

The title should not exceed 14 words; it should be clear, concise, and informative. Abbreviations should be avoided
(Cambria 14pt, Bold, Capital, Red)

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ABSTRACT (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

The abstract text should be fully justified as this paragraph is, and it should stand alone, meaning that no citation should be attached. Abstract should include at least introduction, method, and result. Furthermore, the abstract should be reasonably nontechnical, yet adequately clear for an informed reader to understand the manuscript's contribution. The abstract should only be typed in a single paragraph and single-column format and consist of 200-250 words. (Cambria 11pt, italic, single line spacing, 1 paragraph)

Keywords: keywords contain three to five words/phrases separated with coma

The keywords should avoid general and plural terms and multiple concepts. Do not use words or terms in the title as keywords. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes. Keywords should not consist of more than five words or phrases, and they should be arranged in alphabetical order, separated by semicolons (;)

INTRODUCTION (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

The introduction should contain (sequentially) the general background and research question or hypothesis. If there is literature review, it can be included in this chapter. The study objective should be written at the end of the introduction.

The literature review represents the theoretical core of an article. The purpose of a literature review is to "look again" (re + view) at what other researchers have done regarding a specific topic (Leedy & Ormrod, 2005, p. 70). A literature review is a means to an end, namely to provide background to and serve as motivation for the objectives and hypotheses that guide one's own research (Perry et al., 2003, p. 660). A good literature review should not merely provide a summary of previous relevant research; the researcher is also expected to critically evaluate, re-organize and synthesize the work of others (Leedy & Ormrod, 2005, p. 84). (Cambria 11pt)

METHODS (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

The research methods should elaborate on the method utilized in addressing the issues including the method of analysis. It should contain enough details allowing the reader to evaluate the appropriateness of methods as well as the reliability and validity of findings. (Cambria 11pt)

RESULT AND DISCUSSION (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

The author should explain the results of research (what was discovered) in detail.

The research result and discussion section contain results of the research findings and their ensuing discussions. The findings acquired from the results of the conducted research should be written with the supplementary support of adequate data. The research results and findings should be able to resolve or provide explanations to the question stated in the introduction.

Tables and Figures should be centered, numbered with numbers, cited in the manuscript. The title must be placed above the table, while the image title position is below the image. Figures in tables and figures must be clearly legible, at least have a resolution of 300 DPI (Dots Per Inch) for good print quality. Below are examples that authors may find useful.

Table 1./ Figure 1. (Cambria 11pt, Bold)

An example of a column heading	Column A (T)	Column B (T)
And an entry	1	2
And another entry	3	4
And another entry	5	6

Source: obtained from primary data (Cambria 11pt, italic)

**Picture 1. Example**

Source: obtained from primary data (Cambria 11pt, italic)

CONCLUSION (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

The concluding statement should contain summary and suggestion. The summary should exemplify the answers provided to the hypothesis and/or research objectives or acquired findings. The summary should not contain repetition of research results and discussions, and it should instead contain a summation of research results and findings as expected in the research objective or hypothesis. The suggestions should present matters that will subsequently be conducted in relation to the research's ensuing concepts. (Cambria 11pt)

BIBLIOGRAPHY (Cambria 11pt, Bold, Capital)

All reference mentioned should be written down in reference using American Psychological Association (APA) style and arranged from A to Z. It should include references obtained from primary sources (consisting of scientific journals amounting to 80% of the entire bibliography) that have been published in the last 10 (ten) years. The remaining 20% may include research articles or research reports (thesis, books, and other relevant publications).