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Abstract contains a brief description of the problem and research objectives, methods used, and the results of research. Abstract must reflect the content of the article and should be focusing primarily on the research results. Abstract must be written in a single paragraph in English 150-250 words. Keywords need to be included to describe the realm of the issues, and the terms underlying the conduct of research. Keywords can be either single words or combinations of words (phrases). The number of keywords normally between 3 – 5 words. The keywords are required for computerization. Research and abstract title search made easy with these keywords.

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1. INTRODUCTION

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Introduction must contain what the authors hoped to achieve and state the problem being investigated. The authors are encouraged to write the background of their articles in four (4) parts. First, state the empirical or theoretical problem which is the basis of your research. This could be written in one or two paragraphs.

Second, provide the recent studies in the area of your focus problem. These studies are needed to establish the state-of-the-art statement of your field of study and to identify the limitations of recent studies. This could be written in two or three paragraphs.

Third, identify the gap between the recent studies and the current empirical and theoretical aspect of your focused study. Normally, the introduction should summarize relevant research to

provide context, and explain what other authors' findings, if any, are being challenged or extended. This could be written in one or two paragraphs.

Fourth, state your research question and research objectives based on the gap analysis presented in the previous paragraph. Furthermore, please state the novelty of your research. This could be written in one paragraph.

Article Type

Articles are original articles of research results or review results from previous articles. Articles can be written in Indonesian or English. The number of pages of articles between *10 - 12 pages* includes a list of references.The systematic writing of the research article consists of title, author's name, institution and correspondence address, abstract, keywords, abstract, keywords, introduction, methods, results and discussion, conclusions and suggestions, gratitude and reference list. (Baharuddin, 2019). The systematic conceptual article writing (containing the results of the review) consists of the title, author's name, institution and correspondence address, abstract, keywords, abstract, keywords, introduction, core part, summary and list of references.

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$$x + y = 2 \qquad (1)$$

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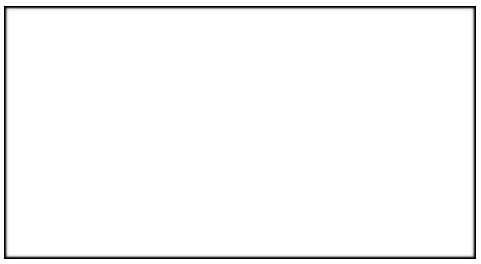

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Table 1. Title...

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Row 1	Row 1	Row 1	Row 1
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Row 3	Row 3	Row 3	Row 3

2. METHOD

In general, this section describes how the study was conducted. The subject matter of this sections are: (1) the study design; (2) the sample population or subject of the research; (3) data collection techniques and instrument development; (4) and data analysis techniques. Please use descriptive paragraphs.

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3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Result

This section is the main part of the article. This is where the author/s should explain in words what he/she discovered in the research. It should be clearly laid out and in a logical sequence. The results of the research presented in this section are the result of a clean process of data analysis such as statistical calculations and testing process or other processes for the achievement of its research.

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4. CONCLUSION

This section should consist of approximately 150–250 words and contains two sub-parts: the conclusion of the article and suggestions or recommendations based on the research findings. The conclusion should be written critically and logically according to the results of the study. Authors should be careful in making generalizations from the findings and should clearly state the limitations of the research. In general, the conclusion should explain how the research contributes to the development of scientific knowledge.

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5. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

State the contributing parties or institutions which help your research. It is important to acknowledge those who help you in **funding**, **research facilities**, or **meaningful suggestions** in improving your article. If your article has been presented in a seminar or conference, you can also mention the forum in this section.

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