

I. complete each sentence with a suitable word or phrase.

1.had we arrived at the hotel., when there was a power cut.
2.are members of staff to accept gratuities from clients.
3.Detective Dawson realize what she was to discover!
- 4.....so many employees taken sick leave at the same time.
5.to pay the full amount now, there would be a ten percent discount.
6. I supposed, asmost people, that I would be retiring at 60
7.the doctor seen a more difficult case.
8.Jean win first prize, but she was also offered a promotion.
9.will late arrivals be admitted to the theatre before the interval.
10.one missing child been found, than another three disappeared.
11. Should.....anything, could you tell me?
12. Were, everyone in it would have been killed.
13. Hadharder, I would probably have passed all my exams.
14. Shouldneighborhood, why don't you drop in?
15. Had.....immediately, your daughter would not be so ill.
16. Wereyou, I would turn you down flat!
17. Should, just call room service, and order a meal.
18. Werejob, we couldn't be sure that she would accept.
19. Hadmeasures, this political crisis could have been avoided.
20. Should.....lost, we would have heard from him by now.

II. Rewrite the sentence, starting as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

1. It was only when the office phoned me that I found out about the meeting.
Not until.....
2. The facts were not all made public until later.
Only.....
3. If I had realized what would happen, I wouldn't have accepted the job.
Had.....
4. The response to our appeal was so great that we had to take on more staff.
Such.....
5. Harry broke his leg, and also injured his shoulder.
Not only.....
6. The police didn't at all suspect that the judge was the murderer.
Little.....
7. If you do happen to see Helen, could you ask her to call me?
Should.....
8. The bus driver cannot be blamed for the accident in any way.
In.....
9. The snowfall was so heavy that all the trains had to be cancelled.
So.....
10. If the government raised interest rates, they would lose the election.
Were.....
11. As soon as I got into the bath, someone knocked at the door.
No sooner.....
12. There was so much uncertainty that the financial markets remained closed.
Such.....
13. It's not common for there to be so much rain in March.
Seldom.....
14. You won't be allowed in until your identity has been checked.
Only.....

15. Just after the play started there was a power failure.

Hardly.....

16. The Prime Minister has hardly ever made a speech as incept as this.

Rarely.....

17. We had only just arrived home when the police called.

Scarcely.....

18. Press photographers are banned from taking photographs backstage.

On no.....

19. The way so much money has been spent to so little purpose must be a record.

Never before.....

20. The judge was taken ill just after the trial proceedings began.

Barely.....

III. complete each sentence with a suitable word or phrase

1. Scarcely.....the pilot had to make an emergency landing.

2. Little.....what has been going on in her absence.

3. No soonerthan I realized I'd left my bag on the platform.

4. Only whenon the light did we notice the hole in the ceiling.

5. Not until I asked a passer-by.....where I was.

6. seldom doesbelow freezing at this time of the year.

