have given us mobiles. But now we're calling and texting friends more and more, and Mum and Dad are getting angry. They say we're always on the phone when they want to talk – and we shouldn't be! ... Oh, someone's calling now. Excuse me!' 1. Match the paragraphs with the names of the speakers. A - B - C - D :Sameer and Hanan Qudsi, Palestine 2. :_____ Lyn and Mark Lomax , Australia 3. :_____ Ali Magrabi – Morocco : Anna Torres – the USA **Answer the following questions:** 2. What is happening to hurricanes? 3. Which do Sameer and Hanan like – cartoons or documentaries? 4. How is Ali's mobile giving his family a better life? 5. Why are Dad and Mum of Lyn and Mark getting angry? 6. Read and mark the sentences true (T) () or False (F) (X). 1. Mr and Mrs Qudsi think their children should watch cartoons, sports and serious programmes, too.(2. Ali gives his mobile to his family when he goes fishing.(3. Lyn's and Mark's mobiles are always busy because Mum and Dad are calling them more and more.(

7. The underlined pronoun **they** refers to :

[fishing - documentary - like - serious - speed] 1. **A-** That car is going very fast. **B**-You're right. It's travelling at a very high ______. 2. A- I've never heard Sameera laugh. **B-** Yes, she always looks very, very ! 3. **A-** Look at that huge lake. It looks the sea. **B-** Yes, and they say there are lots of fish, so let's go . = 3: (A)Write the opposite of each word . You can find the opposites in the passage 1.old: 5. leave: 2. answer:______ 6. funny:____ 3. ancient:_______7. cheap:______ 4. better:_______ 8. never:______ (B)Complete the sentences. Use pairs of opposites from =(A). (4 points) 1. **A** This documentary is good but it's very ______. I'm bored! **B** We can change and watch some cartoons. They'll be 2. A What time do you _____ home to go to school? **B** At about 7:20, and I always at school at about 7:45. = 4: Use the present simple to correct the verbs between the brackets: 1. Samah (talk) with me every day. 2. I (**drinks**) milk in the morning . 3. The teacher often (give) us tests. 4. The sun (rise) in the east. = 5. Complete the sentences with verbs in the brackets. Use the (present simple or present continuous). 1. Tina is on the phone. She ____ to Nadia because they a school project together. (talk, do) his friends online in the evening, and they often 2. Sami always _____

= 2: Complete the sentences with words from the list below.

about football. (meet, chat)

1. Ali (eat) now.
2. Farmers (harvest) olives these days.
3. What is Mona doing? She (write).
4. The children (play) at this moment.
5. Look, the girls (dance) happily.
6. Listen, the baby (cry).
= 7:(A) Number the sentences in the correct order.
()They started there a year ago when they first arrived in Britain.
() He is 14 and she is 13, but they are in the same year at Westhill School.
() But they speak the language well now, and so life is much easier.
()Life <u>there</u> was difficult at that time because their English was not very good.
(1)Sami and Nadia Kamal are brother and sister.
(B)What do the underlined words refer to ?
a-she:b-there:
C- Complete the email with your information:Noha
My name is
I'm

= 6 : Correct the verbs.

Unit 2 Exam A

Part One: Reading

1. Read the following passage then answer the questions.

Music is at the heart of life. We dance to music and music tells our feelings. It can even make us feel better when we are sick. <u>It</u> is ancient. Thousands of years ago, people used to sing folk songs about <u>their</u> simple lives. And from these came much modern music, for example, rock music.

Classical Arab music developed many centuries ago from the folk music of many cultures and from their poems. People used to put these to music, so singing was very important – and still is. People love great singers like Oum Kalthoum and Farid Al-Atrash.

