

Mental Protection for Children's Act 2019

Mar a tionscnaíodh As initiated

BILL ENTITLED

This bill creates a framework for the the extension of mental health checks for children and a pathway to care for those issued a formal diagnoses.

The Dáil recognises that:

- 1. Between 20 and 30 percent of the Irish population you have an identifiable mental health problem.
- 2. Among this population, the estimated rate of access is estimated to be less than 20%. For those with moderate problems it is estimated to be less than 5 percent.
- Those with mental health problems are at a higher risk of academic failure, exclusion from school, entanglement with the Justice System, failure to find employment after graduation, and suicide.
- 4. The price to the exchequer of mental health problems approaches 300 million.
- 5. Untreated these problems tend to accumulate as do their costs.
- 6. The total cost of mental health illnesses in Ireland is estimated to be 3 billion euros.
- 7. It is well established in the academic literature that within Ireland, '[p]athways to care for young people [are] non-existent or dysfunctional'.

Be it enacted by the Oireachtas as follows:

- The government shall ensure that, during each annual period, each child currently enrolled in either the final two years of primary education, or in secondary education, shall receive a mental health check. This will be conducted through a two-staged, multi-gated approach:
 - a. The first stage will see class-groups tested with an academically-supported diagnostic instrument with the results interpreted by an accredited professional.
 - b. Those students who are identified by this diagnostic as being at risk shall be interviewed by an accredited professional and a formal diagnosis prepared.
- 2. Where possible these assessments will be conducted outside of classroom hours.

- 3. Children diagnosed with a mental illness in the second stage shall be entitled to at least 15 hour-long sessions with an accredited councillor commencing within four weeks of a formal diagnosis being made. These sessions are to be renewed as deemed necessary.
- 4. If a public sector councillor cannot be located and scheduled to meet within four weeks, then the government must issue a voucher covering the cost of attending private services.

Submitted by /u/inoticeromance on Behalf of the 3rd Government