

Группа: ХКМ 3/1

Дата проведения: 21.12.2022

Специальность: 15.02.06 Монтаж и техническая эксплуатация холодильно-компрессорных машин и установок (по отраслям)

Дисциплина: ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык

Тема занятия: Средний и малый бизнес. Итоговое занятие.

Цели занятия:

Дидактическая:

- систематизировать знания студентов с понятием «Средний и малый бизнес»
- закреплять новые лексические единицы в разговорной речи;
- развивать речевые навыки студентов;
- активизация навыков говорения по изученной лексической теме;
- совершенствование навыков чтения, аудирования;

Развивающая:

- развивать способность к умозаключению;
- развивать способность к распределению внимания, коммуникативности, умению выражать своё отношение к теме;

Воспитательная:

- формировать уважительное и ответственное отношение к роли человека в экономическом обществе;
- воспитывать умение работать самостоятельно.

Вид занятия: практическое занятие

Основная литература:

1. Агабекян И.П. Английский язык для вузов: учебное пособие. – Москва: Проспект, 2015. – 288 с.

Дополнительная литература:

1.

<https://multiurok.ru/index.php/files/razrabotka-otkrytogo-uroka-po-osnovam-finansovoi-g.html>

HOMEWORK

Exercise 1.

Translate the text into Russian. Write it into your copy-books.

Money

In the modern world money has various uses. For selling and buying things, all modern people use money. Money gives us a useful means of measuring the value of things. Money is also of very great use as a means of exchanging goods and services. Money is a way to store up buying power that one can use later. If we consider money as a means of storing up buying power, it has good and bad points. Money can more easily be kept for a long time than such things as food, buildings and machines. Food spoils, buildings fall to pieces and machines rust. Money takes up very little space and if we want we may put it in a bank.



But modern money has some very serious disadvantages if we use it as a means of storing up buying power. In earlier times when money was in the form of gold and silver coins, the metal in each was really worth the amount stamped on the coin. But the paper in modern paper money is worth much less than the amount written on it. In a short time the buying power of modern money can change very greatly and because of that, some people are doubtful about the wisdom of saving money.

Exercise 2.

Answer the questions. Writing.

1. Only 8% of the world's currency is physical money, the rest only exists on computers.
 - How do you understand this statement?
2. When Australia stopped using the pound as its currency, some of the suggested names for the new currency were *austral*, *the oz*, *the boomer*, *the kanga*, *the emu*, *the digger* and *the Quid* before the government ultimately settled on the Australian dollar.
 - Why didn't people of Australia choose one of these options?
3. Due to the high value of tea in many parts of Asia, tea bricks were used as a form of currency throughout China Tibet, Mongolia, and Central Asia.
 - Why aren't tea bricks used nowadays in these countries?
4. Stores on US military bases around the world don't accept pennies as currency.

- What do you think about this refusing? For what reason don't they accept coin as currency?

5. Adobe Photoshop detects if you are trying to edit an image of currency, and stops you from opening/printing the file.

- Which meaning is suitable to this statement?

Exercise 3.

Translate the next statements.

1. Меха когда-то продавались как валюта.
2. Эта история постепенно набирает силу
3. Им заплатили американской валютой.
4. Спор широко распространился.
5. В большинстве европейских стран существует единая валюта называется евро.
6. Идея была очень распространена в европейской литературе.

Exercise 4.

TEST

1. What is benefit?

- a. Money which you leave to accommodation owner in case you break something there
- b. An advantage or profit gained from something.
- c. A record of previous loans/credits of a certain person and their repayment.

2. What is salary?

- a. A monthly payment of your loan/credit.
- b. It's a business transaction that doesn't involve friends.
- c. A fixed regular payment, typically paid on a monthly basis but often expressed as an annual sum, made by an employer to an employee, especially a professional or white-collar worker.

3. What is the meaning of the word "personnel"?

- a. People employed in a company
- b. People with no credit history.
- c. Belonging to a particular person

4. What is the meaning of the word "personal"?

- a. A senior manager has much more responsibility than an ordinary person.

- b. Belonging to a particular person'?
- c. A person who offers money for credit.

5. People invented money for...

- a. Facilitate exchange
- b. Measure the value of different goods
- c. Have the ability to make savings
- d. All answers are correct

6. Which of the proposed definitions is best for the concept "benefit"?

- a. Part of salary
- b. Cash reward
- c. Promotion for a job well done
- d. prize

7. A person who, at his own expense and at his own risk and risk, opens own business is called...

- a. Pioneer
- b. An entrepreneur
- c. Follower
- d. An adventurer

Все выполненные задания высылаем на мою страницу ВК

<https://vk.com/yanovskaya1983>

**Не забываем писать фамилию, группу, число за которое сделали
домашнее задание!!!**