Α.	Read and answer the questions.
1.	What did folk singers sing about long ago?
2.	What two things did classical Arab music develop from? A.
	В
В.	Read and write(T) the true sentences.
a.	Folk music started a long way back in history. ()
	Singers and singing are not very important in Arab music. ()
C.	Find from the passage:
a.	The <u>opposite</u> : <u>death</u> <u>modern</u>
b.	The meaning: improved ill:
c.	The pronouns refers to : <u>It</u> <u>their</u>
	<u>Vocabulary</u>
2.	Complete these sentences from the box. Make any changes needed
	poem pizza musical culture song
1.	Can you learn to play a instrument at your school?
2.	Palestinian is very different from the way we do things in Britain.
3.	Perhaps he'll sing some
4.	I'd love a with lots of cheese and tomato and olives.
5	Llove the of Mahmoud Darwish

	work /	worker	write / writer
1. A: O	mar and Khalid are good		
B: Tl	hey always come at the right time	every morning, and	hard
2. A: W	hat kinds of stories do you	?	
B: I'1	m not that kind of	All my books are abou	ut science.
Clas	ssify the following :- Rock - Pizza - guitar - s	sfeeha - classic - dr	um - o'ud - kebab
	Music instrument	Food	Types of music
		<u>Language</u>	
1. Use	(can – can't – could – could	n't)	
1. I can	make kebabs, but I	cook a big meal.	
2. When	n he was two, he could walk, but h	ne	. run.
2. Put t	the verbs in the correct forn	1	
1. The i	new teacher fr	iendly. (look)	
2. It is v	very hot today. I	hot. (feel)	
3. My r	nother is cooking. This	delicious. (sme	ell)
		Writing	
	nrrang the following. d - watch - Tina - to - didn'	4 Films 4	

Punctuate the following.sami likes to listen to quran

2. where did you used to go on friday

.....

Unit 2 Exam B

Q1: Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Musician changes feeling. It changes feelings, too. It can make us sad and it can make us happy. Classical Arab music developed many centuries ago from the folk music of many cultures and from their poems. People used to put these to music, so singing was very important – and still is. People love great singers like Oum Kalthoum and Farid Al-Atrash

a	. What car	n music make u	s?			
b	. When di	d classical music	c develop?	•••••		
	a. Peoplb. MusicFind outa. The c	with "true (T)" e don't like great c can't make us sa from the text: opposite of "hate oronoun "it" refer	singers. (ad. ())		
<u>Q2:</u>	Complete t	the following ser	<u>ıtences from</u>	the box below	<u>v:</u>	
		centuries	instrumen		sounds cultu	
2 3 4	Classical The mode	Arab music develo ern guitar develo tional Spanish m	elop many p from the usic	Ag		he 'oud
		t Sami (could) a	·			
		walk (√)			play football($$)	play chess(×)
		the following ser				
2	. When I w	b Del vas young, I used vas in USA, I cou	l to foo		(play / play	es / are tasting) ying / played) eaks / speaking)
				Writing		
	_	<u>he following.</u> Mahmoud - dr	river - drive	s - he carefull	y	
2. y	ou - know	- what - Darw	vish - do - a	about?		
		he following. ah are palestinia	n instrument			

Unit 3 Exam A

Hi! I'm Tony Ross. I'm working for Young Friends of Yosemite, and <u>my</u> group have been here for three weeks now. We're staying at a campsite in the mountains, and we have several jobs. Visitors come and go every day, and we clean and tidy up before the next people arrive. We also work in the woods and keep the paths safe. Since our group started working together, we've become great friends. We work hard together, and we also have fun together. Last Saturday, <u>we</u> went white water rafting, and I've never enjoyed myself so much in all my life!

1.	Read and answer the questions.
	a. What kinds of work are Tony doing?
	b. Where is he staying?
2.	Read and mark the statements true (T) () or False (F) ().
	a. Ross and his group have been in Yosemite for 21 days. ()
2	b. They make Yosemite safe and clean. ()
3.	Find in the text a. Meaning of: many daily
	b. Opposite of: leave dangerous
4.	The pronoun my refers to we
	Complete the sentences with words from the list.
2. (
	(far - trip – volunteers – waterfall – wildlife)
	1. Lions and tigers live in the
	2. How high is that? Very high! The water falls for fifty metres.
	3. The started work early yesterday morning.
	4. America is very but Jordan is near Palestine.
3. N	latch and write the opposites.
	(lowest – old – after – ugly)
	(lowest – old – after – ugly)
1. b	eautiful
4. J	oin words from the two boxes to form compounds.
	every foot home in water ball doors fall one work
	every foot home in water ball doors fall one work
1	
1	5
4	
5. (complete the sentences with words from the list.
	(since – for – ever – never – yet – already)
1	Lhave visited Eavet
	I have visited Egypt. Has Tony ridden a camel?
	I haven't seen Yosemite
	I have been here
	She has been ill five days

