Name:	(please bring everyday)			
	Super Science Review for S1 Final			

smooth	segmented	equal	jointed	holes
soft	Food	do not	sea anemones	characteristics
soft	segmented	Sting	Tube feet	filters
Tentacles	underwater	Halves	foot	jointed legs
paralyze	shells	Exoskeleton	movement	

۲	Daratyze	3110113	LAUSKEIELUII	movement	
1.	Invertebrat	tes can be based	on their common	characteristi	cs
2.	Some inver	rtebrates have	jointed le	gs and some do r	not.
3.	Invertebrat	tes withjointe	ed legs_ are the la	argest group of in	vertebrates on
	Earth.				
4.	Jointed leg	s allow for	_movement	•	
5.	Crustacean	is are usually foui	ndunderwat	er	
6.	Insects, spi	ders, millipedes a	and crustaceans h	iave a	
	segme	entedbody	and a hardexo	skeleton	
7.	Starfish, se	a urchins, and se	a cucumbers	do not	have jointed
	legs.				
8.	Starfish, se	a urchins and sea	cucumbers have	a body that is m	ade up of five
	eq	ıual segn	nents.		
9.	Tube f	feet helps the	m move and feed	l.	
10	10Sea anemones usually spend most of their lives in one place.				
11	11. Jellyfish, corals and sea anemones have asoft body.				
12.They have a mouth surrounded bytentacles					
13.These use these tentacles toparalyze andsting					
14	. The adult	sponge permane	ntly attaches itsel	f to a place wher	e it can
	receive end	oughfo	od to grow.		

15. A sponge takes in water through the _	holes on its body.
16. It _filters out food from the war	ter and send the water out of its body.
17. Snails, slugs, clams and mussels have	asoft body and a
foot that helps them move.	
18. Snails have big spiralshells	that they use for protection.

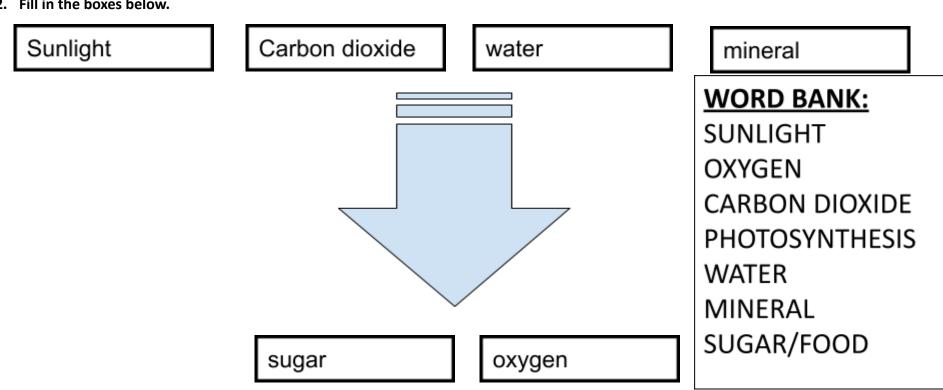
Function	Name of Cell
Needed in reproduction	gamete
Contract and relax to allow us to move our body	muscle
gives our body shape and allows us to move	bone
protects our body against diseases	white blood
carry oxygen from our lungs to other parts of our body	red blood
carry messages between our brain and other parts of the body	nerve
forms a barrier that prevents harmful substances from entering our body	skin

Function	Name of Cell
Absorb water and mineral salts from the soil	root
transports food from the leaves to other parts of the plant	sieve tube
Control the size of openings that are largely found on the underside of leaves	guard
Contain the structure chloroplasts	mesophyll
Transports water and minerals salts from the roots to other parts of the plant	xylem

1. The examples of plants that store starch in their:

Stems: ____potato____ ginseng _____ Leaves : ____spinach___ cabbage____ Roots: ____sweet potato ___yam ___ Seeds: ____sunflower ___ pumpkin ____

2. Fill in the boxes below.



This chart is showing the process of _____photosynthesis__

A. Fill in the diagram with the correct words.

