

MAT 182 – Homework 9
Sections 4.1 and 4.2

NAME _____

Directions: Show all work and write your final answer in the space provided.

1. Find an equivalent algebraic expression for $\cos(\arcsin(2x))$. 1. _____
2. Solve (in degrees): $\sin x = -1$ 2. _____
3. Solve $\cos x = -0.5478$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 3. _____
4. Solve $\sin x = -2/3$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 4. _____
5. Solve (in degrees): $\tan x - \sqrt{3} = 0$ 5. _____
6. Solve $\sin x = 0.1574$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 6. _____
7. Find an equivalent algebraic expression for $\tan(\arccos(x))$. 7. _____
8. Solve $\cos x = 6/7$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 8. _____
9. Solve (in degrees): $2\tan x = 0$ 9. _____
10. Solve $\tan x = 2.0417$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 10. _____
11. Solve $3\sin x + 10 = 7$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. 11. _____
12. Solve (in degrees): $-2\sin x + 1 = 0$ 12. _____
13. Solve $\tan x = -7/5$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 13. _____
14. Find an equivalent algebraic expression for $\sec(\arcsin(x))$. 14. _____
15. Solve $3\sin x + 6 = 5\sin x + 7$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. 15. _____

16. Solve $\cos x = -1.4327$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 16. _____
17. Solve (in degrees): $2\cos x + 1 = 0$ 17. _____
18. Solve $\sin x = 1/9$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 18. _____
19. Solve (in degrees): $2 \sin \sin x = \sqrt{2}$ 19. _____
20. Solve $\sin x = -0.2241$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. Round to the nearest tenth. 20. _____
21. Solve (in degrees): $-2 \cos \cos x - \sqrt{3} = 0$ 21. _____
22. Solve $3 \cos \cos x + \sqrt{12} = 5 \cos \cos x + \sqrt{3}$ in the interval $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$. 22. _____
23. Solve (in degrees): $\sqrt{3} \tan \tan x + 1 = 0$ 23. _____
24. Solve (in radians): $2\sqrt{3} \sin \sin x + 3 = 0$ 24. _____
25. Solve (in degrees): $\sqrt{2} \cos \cos x + 1 = 0$ 25. _____