Unit 3 Exam B

1. Read and answer the questions below.

Yosemite is an amazing place. It has mountains, valleys, lakes, rivers and the highest waterfalls in America. The wildlife is amazing, too – most of all the huge trees. Some are 90 metres tall. When people started cutting down the trees and damaging this beautiful place, the United States decided to make Yosemite a National Park back in 1890. This has protected Yosemite since **then**, but people have become a problem again. For over a century, more and more visitors have arrived each year. **They** love the Park, but millions of cars and heavy feet badly damage it, too. So Yosemite still needs help, and thousands of young volunteers join together to give it every summer.

1.	Read and answer the questions.
	a. What is a Yosemite?
2.	Read and mark the statements true (T) () or False (F) (). a. When you go to a Yosemite, you feel happy. () b. We must keep the Yosemite clean. ()
3	Complete: Yosemite is an
	Find words in the text that mean: destroying
	Find words in the text that are opposite : small
	The pronoun <u>then</u> refers to
	Vocabulary
1.	Complete the sentences with words from the list.
	(campsite - join – volunteers – damage – wildlife - every)
	 Would you
1.	Complete with suitable verb tense:
	 I already my room (tidy up). Sarah (not finish) her lunch yet. They just (do) their home works. My mum and dad (not visit) London yet.
	5. We (see) them for four years.
	6. My father (drive) this car since 2010.

Correct the	e verbs between brack	ets.	
1. I	already	the wor	ork. (do)
2. I	tr	ainers and T-shirt	ts yet? (find)
1. Wri	te unscramble word	s:	
	• ceenartn:		• efliwidl:
	• pitr:		• amdaeg:
	• lantiona:		• ionj:
	• itespmca:		
2. Mat	tch the opposites ,the	n use them in th	he sentences below:
	utiful:		
2. Afte	er:	- .	
	y:		
	rt:		
5. Ligh	nt:	- .	
1. Please		ne this table is v	very,I can't move it . I can't jump . but this small wall is
	I can jump.	, -	court famp : out and small wan is
	<i>u</i> 1	ur hands	andyou eat you meal.
			on't like brown its
5. My m	num bough a	shirt for me it	t's very beautiful.
3. Join	the words in the box	xes and use ther	n to fill in the blanks :
	out - in - home - foot-	wild - water	fall –ball- doors - life - work - doors
1. I usi	ually watch TV after I	do	·
2. I lik	e very 1	much it's my fav	vorite sport.
3. I lik	e serious programs lik	e	programs, they shows us a lot about the
anin	nals life.		

4. In winter, I like to play ----- sports like tennis, but in summer

----sports are favorable like football.

5. In Yosemite there are a very high ----- it's huge.

5. Look ,ask and answer: Things to do on the morning before we go to the school

Get up and wash our hands and faces .	- 5:00—5-5 am
Pray	- 5:10 5 :20 am
Wear your uniform	- 5: 25 5: 40 am
Comb you hear	- 5: 50 6:00 am
Have breakfast	- 6:10 6: 20 am
Check your homework	- 6:30 6 :50 am
Go to the school	- 7:00 am

	Go to the school	- 7:00 am	
4:40 am :	have they got up yet?		
	No, they haven't.		
5:02 am	Have they got up yet?		
	Yes, they have just done that, but they h	naven't preyed yet.	
5:30 am : _			
5:55 am : _			
6:15 am : _			
6:55 am :			
0.33 am			
Have you a	answered the previous question?		

6. Choose three words and use them in a complete sentence :

1.cut down :
2.go hiking:
3. volunteer:
4 national :

