# **Providing Educational Excellence for Each Student**

Supporting a Community of Learners, Leaders, and Innovators

UNWRAP A STANDARD: WHAT DO STUDENTS HAVE TO KNOW AND BE ABLE TO DO?

**Domain:** Numbers in Base Ten

**Cluster:** Understand place value

**Domain Weight:** 9% - 13% of items on Grade 3 AASA

Standard: 2.NBT.A.2 I will count within 1000; skip count by 5s, 10s and 100s.

### **Achievement Level Descriptors** based on Standards

Emerging (1)	Developing (2)	Proficient (3)	Distinguished (4)
I can count within	I can count within	I can count by 5s, 10s,	I can apply
1000.	1000.	and 100s to 1000.	counting by 5s,
I can count by 10s and 100s with visual support (e.g., number line, hundreds boards, manipulatives).	I can skip count by 5s, 10s, 100s, with visual support (e.g., number line, hundreds boards, manipulatives).	I can count by 5s, 10s, and 100s, using non-zero starting points.  I can explain my	10s, and 100s, using any starting point. I can explain my reasoning.
		reasoning.	

BUILDING BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS: FLASHBACK STANDARD

**Standard 1.NBT.A.1** Count to 120 by 1s, 2s, and 10s starting at any number less than 100. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

EXTENDING KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS: PREVIEW STANDARD

**Standard 3.NBT.A.3** Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10 to 90 using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations (e.g.,  $9 \times 80$ ,  $5 \times 60$ ).

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE/CONCEPTS  What Do Students Need to Know/Understand?  List the underlined nouns.	ESSENTIAL SKILLS  What Do Students Need to Be Able to Do?				
List the underlined nouns.	List the circled (or italicized) verbs.				
FS	DOK LEVEL				
PS .	Level of content complexity rather than content difficulty.				
Wonder Questions	ESSENTIAL VOCABULARY				
How can we capture student wonder?	What Do Students Need to Comprehend?				
*Including open-ended and 'second' questions o	List all key vocabulary				
LEARNING INTENTIONS	Success Criteria				
What do students have to know, understand, and be able to do (in 'kid' friendly language)?	What does student success/proficiency look/sound like?				
EVIDENCE OF STUD	Anna Marana 2				
How will we know wi					
Specific Instruction	NAL FRAMEWORK?				
What will we do to help them k					
What will we do for students who still don't know it?					

What will we do to help them know/understand/can do it?

What will we do for students who still don't know it?

What will we do for students who already know it?

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**Domain:** Numbers in Base Ten

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Standard: 2.NBT.A.2 I will count within 1000; skip count by 5s, 10s and 100s.

### **Achievement Level Descriptors** based on Standards

Emerging (1)	Developing (2)	Proficient (3)	Distinguished (4)
I can <b>count</b> within	I can <b>count</b> within	I can <b>count</b> by 5s,	I can <b>apply</b>
1000.	1000.	10s, and 100s to	counting by 5s, 10s,
I can <b>count</b> by 10s and 100s with visual support (e.g., number line, place value chart, manipulatives).	I can <b>count</b> by 5s, 10s, 100s, with visual support (e.g., number line, hundreds boards, manipulatives).	1000.  I can <b>count</b> by 5s, 10s, and 100s, using non-zero starting points.  I can <b>explain</b> my	and 100s, using any starting point.  I can <b>explain</b> my reasoning.
		I can <b>explain</b> my reasoning.	

BUILDING BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS: FLASHBACK STANDARD

**Standard 1.NBT.A.1** Count to 120 by s, 2's, and 1's starting at any number less than 100. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

EXTENDING KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS: PREVIEW STANDARD

**Standard 3.NBT.A.3** Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10 to 90 using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations (e.g.,  $9 \times 80$ ,  $5 \times 60$ ).

#### ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE/CONCEPTS

What Do Students Need to Know/Understand? List the underlined nouns.

Pattern Count Skip Count Ones
Fives Tens Hundreds Sequence
Multiples Backward

FS Forward Backward. Sequence
Out-of-Sequence Total

**PS** Multiplication Division Facts

#### ESSENTIAL SKILLS

What Do Students Need to Be Able to Do? List the circled (or italicized) verbs.

Determine Describe Use (apply)
Predict Count Explain Sequence

#### DOK LEVEL

Level of content complexity rather than content difficulty.

DOK 1 DOK 2 DOK 3

#### Wonder Questions

How can we capture student wonder?

### \*Including open-ended and 'second' questions

- What digits indicate that a pattern is counting by twos?
   Explain.
- Were some skip-counting patterns easy to identify? If so, which ones? Why?
- What are some things you notice that are the same and some things that are different when we skip count by fives versus when we skip count by ten?

#### ESSENTIAL VOCABULARY

What Do Students Need to Comprehend?
List all key vocabulary

Count Skip count Sequence

Multiples Next Last Digit

Pattern Hundred Thousand

#### **LEARNING INTENTIONS**

What 'do students have to know, understand, and be able to do (in 'kid' friendly language)?

I am learning to count by 5s.

I am learning to count by 10s.

I am learning to count by 100s.

I am learning to use .counting to answer a question in a story

#### SUCCESS CRITERIA

What does student success/proficiency look/sound like?

I can count by 1's to 1000.

I can determine the next number in a counting sequence.

I can count by 5s.

I can count by 10s.

I can count by 100s.

I can explain my thinking when I count.

I can use counting to solve a question in a story.

#### **EVIDENCE OF STUDENT MASTERY?**

How will we know when they know it?

GEAR 2: SEE DIAGNOSTIC FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

#### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONAL FRAMEWORK?

