Jurnal Bahasa Inggris Terapan
Volume 9, Nomor 1, April 2023
ISSN 2477-3352 (p) 2721-2890 (e)

The Title Should Be 8 - 15 Words, Proper-Cased, Left-Justified, With Font Size 16

First Author,[1*] Second Author,[2] Third Author [3]
[1,2,3]First Affiliation, City, Region – Country

email@gmail.com

Abstract

Articles submitted to the Journal should be normally single space and should be accompanied by an abstract of not more than 200 words, containing the importance of the topic, the gap between theory and practice or between reality and expectation, or lack of studies, objectives of the present study, method, findings, and conclusion. On the abstract, explicitly write Introduction, the objective of the papers, method, findings, and conclusion with the font size 10. Besides the abstract, about three to five keywords should appear together with the main body of the article with the font size 9. The abstract is no more than 200 words. It is free of jargon, abbreviation, and unnecessary terms. It reflects the main objectives and importance of the study. It describes the methodology and main findings in brief. It discusses the practical implication and contribution of the study.

Keywords: ….,….,…,…

Introduction

The introduction should consist of the background of the study, research contexts, literary review, and research objective. All introduction should be presented in the forms of paragraphs, not pointers, with the proportion of 15-20% of the whole article length. It is no in-text references except when replicating a study. It defines and explains the major variables of the study. It provides background information about the academic setting in which the study has been conducted. It discusses the problem and incentive (reasons) to conduct the study. It indicates the most important gaps, inconsistencies, and controversies in the literature that study addresses (significance of study). It clearly state objectives, research questions, and hypotheses.

The references are up-to-date, preferably in the last 5 years. It is in the form of critical evaluation of previous studies, and digestion of others' research not just summary. It describes the theoretical framework, possible relationships, possible gaps, and differences between groups. It is free from redundancies. It includes conceptual definition, possible relationships, where the specific topic fits into a bigger picture, possible gaps, differences between groups, background theories. Avoid redundancy, difficult terms, direct quotations widely.

Theoretical Framework

This section elaborates the theories or approaches used to analyze the data. The theories should be presented systematically with the proportion of 15-20% of the total article length.

Method

This section consists of descriptions concerning the research design, data sources, data collection, and data analysis with the proportion of 10-15% of the total article length, all presented in the

form of paragraphs. It elaborates and explains the research design well. The population and sample profile/size are clear enough. The sampling procedure is explained and justified. It elaborates and justifies the applied instruments appropriately. The data collection procedure is clear and comprehensive, including time allocated, order, data collector. Data analysis is elaborated and justified for each research question.

Results and Discussion

Results

The results and discussion section consist of a description of the results of the data analysis to answer the research question(s) and their meanings are seen from current theories and references of the area addressed. The proportion of this section is 40-60% of the total article length. Results presented are in accordance with the order of research questions. Results are supported by relevant statistical tables/figures to make it reader-friendly, and it explains the main results not all results. Results are discussed as statistically or just descriptively significant. Use only horizontal lines when using tables. Put the table number and the title of the table on top of it.

Tables/figures provide the results in summarized form without redundancy from results. They compare and contrast findings with relevant/similar studies done by other researchers. They also provide any possible reason provided for differences/similarities, reasons and justification as well as discussion for his/her own findings, and practical implications for results (this can be reflected in conclusions based on journal format).

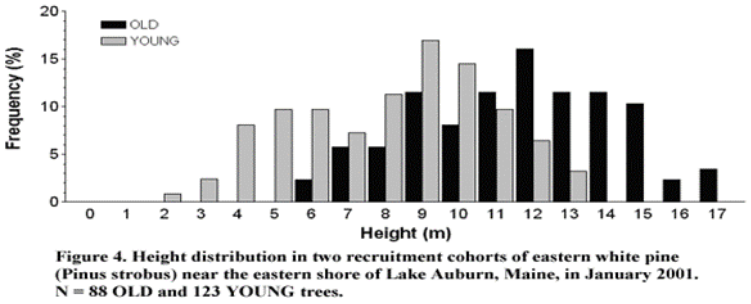


Figure 4. Height distribution in two recruitment cohorts of eastern white pine (Pinus strobus) near the eastern shore of Lake Auburn, Maine, in January 2001. N = 88 OLD and 123 YOUNG trees.

Figure 1
Figure caption

Table 1
Table Caption

Fields	Percentage
Social	**35 %**
Economy	**35 %**
Politic	**30 %**

Discussion

The discussion section interprets the results of the study to answer the research question(s) based on the current theories and references of the area addressed. The proportion of this section is 40-60% of the total article length. Discussion is presented in accordance with the order of research questions.

Conclusion

The conclusion section consists of the summary, restatement of the main results. It discusses the limitations, implications and possible prospective research while stating the findings holistically.

Acknowledgment

State the contributing parties or institutions that help your research.

References

Citation is APA 7th which is done using one of the reference managers: Mendeley, Zotero, or EndNote.