

Reconstruction: A Second Civil War

Name-_____ Pd.____

1. What did the concept of freedom mean to the former slaves initially?
2. What emotions did white southerners feel in the final years of the Civil War?
3. What was **Sherman's Field Order 15** and what did land ownership mean to former slaves?
4. What did Lincoln imply about the vote and what happened after?
5. What was the immediate impact of Lincoln's assassination on the course of Reconstruction?
6. _____ became president and what initially prompted northerners to support him as president?
Who saw the truth about Johnson?
7. What was the **Freedman's Bureau** and why did white southerners resent it?
8. What were the three parts of **President Johnson's Presidential Reconstruction**?
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9. What was the feelings of many poor whites in the South? How did Johnson reflect this view?
10. What was **Thaddeus Stevens** and the **Radical Republican** vision for Reconstruction? Moderates?
11. Why was education so important to the Freedmen and how did Northerners support them?
12. What did President Johnson do for the Planter class? Why?

13. What did the pardons do for land ownership?
14. Why were fears that the **Freedmen** would not work so critical to white southerners?
15. How was **violence/terror** used to subjugate Freedmen?
16. What were the **Black Codes** passed by the **Dixiecrat** governments? Northern Reaction?
17. Who did Southern states elect back to Congress and what was the Northern Reaction?
18. What was the Moderate Republican reaction to Johnson's veto of the **Civil Rights Act of 1866**? Result?
19. Why did Radicals want a **14th Amendment**?
 - **Citizenship?**
 - **Civil Rights?**
 - Johnson's Reaction?
20. What was the New Orleans massacre? Lessons?
21. The 1866 election was a referendum on _____. What was the impact?
22. What was **Radical Reconstruction** (the **Military Reconstruction Act**)?
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23. What was the right to vote and hold office for Freedmen so radical?
24. Why was the right to vote so important for Freedmen?
25. Why did white landowners in the south began “**sharecropping**”? What was it?
26. What was a “**carpetbagger**” and what was the feeling of White Southerners?
27. What was **Southern Democrats** view of Blacks elected to office?
28. In the **Election of 1868**, what was **Democrat Horatio Seymour’s** view?
29. What was **Ulysses Grant’s** attitude about Reconstruction?
30. What were two reasons for northern voters supporting **Grant** in his campaign?
31. What did white southerners mean when they lamented “**Negro rule**?” How did **taxes** relate?
32. What was the **Ku Klux Klan** and what did they believe about themselves?
33. What was the goal of the Klan and what could they be called?
34. What could freedmen now negotiate and why did planters hate it so much?
35. What were the specific reasons for, and the effects of, the KKK crackdown of 1872-73 (**KKK Act**)?
36. _____ was reelected in 1872 and _____ black members of Congress.

37. How did **the Panic of 1873** impact Reconstruction?
38. What was the “**lost cause**”, and why did one of the scholars on the program call it a “civic religion?” What was “**Redemption**” (**Redeemer governments**)?
39. What was “**Louisiana massacre**?”
40. What was Grant’s reaction after the White League occupied the Louisiana Legislature? How did it backfire?
41. Why was it so hard for Republicans in Congress to secure passage of a new **Civil Rights bill in 1875**?
42. What was meant by the great anxiety of “racial mixing” and why did it haunt passage of any civil rights bill? What happened to the law?
43. In Mississippi, how were Republican votes suppressed by Democrats? Result?
44. What did Democrats & Republicans agree to in 1877 that ended Reconstruction (**Compromise of 1877**)?
45. What happened in the South when Reconstruction ended?
46. What became the image of Reconstruction by 1913?