

## Output: Capacity sharing for development

# 2024 guidance for data fields in the PRMS Reporting Tool

Definition: Number of people trained by CGIAR, with the aim of leading to changes in knowledge, attitude, skills and practice, i.e. behavior.

\* = Mandatory fields

---

### GENERAL INFORMATION

---

#### **Title:\***

Text box to enter the title of the output indicator.

- Max. 30 words.
- Provide a clear, informative name of the output, for a non-specialist reader and without acronyms.
- Avoid abbreviations or (technical) jargon.

#### **Description:\***

Text box to enter the description of the output indicator.

- Max. 150 words.
- Ensure the description is understandable for a non-specialist reader.
- Avoid acronyms and technical jargon.
- Avoid repetition of the title.

#### **Lead contact person:**

Text box to enter the name of the lead contact person.

## Impact Area scores:\*

Provide a score (0, 1 or 2) indicating the relevance of the result for each of the 5 Impact Areas (IAs). IA scores are defined as follows:

**0 = Not targeted:** The result has been screened against the IA but it has not been found to *directly* contribute to any aspect of the IA as it is outlined in the CGIAR 2030 Research and Innovation Strategy.

**1 = Significant:** The result directly contributes to one or more aspects of the IA. However, contributing to the IA is not the *principal* objective of the result.

**2 = Principal:** Contributing to one or more aspects of the IA is the principal objective of the result. The IA is fundamental to the design of the activity leading to the result; the activity would not have been undertaken without this objective.

### Notes:

- Every result should have at least one score of 1 or 2. Results with scores of 0 for all IAs should be rare cases.
- No more than two IAs should receive scores of 2 for a given result. Results with three IAs with scores of 2 should be rare cases.
- Scores should not be assigned solely based on relevance to the collective global targets, but rather to the IA as more broadly defined in the 2030 Strategy and by the IA Platforms, indicated below.
- Scoring should be based on the relevance of the IAs to a given result and not on other criteria such as a specific donor's level of interest in an IA.
- When a score of 2 is selected, evidence must be provided. Evidence should clearly demonstrate that Impact Area objectives were the main objective of the result and were fundamental in the design of the output.
- Evidence is not required for scores 0 or 1.
- For gender, evidence that data or findings are disaggregated by gender is not sufficient for a score of "2" principal. In general, for publications, one would expect an Impact Area term to be in the title (e.g. "gender" or "women"). For a score of significant "1", one would expect an Impact Area term to feature in the abstract.
- Also see: [Handbook on the OECD-DAC gender equality policy marker](#), [DAC gender equality policy marker](#) and [OECD DAC Rio Markers for Climate: Handbook](#).

### Gender equality, youth and social inclusion

- **Example topics:** Empowering women and youth, encouraging women and youth entrepreneurship, and addressing socio-political barriers to social inclusion in food systems; ensuring equal access to resources; and meeting the specific crop and breed requirements and preferences of women, youth, and disadvantaged groups.
- **Collective global targets:**
  - To close the gender gap in rights to economic resources, access to ownership and control over land and natural resources for over 500 million women who work in food, land and water systems.
  - To offer rewardable opportunities to 267 million young people who are not in employment, education or training.
- **Note:** Specific enhanced instructions related to scoring for gender equality, elaborated by the GENDER Platform, are available [here](#).

### Climate adaptation and mitigation

- **Example topics:** Generating scientific evidence on the impact of climate change on food, land and water systems, and vice-versa; developing evidence-based solutions that support climate action, including via policies, institutions and finance; enhancing adaptive capacity of small-scale producers while reducing GHG emissions/carbon footprints; providing affordable, accessible climate-informed services; developing climate-resilient crop varieties and breeds; securing genetic resources for future climate needs; and improving methods (e.g. for modeling, forecasts).
- **Collective global targets:**
  - Turn agriculture and forest systems into a net sink for carbon by 2050.
  - Equip 500 million small-scale producers to be more resilient by 2030.
  - Support countries in implementing National Adaptation Plans and Nationally Determined Contributions, and increased ambition in climate actions by 2030. education or training.

### Nutrition, health and food security

- **Example topics:** Improving diets, nutrition, and food security (affordability, accessibility, desirability, stability); human health; and managing zoonotic diseases, food safety, and anti-microbial resistance.
- **Collective global targets:**
  - To end hunger for all and enable affordable, healthy diets for the 3 billion people who do not currently have access to safe and nutritious food.
  - To reduce cases of foodborne illness (600 million annually) and zoonotic disease (1 billion annually) by one third.

