# Title in English Max 15 Words [Font: Times New Roman 20 point]

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**Abstract**—Abstracts of up to 200 English with text italic using font Times New Roman 10 point. The abstract should be clear, descriptive, and should provide a brief overview of the problem under study. The abstract contents cover the reasons for choosing the topic or the importance of the topic being studied, the research method used, and the summary of the research results. The abstract should end with a comment about the importance of the result of a brief conclusion. Do not use Symbols, Special Characters, or Maths in the abstract.
**Keywords**—keyword; keyword2; keyword3

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# I. INTRODUCTION

The introduction outlines the background of the problem under study, issues related to the problem, and research reviews that have been done before by other researchers relevant to the research conducted. Provide adequate background or context (problem and significance) of the study. Subjects may not be written broadly. It is hoped that the reasons or objectives of the study (gap analysis), general and specific objectives, and hypotheses (if any) must be clearly stated. Present a clear "state of the art" about the subject, which discusses the literature and the theoretical concepts behind it. A brief general background can be included in the article. Present at least 5 (five) recent related works to support the novelty of research. Successive quotes in parentheses [1]. **[Font: Times New Roman 11 point] [All Justify Paragraphs]**

# II. RESEARCH METHOD

Describe briefly about the material and methods used in the study, including the subjects/materials studied, the tools used, the experimental design or design used, the sampling technique, the variables to be measured, the data collection techniques, analysis and statistical models used. Provide sufficient detail to allow work to be reproduced by independent researchers. Methods that have been published must be summarised and shown by reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also the source quotation. Any modifications to the existing method must also be explained. Show observed participants, including demographic data, number of respondents, reasons for selecting respondents, etc. Describe the design of the experiment, such as the experimental procedure, surveys, interviews, observational characteristics, etc. Write a full research procedure. Make sure that the explanations made in the article will allow other researchers to reproduce the work, or make future work. Consecutive quotes in parentheses [1].**[Font: Times New Roman 11 point] [All Justify Paragraphs]**

A. Mathematical Formulas **[Consistently using one of Numbering Letters or Numbers]**

If you use Ms Word, use the Microsoft Equation Editor or MathType equation, is written in the middle, and is given several equations starting from (1), (2) etc.

$$a \times b = c \qquad (1)$$

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**Figure 1.** INTENSIF **[FONT: TIMES NEW ROMAN 11 POINT]**

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B. Table **[Consistently using one of Numbering Letters or Numbers]**

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**Table 1.** TABLE STYLES [FONT: TIMES NEW ROMAN 11 POINT]

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## III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Discussion of the results of research and testing obtained is presented in the form of theoretical descriptions, both qualitatively and quantitatively [1]. The results of the experiment should be displayed in the form of graphs or tables. Charts can follow the format for diagrams and pictures. Write the results in a logical order. Results with important findings must be present first. When presenting results in a table or figure, don't repeat all of that content in the text. Only present text summaries. Describe only the new and important aspects of this research. Don't repeat all information from the results section or any of the above. Limitations of current research. Write a new or unsolved problem for future research. This section consists of information about what / how the data presented is produced; there is no raw data that must be presented in the article. The data generated is presented in a table, or figure with an explanation of what the results/findings of the work are. This section also needs to discuss the relationship between findings and basic concepts or hypotheses previously made. The author must also

reveal whether there are necessary arguments related to the work of other researchers. Write down the implications made by work related to theory or application. Successive quotes in parentheses [2] (Quotes using Mendeley with IEEE Format). **[Font: Times New Roman 11 point] [All Justify Paragraphs]**

## IV. CONCLUSION

The contents of the conclusions are answers to the objectives of the study, not a summary of the results of the study. Conclusions and suggestions are made briefly, clearly and concisely based on the results of the study [3]. Conclusions and Suggestions are paragraphs without numbering. The conclusion must be related to the title and purpose of the study. Don't make statements that are not adequately supported by your findings. Write down the improvements made in the field of industrial engineering or science in general. Don't make further discussions, repeat abstracts, or list the results of the research results. Don't use bulleted points; use paragraph sentences instead. Successive quotes in parentheses [4] (Quotes using Mendeley). **[Font: Times New Roman 11 point] [All Justify Paragraphs]**

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS [OPTIONAL]

The author would like to thank the agencies/companies/institutions that have provided financial support for this research. **[Font: Times New Roman 11 point] [All Justify Paragraphs]**

## REFERENCES

1. Successive quotes in parentheses [1]. The following punctuation sentence bracket [2]. Refers only to reference numbers, as in [3] -Do not use "Ref. [3]" or "reference [3] .
2. Minimum bibliography of **25 citations** originating from **Journals/Conferences** maximum published in the **last ten years**.
3. You must use Mendeley for citation and bibliography in APAformat. A download can be downloaded at https://www.mendeley.com/downloads

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