| Name | Period |
|--|---|
| Understanding Chemical Reacti | |
| as products. The Law of Conserv destroyed in a chemical reaction elements. We use subscripts and | s called reactants change into different substances, known ation of Mass tells us that mass is neither created nor. Compounds are made up of two or more different coefficients in chemical formulas to show the number of g atoms in a formula helps us understand how reactants |
| Fill in the Blank: Fill in the blank | with the correct words. |
| 1. In a chemical reaction, th | e substances you start with are called |
| • | up with after a chemical reaction are called |
| 3. The in are present. | a chemical formula indicates how many atoms of an elemen |
| 4. The number in front of a you how many molecule | chemical formula is called a, and it tells there are. |
| 5. The law that states mass called the | is neither created nor destroyed in a chemical reaction is |
| Word bank: reactants, products, | subscript, coefficient, Law of Conservation of Mass |
| Multiple Choice Questions: Cho | ose the correct answer from the choices for each question. |
| 1. What are compounds ma | ide of? |
| o A) Only one elem | ent |
| o B) Two or more d | fferent elements |
| o C) Liquids | |
| 2. Which of the following is | a reactant in the chemical equation $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$? |
| ∘ A) <i>H</i> ₂ <i>O</i> | |
| ∘ B) O ₂ | |

o C) Water

| 3. In the | chemical formula CH_4 , what does the subscript "4" represent? |
|--|--|
| 0 | A) Four molecules of methane |
| 0 | B) Four atoms of carbon |
| 0 | C) Four atoms of hydrogen |
| 4. Which statement best describes the Law of Conservation of Mass? | |
| 0 | A) Mass can be created |
| 0 | B) Mass can be destroyed |
| 0 | C) Mass is neither created nor destroyed |
| 5. What is the coefficient in the chemical equation $3CO_2$? | |
| 0 | A) 3 |
| 0 | B) 2 |
| 0 | C) CO ₂ |
| Open Ended Questions: Answer the following questions in complete sentences: | |
| 1. Explain why the Law of Conservation of Mass is important in chemical reactions. | |
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| 2. How do subscripts and coefficients help us understand chemical equations? | |
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| 3. Describe the difference between reactants and products in a chemical reaction. | |
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Answer Key:

Fill in the Blank:

- 1. reactants
- 2. products
- 3. subscript
- 4. coefficient
- 5. Law of Conservation of Mass

Multiple Choice Questions:

- 1. B) Two or more different elements
- 2. B) O_2
- 3. C) Four atoms of hydrogen
- 4. C) Mass is neither created nor destroyed
- 5. A) 3

Open Ended Questions:

- The Law of Conservation of Mass is important because it helps us understand that in a chemical reaction, the total mass of the reactants is equal to the total mass of the products. This law allows us to predict the outcomes of reactions and balance chemical equations.
- Subscripts in a chemical formula indicate the number of atoms of each element in a molecule, while coefficients show how many molecules are involved in the reaction.
 Together, they help us understand the proportions of different elements and compounds in a chemical reaction.
- 3. Reactants are the substances that are present at the beginning of a chemical reaction, while products are the substances formed as a result of the reaction. Reactants undergo changes to become products.