


 "To have" es el verbo usado para expresar la posesión	
She has got an orange	Ella tiene una naranja

 Se forma así:			
She	has	got	an orange
Sujeto	To have	Participio pasado de "To get"	objeto poseído

 Have got/ afirmativo
I have got Yo tengo
you have got Tú tienes
he has got Él tiene
she has got Ella tiene
it has got Cosa tiene
we have got Tenemos
you have got Tenéis
they have got Ellos tienen

 Haven't got/ negativo
I haven't got Yo no tengo
you haven't got Tú no tienes
he hasn't got Él no tiene
she hasn't got Ella no tiene
it hasn't got Cosa no tiene
we haven't got No tenemos
you haven't got No tenéis
they haven't got Ellos no tienen

 Have got/interrogativo
Have I got? ¿tengo?
Have got ¿Tienes?
Has he got ¿Tiene él?
Has she got ¿Tiene ella?
Has it has got ¿Tiene cosa?
Have we got ¿Tenemos?
Have you got ¿Tenéis?
Have they got ¿Tienen?