7. Hardlyhis speech, when the minister was interrupted.

8. On no account amwhile I am in a meeting

9. Rarely has.....this school written a better composition.

10. In no waybear responsibility for injuries to passengers.

IV. Rewrite each sentence

1. Were Smith to resign, I might stand a chance of getting his job. (IF)

2. Such was the demand for tickets that people queued day and night. (GREAT)

3. The money is not to be paid under any circumstances. (NO)

4. Three days passed before we arrived at the first oasis. (NOT UNTIL)

5. Hardly had the ship left port, when a violent storm developed. (SOON AFTER)

6. They would have discovered land sooner had they carried a compass. (IF)

7. Little did Brends know what she was letting herself in for. (IDEA)

8. It was only when I stopped that I realized something was wrong. (DID I)

9. The accused never expressed regret for what he had done (AT NO TIME)

10. So exhausted were the runners that none of them finished the race. (TOO)

PREPOSITION

1. She was irritatedthe way her fiancé picked his nose, so she broke it off.
2. Take advantage.....this special offer! 50 per cent off list price while stocks last!
3. Because of the increase in the number of firms offering financial services, there's a bigger demand than everqualified accountants.
4. Please give my regardyour mother, Tom, when you see her again.
5. "I am Polish.....birth, but I have French nationality."
6. Congratulationsyour birthday!
7. The railway police have finally arrested the man who has been responsiblebiting all the buttons off railway carriage seats.
8. With referenceyour advertisement in today's Guardian, I should like to apply for the post of Head Clerk in your Sales Department.
9. He wenthis own accord: nobody forced him to go.
10. Sarah is studying hard. She is intentgetting a good degree.
11. I wish you'd stop arguing.....politics all the time.
12. Could you dealthis problem. I'm rather busy.
13. The lights are designed to deter burglar.....approaching the house.
14. Your plan doesn't allowchanges in the weather.
15. I would like to protestyour treatment of the staff.
16. Damage to the building resultedan unusually high wind.
17. We really marveledHelen's conjuring tricks.
18. I am not really concernedthat side of the business.
19. The Minister is also implicated.....the scandal.
20. The company is committedraising salaries and improving conditions.
21. Stop wasting time! Get to my office.....the double
22. Before they hire anyone they should checkbackground.
23. I met him at the party and he askedyou.
24. I applied for a part time job at the supermarket. They're going to take me.....
25. He had taken over an old company vergingliquidations.
26. My mother never gives anyone a tipprinciple.
27. Tom's leaving. Why don't you putfor his job?
28. Jenny has comea wonderful name for her new goldfish.
29. He ranall the money he had inherited in less than a year.
30. I'm afraid I can't come to the concert with you. I'mmy earn in work this week.
31. " who destroyed the Temple in Jerusalem?"
"I don't know, sir, but I expect that they will blame itme"
32. When the offer of a free trip to Holland was made, John was very quickthe mark, and managed to get the first tickets.
33. Most people would jump.....the chance to spend a year in America
34. When Robin told me about his quarrel with Batman, I asked him not to involve mehis personal affairs.
35. Was the Clifton suspension Bridge nameda man called Clifton Suspension?
36. If trains always leaveschedule, why do so many of them arrive late at the other end?
37. The survivors of the Titanic weresea for several days before being rescued.
38. My husband brought me some flowers today. He must besomething.
39. We were all very excitedthe prospect of a free trip to Paris.
40. Does it matter what a national politician doesprivate as long as he performs well in his job?

1. by 2. of 3. for 4. to 5. by 6. on 7. for 8. to 9. of 10. on

- to do something of sb's own accord : tw nguyen lam gi
- to be intent on someone's job : mai me voi cong viec

11. about 12. with 13. from 14. for 15. about 16. from 17. at 18. with
19. in 20. to

- deter sb from doing sth: prevent sb from doing st
- to allow for something / somebody: ke den . tinh den, chieu co den,
- to allow of st: cho phep cai gi, giang cho cho cai gi
- marvel at st: ngạc nhiên, kinh ngạc
- to concern oneself with / in / about something) bận tâm đến điều gì
there's no need to concern yourself with that matter, we're dealing with it
anh chẳng phải bận tâm về chuyện này, chúng tôi đang giải quyết đây
- to be implicated in sth: bị liên quan vào, bị dính lứu vào, bị liên can.
- commit sb/oneself to sth / doing sth : cam kết

21. at/on 22. up on 23. after 24. on 25. on 26. on 27. in 28. up with
29. through 30. up/ to

- at the double / on the double : rất nhanh, rất vội vã
- to ask somebody about somebody / something; to ask something of somebody) yêu cầu thông tin (về ai/cái gì); hỏi

to ask something of somebody / somebody for something) yêu cầu ai cho cái gì hoặc làm gì
did you ask your boss for a pay increase? anh có yêu cầu ông chủ tăng lương chưa?

(to ask somebody to something) mời ăn

to ask someone to dinner: mời cơm ai

to ask for trouble/it: chuốc lấy phiền nhiễu

for the asking chỉ hỏi thôi mà cũng đạt được cái mình muốn

the job is yours for the asking

anh chỉ cần hỏi là có việc ngay cho anh làm (nếu anh nói là anh muốn làm công việc đó thì người ta sẽ đồng ý ngay)

to ask after somebody hỏi thông tin về sức khỏe của ai, hỏi thăm sức khỏe

to ask for somebody/something nói rằng mình muốn gặp hoặc nói chuyện với ai, hoặc muốn được cho hướng tới cái gì

- to verge on sth : gần sát, gần kề
- in principle về nguyên tắc cơ bản; nói chung (không đi vào chi tiết)
- on principle vì những nguyên tắc (đạo đức); niềm tin cố định của mình
- to put in for : đòi , yêu sách, xin.
- to run through chạy qua đâm xuyên qua (bằng lưỡi lê...)
gạch đi, xóa đi (chữ...)
xem lướt qua, đọc lướt qua (tờ báo...)
phung phí, xài phí, tiêu xài hết nhanh (của cải...)
thăm vào, thăm qua

31. on 32. off 33. at 34. in 35. after 36. on 37. at 38. after 39. at 40. in

- to blame somebody for something; to blame something on somebody) khiển trách, đổ lỗi
 - to jump at / to : chớp lấy, nắm ngay lấy. Chấp nhận vội vàng. vội đi tới kết luận
 - After: theo sau, theo đuổi (diễn tả ý tìm kiếm, sự mong muốn, sự trông nom săn sóc)
- to be after something*** ***đuổi theo cái gì, tìm kiếm cái gì***
- to thirst after knowledge khao khát sự hiểu biết
- to look after somebody trông nom săn sóc ai