

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
SHINYANGA REGION
FORM FOUR MOCK EXAMINATION MAY, 2024

011

CIVICS

Time: 3: Hours

MAY 2024

Instructions

1. This paper consists of sections **A**, **B** and **C** with a total of **eleven (11)** questions.
2. Answer **all** questions in section **A** and **B** and **two (2)** questions from section **C**.
3. Section **A** carries **sixteen (16)** marks, section **B** carries **fifty-four (54)** marks and section **C** carries **thirty (30)** marks.
4. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)

This paper consists of **5** printed pages

SECTION A (16 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section

1. For each of the items (i)-(x), choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives and write its letter beside the item number in the answer booklet(s) provided.
 - (i) Which of the following occasions does not call for the singing of the Tanzania national anthem?
 - A. When the president is about to address the nation or residents of a particular place.
 - B. When a Minister is about to address the nation or residents of a particular place.
 - C. During international sports competitions
 - D. Before announcement of the death of a top government leader such as president, vice-president or Prime Minister.
 - E. During national celebrations or festivals
 - (ii) Why are the 21st Century skills important to students?
 - A. Because they help students to adopt modern culture and abandon traditional culture.
 - B. Because they are imported from the western countries
 - C. Because they enable students to become rich after their studies
 - D. Because they enable students to become leaders in the future.
 - E. Because they enable students to adapt to the current changing world.
 - (iii) Most single-parent families in Africa are caused by the following factors except:-
 - A. Traditional values
 - B. Divorce
 - C. Family conflicts
 - D. Personal choice
 - E. Death
 - (iv) Which of the following traffic lights tell the driver to proceed with their journey?
 - A. Red
 - B. Amber
 - C. Green
 - D. White
 - E. Black

- (v) One of the demerits of direct democracy is that:-
- A. It makes the decisions more legitimate
 - B. It promotes a sense of honour and ownership of the decisions made
 - C. It is less expensive
 - D. It is suitable for a small population
 - E. It inculcates cooperation and unity
- (vi) In some countries people have no access to education, health services, productive skills, information and political freedom that enable a person to live a good life. This situation is known as:-
- A. Material poverty
 - B. Non-material poverty
 - C. Relative poverty
 - D. Abject poverty
 - E. Income poverty
- (vii) Among some Tanzanian tribes women kneel down during greetings. This is the best example of:-
- A. Traditions
 - B. Crafts
 - C. Customs
 - D. Life styles
 - E. Norms
- (viii) In capitalistic societies, people regard possession of wealth to an expression of good life and a way of commanding respect from other members of the society. This lifestyle is known as:-
- A. Individual life style
 - B. Communal lifestyle
 - C. Minimalist lifestyle
 - D. Sedentary lifestyle
 - E. Materialistic lifestyle
- (ix) What is the goal of free market economy in the current world?
- A. To enable the capitalist nations to exploit the resources of African countries easily.
 - B. To de-industrialize the African countries.
 - C. To reduce government participation and interference in economic production.
 - D. To increase government participation and interference in economic Production.

- E. To enable the industrialized nations to get an access to markets in the developing countries.
- (x) Why are people encouraged to develop the culture of protecting public property such as roads, bridges, government cars, buildings, schools, government offices and electricity poles?
- A. Because these properties are used for the benefit of all community members.
- B. Because destroying such properties is a crime.
- C. Because these properties belong to the government
- D. Because if they destroy these properties, they will be caught by the police
- E. Because of these properties are destroyed, the government will not repair them.

2. Match the explanations in **List A** with their correct responses in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number in the answer booklet provided.

LIST A	LIST B
i. It enable us to know our surroundings and how to improve them for the betterment of our lives ii. Training undertaken by adults in order to cope with occupational changes and new technologies iii. Condition of physical and mental fitness of the body iv. Life sustaining substance for all living things v. Services which are in form of consumption vi. Non material indicator of social development	A. Social services B. Health services C. Formal education D. Education services E. Non-formal education F. Health G. Water H. Freedom

SECTION B (54 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section

3. Most students when they face social problems, they do not apply appropriate social problem-solving techniques, hence they create more problems on themselves and their families. As a learned student, explain **six (6)** consequences of not applying appropriate social problem-solving techniques in one's life.
4. Explain **six (6)** principles that are reflected in the constitution of the United Republic of Tanzania that give you an idea that the constitution is democratic.
5. Road accident is one of the problems that affect human life and properties in Tanzania. Assume you have been invited by the Regional Traffic Officer to address the phenomenon. Suggest **six (6)** different measures that can help to reduce and finally prevent road accident.
6. Imagine that you have been invited to a community meeting as a guest speaker on how to address the challenges facing the informal sector. Analyse **six (6)** possible solutions you would share with the community.
7. Sometimes the rights of one individual may interfere with the rights of others, some of the rights can be limited to many reasons. With examples assess how the government of Tanzania promotes and protects human rights. Use **six (6)** points.
8. Use **six (6)** points to verify the statement that "Promotion and preservation of cultural values in Tanzania today faces a lot of obstacles".

SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer **two (2)** questions from this section

9. The sixth phase government of Tanzania has come up with the slogan “KAZI IENDELEE” which emphasizes the government and individual Tanzanians to work hard for both national and individual development. In the light of this slogan, (Use **six (6)** points to show how the work done by people can contribute to national development.
10. Tanzania is one of the blessed countries in Africa with different resources, such as water and virgin land. Yet the country is experiencing poverty circle. As a Civics expert, what do you think are the root causes of poverty? (Give **six (6)** points).
11. Supporters of globalization claim that globalization is a catalyst of development while the challengers content that it is a new form of neo -colonialism to developing countries. Analyze **Six (6)** merits of globalization to a country like Tanzania.

