Section 4: Foreign Policy in Action

Slide 1:

- 1. Throughout history when nations feel threatened they have signed <u>mutual defense</u> <u>alliances:</u> Where nations would agree to support one another in case of an attack
- 2. U.S. has alliances with Western Europe, the North Atlantic, Island nations, Central and South America
- 3. Regional security pacts: treaties that protect certain geographical areas

Slide 2:

- 1. 1945 North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) was created by the U.S. and western Europe to protect each other from the Soviet Union
- 2. NATO does crisis intervention and peacekeeping in other areas of the world
- 3. NATO expanded its membership to include countries like Russia

Slide 3:

- 1. 1947 RIO pact is signed between U.S. and Latin American countries pledging to help one another in case of attack
- 2. 1948 Organization of American States (OAS) is primarily concerned with promoting economic development
- 3. U.S. also has a regional security pact with Australia and New Zealand called ANZUS

Slide 4:

- 1. <u>Multilateral treaties:</u> international agreements signed by several nations (Examples: NATO, Rio Pact, OAS and ANZUS)
- 2. **<u>Bilateral treaty:</u>** an agreement that involves only two nations
- 3. These agreements provide **collective security:** or a system by which member nations agree to take joint action against a nation that attacks any one of them

Slide 5:

Economic aid is another benefit that American leaders can offer and serves two purposes

- 1. Establish friendly relations with other nations
- 2. Help them emerge as eventual economic partners
 - Agency of International Development (AID): is a state department agency that administers economic aid through loans and technical assistance

Slide 6:

- 1. Withdrawl or denial of benefits is a third diplomatic strategy
- 2. American lawmakers use it to show that they oppose another nation's policies
- 3. **Sanctions**: measures such as withholding loans, arms, or economic aid to force a foreign gov't to cease certain activities.
- 4. U.S. could also restrict trade