#### **Environmental health and biodiversity**

- **Example topics:** Supporting actions to stay within planetary boundaries for natural resource use and biodiversity through digital tools; improving management of water, land, soil, nutrients, waste, and pollution, including through nature-based, ecosystem-based, and agroecological approaches; conserving biodiversity through ex situ facilities (e.g. genebanks, community seed-banks) or in situ conservation areas; and breeding to reduce environmental footprint.
- **Collective global targets:**
  - Stay within planetary and regional environmental boundaries: consumptive water use in food production of less than 2,500 km<sup>3</sup> per year (with a focus on the most stressed basins), zero net deforestation, nitrogen application of 90 Tg per year (with a redistribution towards low-input farming systems) and increased use efficiency; and phosphorus application of 10 Tg per year.
  - Maintain the genetic diversity of seed varieties, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed genebanks at the national, regional, and international levels.

#### **Poverty reduction, livelihoods and jobs**

- **Example topics:** Improving social protection and employment opportunities by supporting access to resources and markets; developing solutions for resilient, income-generating agriculture for small farmers; and reducing poverty through adoption of new varieties and breeds with better yields.
- **Collective global targets:**
  - Lift at least 500 million people living in rural areas above the extreme poverty line of US \$1.90 per day (2011 PPP).
  - Reduce by at least half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions, according to national definitions.

#### **Key result story:\***

Is this result featured in a key result story for the reporting year?

**Yes**

Add link to key result story

**No**

- It is possible to select “no” and then later update this to “yes” if it is later selected as a key result story.

## **THEORY OF CHANGE**

---

#### **Contributors:\***

Initiatives and non-pooled projects that you collaborated with to generate this result/contributed to this result.

#### **Primary submitter\***

Automatically generated.

#### **Contributing Initiatives of Platforms**

Select from a drop-down list.

#### **Contributing non-pooled projects**

Select funder from CLARISA list.

Text box to enter grant title.

Text box to enter Center Grant ID.

Drop down to enter Lead/Contract Center (select from a dropdown list) and text boxes to enter grant details (title and ID).

#### **Contributing Centers\***

Select from a drop-down list.

- Initiatives and non-pooled projects:
  - Multiple selections are possible.
  - Contribution to a reported result: Include those partners [OR Initiatives/non-pooled projects/Impact Platforms] that made a significant contribution to the achievement of the result. This could take many forms and the threshold for inclusion is that the result would not have been achieved or reported in its current form without their support.
  - If you don't find the partner you are looking for, request to have it added to the list. Please note that once your partner request is approved, it could take up to an hour to be available in the CLARISA institutions list.
- Centers:
  - Multiple selections are possible.

#### **Theory of change:\***

##### **Does this result match a planned result in your theory of change?\***

Yes (select from drop-down menu of planned results in your theory of change)

Output\* (select from drop-down)

Indicator(s) of the output selected (automatically generated)

Target (automatically generated)

Does this result contribute to this indicator\*

Yes

Text box to enter quantitative contribution.

Text box to enter short progress narrative.

No

Text box to enter progress narrative of the output.

**No**

Outcome level\* (select from drop-down)

Outcome\* (select from drop-down)

---

## **PARTNERS**

**Partners:\***

Partner organizations you collaborated with or are currently collaborating with to generate this result.

**Not applicable** (check box)

**Partners** (select from drop-down)

**Partner types** (automatically generated)

**Partner role\***

Scaling

Demand

Innovation

- Please note that CGIAR Centers are not listed here. They are directly linked to Section 2, Theory of Change.
- If you do not find the partner in the dropdown menu, you can request to have it added to the list. Once approved, it may take up to an hour for the partner to appear in the CLARISA institutions list.
- Multiple partners can be selected.
- Scaling partner: Organizations or entities that CGIAR collaborates with to advance the uptake and use of innovations at scale.
- Demand partner: Organizations or entities that have (expressed) an explicit or implicit demand for an innovation, change or who aspire to a specific goal or impact to which CGIAR can contribute.
- Innovation partner: Organizations or entities that CGIAR collaborates and co-invests with to develop, improve the readiness of, or apply innovations to contribute to impact at scale.

