
Title (Approx. 12-20 Words, Times New Roman 14 pt)

First Author ⁽¹⁾, **Second Author** ⁽²⁾, etc. (Times New Roman 12 pt, Bold)

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ABSTRAK

(Center, Bold, Times New Roman 11, All Caps)

Ilustrasi contoh teks abstrak. Ganti dengan teks abstrak. Jumlah kata dalam abstrak maksimal 200 kata. Abstrak yang Anda buat harus memberikan ringkasan singkat dari artikel Anda kepada pembaca. Ini harus, memuat uraian singkat mengenai masalah dan tujuan penelitian, metode yang digunakan, dan hasil penelitian. Tekanan penulisan abstrak terutama pada hasil penelitian. Abstrak ditulis dalam bahasa Indonesia dan Bahasa Inggris. Kata kunci perlu dicantumkan untuk menggambarkan ranah masalah yang diteliti dan istilah-istilah pokok yang mendasari pelaksanaan penelitian. Kata-kata kunci dapat berupa kata tunggal atau gabungan kata. Jumlah kata-kata kunci 3-5 kata. Kata-kata kunci ini diperlukan untuk komputerisasi. Pencarian judul penelitian dan abstraknya dipermudah dengan kata-kata kunci tersebut. (Times New Roman 10 pt, spasi 1)

Kata kunci: istilah 1; istilah 2; istilah 3 (Times New Roman 10 pt, spasi 1)

ABSTRACT

(Center, Bold, Italic, Times New Roman 11, All Caps)

Abstract text sample illustration. Replace with abstract text. The maximum number of words in the abstract is 200 words. Your abstract should provide readers with a brief summary of your article. This must contain a brief description of the research problem and objectives, the methods used, and the results of the research. Abstract writing pressure is mainly on research results. Abstracts are written in Indonesian and English. Keywords need to be included to describe the problem domain under study and the main terms that underlie the implementation of the research. Key words can be single words or word combinations. The number of key words 3-5 words. These keywords are required for computerization. Searching for research titles and abstracts is made easy with these keywords. (Times New Roman 10 pt, spasi 1)

Keywords: Keyword1; Keyword2; Keyword3 (Times New Roman 10 pt, spasi 1)

INTRODUCTION (Paragraph Title: Capital, Times New Roman 11, Bold)

The easiest way to write your paper to fit the format of writing the “Jurnal Ilmiah Teori Dan Aplikasi Statistika” (J Statistika) is to *copy-paste* your paper into this template. This template will be provided to you by the editor of the J Statistika, if your paper is declared to be published in the J Statistika, whether by revision or not. The length of manuscript is minimum 6 pages and maximum 10 pages using **English**. Scientific articles are written in *Times New Roman* letters 11 pt, space 1.15. *Page setup* for J Statistika is *Top and Bottom* = 2.5 cm, *Left and Right* = 3 cm, *Gutter* = 0". The orientation is Portrait with one column. Paper size is *a letter* with *Width* = 21.59 cm and *Height* = 27.94 cm. The layout is with *Header* = 1.25 cm and *Footer* = 1.54 cm. The vertical alignment is Top. The writing of references refers to the systematics of IEEE [1].

Introduction section contains the background of the research problem which explains in full the research topic, the chosen research problem and why to conduct research on the topic and problem and is supported by concepts, theories and research results from relevant and up-to-date literature sources

(Note: The decimal writing rules above are adapted to the writing rules in *Microsoft Word* that use "." as the decimal mark instead of ",")

METHOD

Research method explains research chronological, including research design, research procedure (in the form of algorithms, pseudocode or other related things), how to test, and data acquisition process. Any description related to research method should be supported by reference.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

This section explain the results of research and at the same time is given the comprehensive discussion. Results can be presented in figures, graphs, tables and others that make the reader understand easily. On each figure should be given a caption below the figure (Figure 1). The captions on the table are given above the table. Captions are written in lowercase letters except for the first character of each sentence. All figures should be numbered sequentially.

