

## Places in town

1. supermarket
2. church
3. restaurant
4. school
5. hospital
6. park
7. hotel
8. cinema
9. shops
10. bank

A place where you can watch movies. - \_cinema\_\_\_\_\_

A large store where you can buy food, drinks, and household items. -  
supermarket\_\_\_\_\_

A place where you can buy and eat meals.-\_\_restaurant\_\_\_\_\_

A place where children go to learn.- school\_\_\_\_\_

A place where sick or injured people go to get medical care - \_\_hospital\_\_\_\_\_

Places where you can buy things, like clothes or electronics -  
\_\_shops\_\_\_\_\_

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/w/en/english-second-language-esl/69354>

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/w/en/english-second-language-esl/264606>

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## **summer -**

1. summer - hot and sunny
2. autumn - windy
3. winter - snowing
- 4.

**It's sunny and hot. - It isn't spring.**

**It's snowing. - It isn't summer.**

**It's windy. - It isn't winter**

| Season | I'm wearing... - Mam ubrane... |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| winter | hat and scarf                  |
| spring | raincoat                       |
| summer | sun hat                        |
| autumn | hat, jacket                    |

**It's winter. It's snowing.....**

**It's summer. It's hot and sunny .....**

It's windy . It isn't spring..... It's autumn.  
It isn't sunny. It's raining ..... He's  
wearing a hat, a scarf and a raincoat.....

## weather & seasons

| Winter   | Summer     | Accessories |
|----------|------------|-------------|
| jumper   | t-shirt    | sun hat     |
| trousers | shorts     | sunglasses  |
| jacket   | dress      | winter hat  |
| scarf    | shoes      | socks       |
| gloves   | flip-flops | raincoat    |

Uporządkuj pory roku zaczynając od wiosny.

SUMMER WINTER SPRING AUTUMN

**1.spring**

**2.summer**

**3.autumn**

**4.winter**

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**Name 10 words connected to weather:**

4.

5. autumn

3.spring

4.hot

5.sunny

6.raining

7.snowing

8.cold

9.cloudy

10.windy

**Perfect!**

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## **EMOTIONS**

happy sad angry scared surprised hungry

## New words:

confused - zmieszany

shy - nieśmiały

anxious - niespokojny

tired - zmęczony

thirsty - spragniony

## Odmiana czasownika “być” - “to be”

„To be” odmienia się następująco:

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| I <b>am</b>     | Ja jestem    |
| You <b>are</b>  | Ty jesteś    |
| He <b>is</b>    | On jest      |
| She <b>is</b>   | Ona jest     |
| It <b>is</b>    | Ono jest     |
| We <b>are</b>   | My jesteśmy  |
| You <b>are</b>  | Wy jesteście |
| They <b>are</b> | Oni są       |

## Tworzenie pytań z czasownikiem „to be”

„To be” tworzy pytania poprzez inwersję (przestawienie szyku), np.:

Are you a doctor? – Czy ty jesteś lekarzem?

Is it a dog? – Czy to jest pies?

„To be” w zdaniach pytających

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Am</b> I?     | Czy ja jestem?    |
| <b>Are</b> you?  | Czy Ty jesteś?    |
| <b>Is</b> he?    | Czy on jest?      |
| <b>Is</b> she?   | Czy ona jest?     |
| <b>Is</b> it?    | Czy ono jest?     |
| <b>Are</b> we?   | Czy my jesteśmy?  |
| <b>Are</b> you?  | Czy wy jesteście? |
| <b>Are</b> they? | Czy oni są?       |

## Twierdzenie:

**I am** happy. (Ja jestem szczęśliwa.)

## Pytania:

Zamiana miejsca czasownika “być” z podmiotem (osobą)

np. **I am** happy.

X

**Am I** Happy? (Czy ja jestem szczęśliwa?)

You are sad. - Are you sad?

He is scared. - Is he scared?

We are tired. - Are we tired?

She is hungry. - Is she hungry?  
They are thirsty. - Are they thirsty?  
I am angry. - Am I angry?

### **Jaki to zaimek osobowy (I, you, he, she, it , we you, they)?**

my sister / my mummy / my aunt - she  
my brother / my father / my uncle - he  
Kasia and Tomek - they (oni, one)  
I and Mariola - we (my)  
my dog / my cat / my hamster - it  
my dogs / cats - they

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Poniższe luki uzupełnij poprawną formą czasownika **to be (is/am/are)**.

1. Michael \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ at home.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_ happy.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ am \_\_\_\_\_ taller than you.
4. There \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ a bag on the table.
5. There \_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_ some people in front of our house.
6. They \_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_ in the cinema now.
7. Your sister and you \_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_ very noisy and I can't work.
8. My parents \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ ARE \_\_\_\_\_ retired.
9. It \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ very cold today.
10. Jessica \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.

parents - rodzice (liczba mnoga)

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**Write questions:**

e.g. I am sad.

Am I sad?

1. He is happy.

Is he happy?

2. We are hungry.

Are we hungry?

3. They are thirsty.

Are they thirsty?

4. She is angry.

Is she angry?

5. I am happy.

Am I happy?

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**Uzupełnij zdania (is/are/ am):**

1. I am from Japan.

2. He is from the US.

3. We are from Mexico.

4. You are from China.

5. She is from Finland