---

**GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION****What is the main geographic focus of the output?\***

Global (option to also specify regions and countries)

Regional (select region(s) and option to also specify countries)

Country (select specific countries)

Sub-national (select subnational units)

This is yet to be determined

- Select the geographic location/s where the result is taking place.
- For sub-national, multiple inputs can be made unless it adds up to a specific country in which case country should be selected.
- For country, multiple countries can be selected, unless the selection adds up to a specific region, or set of regions, or global, in which case, region or global should be selected.
- For region, multiple regions can be selected, unless the selection adds up to every region, in which case global should be selected.
- For blended virtual and in-person training, select the geographic location where most of the in-person training took place.
- For virtual events, no selection is necessary. However, if preferred, a selection can be made based on the target location of the output, if applicable.

## LINKS TO RESULTS

---

**Did another indicator category contribute to this result?** (search bar to look for results)

Button to link results

**Add results from previous Portfolio** (text box to enter link)

## EVIDENCE

---

### Source of the evidence\*

Link

Text box to enter the link

Upload file

Is this a public file?\*

Yes

No

File to be uploaded on the repository:\*

(Drag and drop or select file function to upload file)

**Please indicate which Impact Area scores this evidence is related to:**

Gender

Climate change

Nutrition

Environment

Poverty

**Please provide details of where evidence can be found within the source link (e.g. page number, slide number, table number)**

Text box to enter description.

- Capacity sharing for development does not currently require evidence submission for quality assurance due to the time/resource burden and potential unresolved General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) issues.
- By submitting a capacity sharing for development result it is understood that you have evidence to support the result submission, and that should a sub-sample be required this evidence could be made available.
- Impact Area scores
  - If an Impact Area score of 2 has been selected, at least one piece of evidence must be selected as being Impact Area-related (see additional points above in “Impact Area scores”).
- If submitting evidence:
  - Submit a maximum of 6 pieces of evidence.
  - List evidence from most to least important.

- Evidence **links** and **file uploads** are both possible in the PRMS.
- All links provided should be publicly accessible. All CGIAR publications should be shared using a CGSpace link.
- Links to SharePoint, One Drive, Google Drive, DropBox, and other file storage platforms are not allowed. If you do not have a CGSpace or other public link available, use the “Upload file” option to upload your evidence to the PRMS repository.
- For confidential evidence, select “Upload file” and then “No” to indicate that it should not be public.
- If you add an evidence link, or indicate that the file being uploaded to the PRMS repository is **public**:
  - You confirm that the file is publicly accessible.
  - You confirm that all intellectual property rights related to the file have been observed. This includes any rights relevant to the document owner’s Center affiliation and any specific rights tied to content within the document, such as images.
  - You agree to the file link being displayed on the CGIAR Results Dashboard.
- If you indicate that the file being uploaded to the PRMS repository is **NOT public**:
  - You confirm that the file should not be publicly accessible.
  - The file will not be accessible through the CGIAR Results Dashboard.
  - The file will be stored in the PRMS repository and will only be accessible by CGIAR staff (e.g. quality assurance assessors) with the repository link.
- Documents in the PRMS repository will be view-only and cannot be edited.

## CAPACITY SHARING FOR DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

---

### Capacity sharing for development info\*

#### Number of people trained\*

Female (text box to enter quantity)

Male (text box to enter quantity)

Non-binary (text box to enter quantity)

Unknown (text box to enter quantity)

#### Length of training\*

Long-term

PhD

Masters

Short-term

#### Delivery method

Virtual/Online

In-person

Blended (in-person and virtual)

#### Were the trainees attending on behalf of an organization?\*

Yes (multiple selections possible from CLARISA partner list)

No

- If gender disaggregated data is not available, please indicate the number of people trained in the "Unknown" field.
- Long-term training refers to training that goes for 3 or more months.
- For long-term training there is the option to select either PhD or Masters.
- Short-term training refers to training that goes for less than 3 months.
- Both long-term and short-term training programs must be completed before reporting (to avoid reporting the same trainee multiple times across years).
- If the number of trainees in a workshop/training reported in the past (in 2022 and/or 2023) is to be updated in 2024, the number should be **updated cumulatively**, combining the previously reported number of trainees with the new number of trainees.
- Ensure that your selection for geographic location matches the selection for delivery method:
  - For virtual/online settings, geographic selection is optional. Either no geographic selection is made, or the location is chosen based on the target location of the output, if applicable.
  - For in-person, a geographic selection should be made.
  - For blended, a geographic selection should be made based on where the majority of in-person training took place.