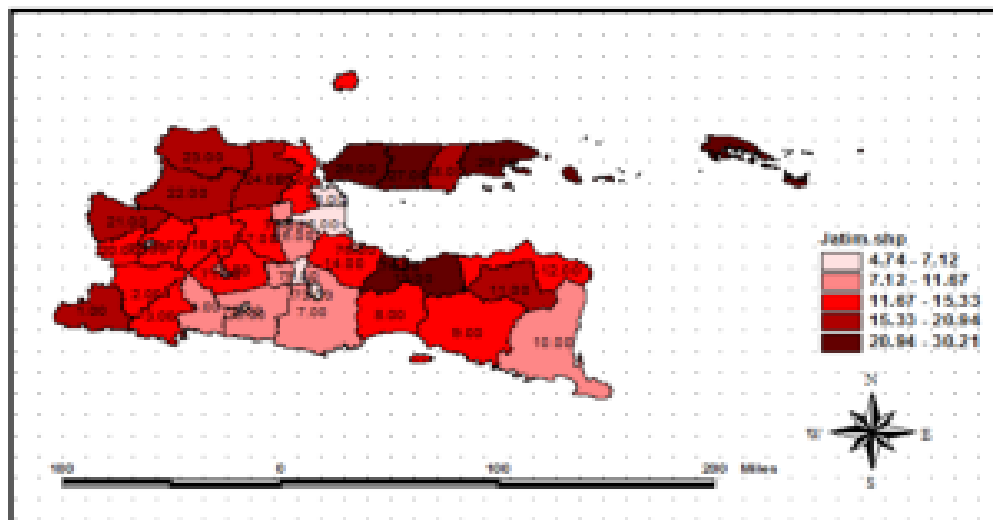


Figure 1. An example of figure caption

The caption in the table should be visible above the table.

Table 1. An example of table caption

Variable	Speed (rpm)	Power (kW)
x	10	8.6
y	15	12.4
z	20	15.3

Mathematical equations should be numbered sequentially and begin with (1) until the end of the paper. This numbering must begin and end with an opening bracket and a closing and right-aligned parenthesis. Add one blank line above and below the equation. The sizes in the equation are Full 11 pt, Subscript/superscript 8 pt, Sub-Subscript/superscript 6pt, Symbol 11 pt, Sup-symbol 11 pt. Insert equation to write a math equation in *Cambria math style*.

$$Corr = \sum_{i,j=0}^{L-1} \frac{(i-\mu_x)(j-\mu_y)P(i,j,d,\theta)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y} \tag{1}$$

$$y_w = \Lambda_{y_w} \eta_w + \varepsilon_w \tag{2}$$

$$\eta = \lambda \eta_w + \Gamma x - \lambda \Gamma x_w + \zeta \tag{3}$$

CONCLUSION

Provide a statement that what is expected as stated in the Introduction section, and obtained in Results and Discussion section. Moreover, it can also be added the prospect of the development of research results and application prospects of further studies into the next (based on result and discussion).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

If you need to thank a particular party, such as a research sponsor, state it clearly and concisely, avoiding bloomy statements of gratitude.

REFERENCE

The reference list uses a reference list of the last 10 years, sorted numbered and arranged by the IEEE with *Times New Roman* font 11 pt, space 1, justify, spacing after 6 pt (use Reference Manager: Mendeley/Zotero/EndNote) as shown below:

Journal:

- [1] A. E. Minarno and N. Suciati, “Batik Image Retrieval Based on Color Difference Histogram and Gray Level Co-Occurrence Matrix,” *TELKOMNIKA (Telecommunication Comput. Electron. Control.*, vol. 12, no. 3, pp. 597–604, 2014.
- [2] A. E. Minarno, A. Kurniawardhani, and F. Bimantoro, “Image Retrieval Based on Multi Structure Co-occurrence Descriptor,” *TELKOMNIKA (Telecommunication Comput. Electron. Control.*, vol. 14, no. 3, pp. 1175–1182, 2016.

Proceeding:

- [3] W. A. Kusuma and L. Husniah, "Skeletonization using thinning method for human motion system," in *2015 International Seminar on Intelligent Technology and Its Applications, ISITIA 2015 - Proceeding*, 2015, pp. 103–106.
- [4] A. E. Minarno, Y. Munarko, A. Kurniawardhani, and F. Bimantoro, "Texture Feature Extraction Using Co-Occurrence Matrices of Sub-Band Image For Batik Image Classification," in *Information and Communication Technology (ICoICT)*, 2014, pp. 249–254.

Book:

- [5] B. Boehm, *Software Engineering Economics*, vol. 10, no. 1. Prentice-hall, 1984.
- [6] G. Kotonya and I. Sommerville, *Requirements engineering: processes and techniques*. Wiley Publishing, 1998.