LISTENING – Floods in Valencia

Listen to a BBC Radio-4 report and an interview with Paco Pola, a volunteer and journalist for the programme *Today*. As you listen, complete the blanks in the sentences below with ONE or TWO words. 0 is the example.



0.	Example: Through the window, a survivor can see cars <u>floating</u> in the street. It is surreal.			
1.	The water rose as high as the	in their flats & houses.		
2.	Bethany Bell describes the scene in Aldaya and the cars other.		against	one
3.	José Ramón says that they feel abandoned, and they don't see, cdefence or cleaning. There is no solidarity.			, civil
4.	Officials say they don't know how many people are	·		
5.	Paco Pola says that the roads are still	_·		
6.	Yesterday, he saw thousands of volunteers walking to water, basic needs items,		cia to	bring
6.	Paco Pola explains that the prevention reports from t		were {	given

DISCUSSION

After doing the listening comprehension task, you can discuss these questions with your partner:

- How many types of natural disasters can you name? Which is the worst? Which are most common in your region?
- Think of three natural disasters. What can you do to stay safe during and after those natural disasters?
- How can technology lessen the damage caused by natural disasters? What can governments do to reduce the harm?
- Do you think natural disasters are happening more frequently in the world today?
- Would you ever volunteer to help after a natural disaster hit? If yes, what would you like to volunteer to do? If no, why not?
- Have you ever been under extreme weather conditions (heavy rain, a thunderstorm, a heatwave, a cold spell, a hurricane etc.? How did you protect yourself? Did you feel scared?

ANSWER KEY

1) balconies 2) piled up 3) the army/ machines 4) missing 5) blocked 6) bottled/ food 7) five / six

