

Solution.

Given R(A, B, C, D, E, F), and functional dependencies: $B \rightarrow A; E \rightarrow B; D \rightarrow C; A \rightarrow C$

a) Decompose R into BCNF. In each step, explain which functional dependency you used to decompose and explain why further decomposition is needed. Your answer should consist of a list of table names and attributes. Make sure you indicate the keys for each relation.

One possible decomposition:

1. Use $B \rightarrow A$, $A \rightarrow C$ (closure of B is A, B, C):

Decompose R into R1(A, B, C) and R2(B, D, E, F)

R1 violates $A \rightarrow C$, so

Decompose T1 into R11(A, B) and R12(A, C)

R2 violates $E \rightarrow B$, so we need to further decompose R2

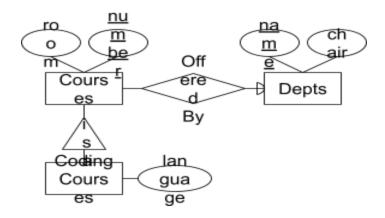
Decompose R2 into R21(B, E) and R22(E, D, F)

Final relations: R11(A, \underline{B}), R12(\underline{A} , C), R21(B, \underline{E}) and R22(D, E, F)

b) Convert the E/R diagram below to relations in BCNF form. Assume no values are NULL, and the arrow between OfferedBy and Depts is a round one. Include all keys and foreign keys. Use the following notation and explicitly state foreign key relationships. For instance:

$$R(\underline{a}, b)$$

 $S(\underline{c}, d)$ -- c is a foreign key to R



Courses(<u>number</u>, room, name) -- name is foreign key to Depts

CodingCourses(language, <u>number</u>) -- number is foreign key to Courses

Depts(name, chair)