Unit 4 Exam A

.Complete the sentences with the words from the list below. Make any changes needed .1

	go on	instead of	put on weigl	ht somet	hing awake		
 3. 	B: OK, OF A: I'm hur B: Well, th A: Did you B: Yes, we A: It's gett	u walk very for the service in the service was a service with the service was a service was a service with the service was a service was a service with the service was a service with the service was a service was a service was a service with the service was a service was	We're late! want th here, but I can ar yesterday? there isn't time to tha	all day	y! We were ve ng in town.	ry tired last nig	
	Ī	(Look a	t the verbs and	help	sleep	walk	em. (4 points .2
		ouns	answer	help	sleep	walk	
3.	A: Did Mu B: Yes, and A: I B: Ah, yes A: Thank	ineera d all her f f , that was a b you for all yo	or hours by the reautiful	ne questions were rig	in her test last ht! way to the wa _, wasn't it? _ on Monday _ very much	terfall.	dia. (points .3
2. 3.			t continuous. U	to schoo a lot of E	ol not far from new friends. (S English. (He	their new home She make) . learn)	e. (they go
	·		for		since		,
		th	e past month	my	last time her	e	
1. 2.	I			kfast since			. (wake up) . (not miss) out. (2 points .5
				You	?Sami feel	•	at should he do

You take this medicine .2 Unit 4 Exam B
Reading 1: Read the next conversation and answer the questions.
Sami is at the doctor's.
Doctor: What's wrong, Sami? You don't look very well.
Sami: You're right. I've been feeling quite sick for several weeks. And I've been getting tired quickly.
Doctor : Have you been sleeping badly for a long time, too?
Sami: Yes, I have. And I haven't been playing well for my football team recently.
Doctor : Have you been eating normally?
Sami :Well, no. I've been waking up late, and missing breakfast.
Doctor :So you've been going to school tired and hungry. And what have you been eating for lunch?
Sami :Just fries.
Doctor :Sami, fries are junk food! You need to start eating real food!
Doctor : And that includes fruit and vegetables.
Sami: Really?
Doctor : Yes. And you'd better read this book – Get fit and healthy. Do what it says, and then
come back next month.
Sami: Thanks. I'll do that. I mustn't lose my place in the team!
Answer the questions. 1. What has been happening to Sami recently?
2. What two things has he been doing badly?
3. What two things has he been doing wrong at the start of the day?
4. What kinds of food must he start eating?
Answer with (true (T) / False (F) . Correct the False (F) ones. 1-Sami has hurt himself in an accident. ()
(14)

2-The doctor gave Sami a medici	ne. ()
= 2 : Complete the sentences wi	th the words from the list below . Make any changes needed .
[go on - instead	of - put on weight - something - awake]
1. A- Wake up! Wake up! We're	late!
B- OK, OK, I'm	now. What time is it?
2. A- I'm hungry. I really want _	to eat!
B- Well, there isn't much here,	but I can give you a sandwich.
3. A -Did you walk very far yeste	erday?
B -Yes, we	all day! We were very tired last night.
4. A- It's getting late, and there i	sn't time to go shopping in town.
B- Well,	that, we can go to the small shop near home.
= 3: Complete the sentences ab	out Sami and Nadia.
Write about things that have been	happening since they moved to London.
1 They	to school not far from their new home. (they go)
2	a lot of new friends. (they make)
3	a lot of English. (they learn)
4	a project with her friend Tina. (she do)
= 4:Look at the verbs and noun	s. Complete the sentences with them.
Make any changes needed.	
Verbs: answer - help - sleep -	start - walk
Nouns: answer - help - sleep -	start - walk
1. A: Ali hasn't been	very well at night.
B:I think that's because he alv	vays has a in the afternoon!
2 .A: Did Muneera	all the questions in her test last week?
B:Yes, and all her	were right!
3. A: I for hour	rs by the river, all the way to the waterfall.
B:Ah, yes, that was a beautifu	1, wasn't it?
4 .A :Thank you for all your	on Monday.
	(15)

B :Oh, that's OK. I didn't really	very much.
= 5: Choose the correct answer.	
1- Deema : What should we have for dinner?	
You: What about (have - having - has) so	ome chicken?
2-Fuad: The doctor says I should (do - doing	g - does) more exercise.
3-A:I feel really ill.	
B: You had better not (going - go - goes)	to school today.
4- I have been feeling quite sick (since - just -	- for) several weeks.
= 6:Use the <u>present perfect continuous</u> to a one is an example .	sk and answer questions about the people. The first
Example: (talk) for hours /they	
Q: How long have they been talking?	
A :They've been talking for hours!	
1- (sleep) all day /he	
Q:	?
A:	
2- (cook) for two hours /she	
Q:	?
A:	
3- (watch) TV since 10:00/they	
Q:	?
A:	
4- (play) basketball since 11:30 /they	
Q:	?
A:	