What will we do to help them know/understand/can do it?
What will we do for students who still don't know it?
What will we do for students who already know it?

GEAR 3, 4, 5: SEE THINKING ROUTINES

### GEAR 2: DIAGNOSTIC FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

### Alignment to 2.NBT.A.2.0 (Flashback to 1.NBT.A.1)

1. Shanita has asked for your assistance in completing the two rows below from her place value chart.

Complete the chart by writing the missing number in each empty cell.

21		24		28	30
	33		36		

### Alignment to SOL 2.2a, b.1 (Flashback to SOL 1.1) (DOK 2)

2. Carlos is skip counting using his place value chart below. The numbers he counts are shaded in red below.

	_									
11	0	11	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
12	20	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129
13	30	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
14	10	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149
15	50	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
16	50	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
17	70	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
18	30	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

Is Carlos counting by 5s, 10s, or 100s? Circle your answer below.

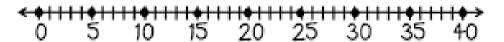
Carlos is counting by 5s

Carlos is counting by 10s

Carlos is counting by 100s

### Alignment to 2.NBT.A.2.2

3. Peter is skip counting using the number line below. He placed a dot on each number he is counting.



Part A. Is Peter counting by ones, fives, tens, or hundreds?

Part B. What are the next four numbers in his pattern that Peter will count?

### Alignment to 2.NBT.A.2.3

4. Choose the number that should go in the bank.

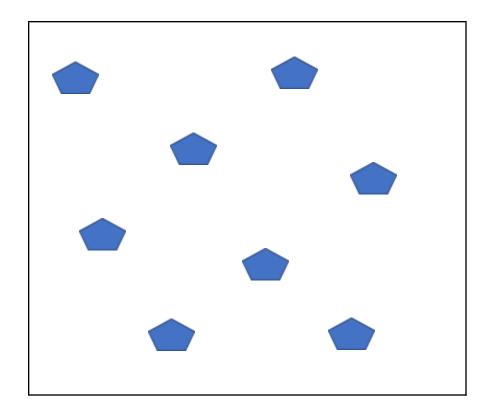
310 350 400 450

### Alignment to 2.NBT.A.2.3

- 5. Robert starts skip counting from the number 567.
  - **PART A.** Robert starts skip counting from the number 567. Which number will he say next if he skip counts by 10s?
  - **PART B.** Maria also starts skip counting from the number 567. Which number will he say next if he skip counts by 100s?

### Alignment to 2.NBT.A.2.4

6. A pentagon is a geometric shape that has five sides. Jerome has collected the pentagons that appear in the box below. He wants to count the total number of sides in the collection of pentagons. He began counting each side but remembered there was a faster way to count the total number of sides in the collection of pentagons.



**Part A.** Share your advice to Jerome on a method of counting the total number of sides in the collection of pentagons without counting each side.

- **Part B.** Show your work to determine the total number of sides in the collection of pentagons.
- Part C. State the total number of sides in the collection of pentagons.

**Learning Intention:** I am learning to count within 1000; skip count by 5s, 10s and 100s.

My Success Criteria	?	Why am I learning This?
	I'm There	
I can count by 1's to 1000.	On My Way	
	Getting Started	
I can determine the next number in a	I'm There	
counting coguence	On My Way	
counting sequence.	Getting Started	
	I'm There	
I can count by 5s.	On My Way	
	Getting Started	
	I'm There	
I can count by 10s.	On My Way	
	Getting Started	
	I'm There	
I can count by 100s.	On My Way	
	Getting Started	
I can explain my thinking when I	I'm There	
	On My Way	
count.	Getting Started	
I can use counting to solve a question	I'm There	
	On My Way	
in a story.	Getting Started	

## Vocabulary:

Count Skip count Sequence Multiples Next Last

Digit Pattern Hundred Thousand

# What stuck with me? Why is it important to remember?

(include any combination of images, numbers, and words)

# **Guided Group Lesson**

Date:

Standard: 2.NBT.A.2 I will count within 1000; skip count by 5's, 10's and 100's.

Group	Emerging	Developing	Proficient	Distinguished
Group Members				

## Warm-Up:

Your teacher needs your assistance in completing three rows in her hundreds chart.

52				
		76		

Explain how you knew where the missing numbers were located on the chart.

Vocabulary
Count Skip Count Next Last
Ones Fives Tens Hundreds

Emerging	Developing	Proficient	Distinguished
Lesson focus:	Lesson focus:	Lesson focus:	Lesson focus:
Play a game of 'What Numbers are the Same' Give each student a 120 Chart. Ask them to place a yellow marker on each number that is a multiple of 5. Place a red marker on each multiple of 10. Which numbers are in both groups? Why do you think this might be true?	Use the 'Where do I Belong' template to guide students to sort consecutive multiples of fives, tens and hundreds starting at 80 and counting backward to 40. *Differentiate by allowing students to use manipulatives as needed. Ask students to explain their thinking.	Mr. Smith, the school principal, has requested your help in seating parents at a meeting. The school auditorium has ten seats in each row. Forty people are already seated in the auditorium. Use your knowledge of skip counting to determine how many more rows Mr. Smith will need to seat a total of two hundred people.  Explain your thinking with words and pictures.	Cathy is using an analog clock to determine how long she and her friend worked in the school garden. She started timing at 10 minutes after the hour and finished at 50 minutes after the hour. Cathy skip counted by fives. Her friend skip counted by twos. Did they arrive at the same answer? Why do you think this is true?

# Observations:

What you notice about your students during small group instruction.

## Next Steps:

What will you do with these students next? Change groups, repeat, etc.