

1.Orangutans spend most of their time up in the trees, where they use their long, strong arms and hook-shaped hands to climb and swing from branch to branch. They sleep in leafy nests high from the ground, where it's harder for hungry enemies (like leopards and other big cats) to get them!

2.Orangutans eat ripe fruit, along with young leaves, bark, flowers, honey, insects, vines, and the of plants. One of their preferred foods is the fruit of the durian tree, which has a very strong smell and tastes somewhat like sweet, cheesy, garlic custard.

3.A male may stretch his arms 7 feet from fingertip to fingertip a reach is longer than his standing height of about 5 feet. When orangutans do stand, their hands nearly touch the ground.

4.Orangutans are found only in the rain forests of the Southeast Asian islands of Borneo and Sumatra. They spend nearly their entire lives in trees swinging in tree tops and building nests for sleep.

5.So Sumatran orangutans live on Sumatra and Bornean orangutans live on Borneo. Sumatra is part of Indonesia, while Borneo is divided among three countries. Bornean orangutans live in

both Indonesia and Malaysia. Overall, Indonesia is where about 80 percent of the world's wild orangutans remain.

6.The orangutans are three extant species of great apes native to Indonesia and Malaysia. Orangutans are currently only found in the rainforests of Borneo and Sumatra. Classified in the genus Pongo, orangutans were originally considered to be one species.

Scientific name: Pongo

Gestation period: Bornean orangutan: 259 days

7.**Height:** males - about 1.5m; females - about 1.2m
Weight: males - 93 to 130 kg; females – 48 to 55 kg
Life Span: 60 years or more
Gestation: about 8.5 months
Number of Young at Birth: usually 1, very rarely 2

8.All species of orangutans are critically endangered due to the loss, degradation, and fragmentation of their forest habitat. By 2080, if it continues, it has been projected that the Bornean orangutan will lose 70-80% of its forest habitat.

9.There are between 50,000-65,000 orangutans left in the wild. and certainty that 2,000 to 3,000 orangutans are killed every year. In the zoo there are only 70,000-100,000 left.

10.Palm oil is the reason why orangutans are endangered. the release of climate-warming gases. The **orangutans** that are displaced starve to **death**, are **killed by** plantation workers as pests, or die in the fires.