Unit 5 Exam A

Reading

A. Read and answer the questions.

.Read the following passage then answer the questions .1

People have been playing team games since ancient times. People have always loved to be part of a great team, to compete their hardest with others, and to win, too. Games have changed. **They** have changed because now there are clear rules. These make Everything about a game clear to everyone

3.	Why have people always loved team games?
	. Read and tick () the true (T) sentences. Long ago, games used to have clear rules. ()
•	
d	:D. Find from the passage
	The <u>opposite</u> : <u>modern</u> The pronoun refer to : <u>They</u>
С.	Vocabulary
	.Complete these sentences from the box .1
	invented rule either practice
2. 3. 2- 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	A: It wasn't a very good game yesterday. Our team need to
	.Choose the correct answer .3
 2. 3. 4. 5. 	

7. Listen,, please. I have something to say. (everyone – someone – somewhere)
Unit 5 Exam B
Reading
1)-Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:-
"People have been playing team games since ancient times. That's because they have always loved to be part of a great team, to compete their hardest with others, and to win too. Games have changed. They have changed because now there are clear rules. In the past, games like football had no - rights and wrongs- and matches were not very safe. In 1863, players from different teams met, decided the rules together and invented the modern game. These rules helped to make football the world's favorite sport."
A)- Read and decide (T) or (F):-
1- Games have never changed. ()
2- The modern football was invented in 1863. ()
B)- Answer:-
1- Who decided the rules of football in 1863?
<u>C)- Complete:</u> 1- In the past, there were no and
<u>D)- Find in the passage :-</u>
a-The meaning of :- "such as " = " games " =
b-The opposite of:- dangerous " X
c- The pronoun " they " refers to:

d- Put a title to the passage: -----.

Vocab & Structures

1)-Finish the following sentences with words from the list :-

coach - invented - proud - kick - practice - compete

.Graham Bell ----- the telephone -1
.Parents are ----- of their children -2
?How far can you ----- the ball -3
.Good students always ----- to get the first grade -4
.The ----- tells the players what to do -5
.They lost the game. They need to ----- more-6

-Finish the following sentences with one of the words in the list.

training - proud - rules -everywhere

- 1. She looked for her bag but she didn't find it.
- 2. Your piano playing is not good, you need more
- 3. Sally is very of her excellent marks.
- 4. What are the football about touching the ball?

Complete the sentences with words from the list:

mine — yours — his — hers -ours — yours — theirs — our- her — my

- 1. You must use your own book, only
- 2. He usually cleans room before going to school.
- 3. Palestine is beautiful country.
- 4. Dana bought a new dress. Everyone likes
- 5. This ismobile. I'm sure it's mine.
- 6. Hey boys . Please take your bags. Just take.....
- 7. We should keep the room always clean because it's.....
- 8. The children always tell funny stories, I really like
- 9. This is my house. It's really
- 10. Fatima always looks after young brothers when mum is not home.

-Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Amal helps mum at home . Samar..... (does too do too doesn't too)
- 2. Salam studied for the exam. We..... (didn't either did too never do)
- 3. Hala won't come with us . Abeer (will too want too won't either)
- 4. Tamer has won a medal. His friends (has too- have too hasn't either)

1300	8940	200	1911	1565
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ifteen sixty five		Two	hundred	
Swenty twenty four		Thirt	een hundred	
Sixteen seventy		Thirt	y twenty	
Eighty nine forty	•••••	Ninet	teen eleven	
Nineteen twenty five		Twen	ty thirteen	
 schools are not just sameh ,hany and eh 			tore and ongrish	
Write about your over		. Use the express	sions and ideas	below:
First –Nex	xt- Finany- i nei	n – Aiter tnat		
_	y family iform to meet my frien	ids at school		
First – Nexthave breakfast with mreast on my school underget up at five o'clock pray Al fajjer - carry my bag and go	y family iform to meet my frien	ids at school		
First –Nexthave breakfast with mreast on my school underget up at five o'clockreater and fajjerrearry my bag and gorouring school times in the sch	y family iform to meet my frien I usually have wo	nds at school onderful morning		
First –Nexthave breakfast with mreast on my school underget up at five o'clockreater and fajjerrearry my bag and gorouring school times in the sch	y family iform to meet my frien I usually have wo	ids at school		