

## "Which has more?" Task - Kinder Monitoring Sheet

| Tags objects while counting:   | Labels the objects with numbers:  |                        |                      |  |  |
|--|---|------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Applies the Stable-Order (of number-names) Principle (says number names in order as they count): | Accurate count. Models the Cardinal Principle - shows that the last number named gives to a total number of objects: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Circular Configuration</th><th>Linear Configuration</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> | Circular Configuration | Linear Configuration |  |  |
| Circular Configuration   | Linear Configuration  |                        |                      |  |  |
|  |   |                        |                      |  |  |
| Able to tell which set has more:   | Shows evidence of the Order-Irrelevance Principle: Students understand that the order in which objects are counted has no effect on the total number of objects:  |                        |                      |  |  |
| Has a strategy for keeping track of objects counted:   | Uses manipulatives:   |                        |                      |  |  |

Eating Raisins Task - Grade 1 Monitoring Sheet

|   |   |            |           |  |  |
|---|---|------------|-----------|--|--|
| Use counters (Note: if used with a ten-frame or physical number bond)   | Draws math sketch that matches the situation (Note: if labels sketch)   |            |           |  |  |
| Uses a number line (Note: if uses a ruler as a number line)   | <div>Accurate count</div> <table><tr><td>Counts all</td><td>Counts on</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <div>Adds all the numbers:</div> | Counts all | Counts on |  |  |
| Counts all  | Counts on   |            |           |  |  |
|   |   |            |           |  |  |
| Able to tell who has more:  | Uses equations to match the situation:  |            |           |  |  |
| Able to articulate that $9 + 2$ is more than $7 + 2$ , because 2 is a constant, so you are just comparing 7 to 9. | Able to articulate that $9 + 2$ is more than $7 + 2$ , because they compared the sums.  |            |           |  |  |

## Tall Plants Task - Grade 2 Monitoring Sheet

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Use manipulatives (Note: counters, base-ten blocks)   | Draws math sketch that matches the situation (Note: if labels sketch)                              |
| Uses a number line (Note: if uses a meter stick as a number line):<br><br>Uses bar model to show the situation: | Comprehends the story: Understands/Shows that Oscar has the taller plant:                          |
| Demonstrates Additive Reasoning by decomposing 9 into nested addends other than ones, e.g., 5 and 4             | Shows an understanding of place value:   |
| Compensation Strategy: Adds ten, subtracts 1  | Uses equations to match the situation:   |
| Counts on Strategy: Counts from 75 to 84 by ones  | Just adds the numbers, but does not show an understanding of what the sum means given the context. |

## Ice Tea Task - Grade 3 Monitoring Sheet

Uses manipulatives to acts out the story using a sharing out model:

Draws math sketch that matches the situation (Note: if labels sketch)

### Math Models

| Equal Groups | Number Line | Bar Model/Tape Diagram | Ratio Table | Array |
|--------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------|
|              |             |                        |             |       |

### Strategies

| Skip Counting | Repeated Addition | Uses Multiplication (Inverse Operations)<br>___ x 2 = 8 |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|---|--|--|
|               |                   |   |  |  |

Misconception: Multiplies 2 x 8

Writes a multiplication equation:

Uses the division symbol:

### Task #1 Burgers - Grade 4 Monitoring Sheet

A baseball stadium sold some burgers. 2,806 were cheeseburgers. 1,679 burgers didn't have cheese. How many burgers did they sell in all?

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Uses concrete materials/manipulatives: | Uses pictorial base-ten blocks (and uses labels): |
| Uses partial sums:                     | Uses unit form:                                   |
| Uses an open number line:              | Uses a bar model/tape diagram:                    |
| Regroups appropriately:                | Shows place value understandings:                 |
| Has a clear statement of the answer:   | Uses standard algorithm:                          |
| Other:                                 | Other:  |

### Task #1 Juice Boxes - Grade 5 Monitoring Sheet

Patty buys 4 juice boxes a month for lunch. One juice box costs \$2.25. How much money does Patty spend on juice each month?

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Uses concrete materials/manipulatives: | Makes a math sketch (and uses labels): |
| Uses a tape diagram/bar model:         | Uses an area model:                    |
| Uses equal groups:                     | Uses a table:                          |
| Uses repeated addition:                | Uses partial products:                 |
| Writes an equation:                    | Uses unit form:                        |
| Shows place value understanding:       | Uses fractions:                        |