

Instructions For Writing And Submitting Parameter Articles

- The Title of Your Article Should Be Written in Title Case, Where the First Letter of Each Main Word is Capitalized, Except for Prepositions and Conjunctions

The title should be concise and informative, written in Times New Roman 16 pt, bold, with each main word capitalized (title case). Use the Microsoft Word template style: "Paper Title."

Author Name¹, Author Name², etc

Authors may include one or more individuals. The sequence of authors should correspond to the level of contribution made to the article. Write the names without academic titles, in Times New Roman 12 pt font, with 12 pt spacing before and 6 pt after. Apply the Microsoft Word template style: "Paper Author."

Affiliation, etc

Replace this section with the author's affiliation or institution. Provide the complete address of the affiliation or institution. Use Times New Roman 12 pt font, with 6 pt spacing after. Apply the Microsoft Word template style: "Paper Author."

Corresponding Author Email: *penuliscorresponding@emailaddress.ac.id

The corresponding author is responsible for communicating with the editor before publication and with readers after the article has been published. Use Times New Roman 12 pt font, with 12 pt spacing after. Apply the Microsoft Word template style: "Corresponding Author Email."

Abstract

This is a new author guidelines and article template of Parameter. The abstract must be written in proper and correct English. It should clearly present the core issues discussed, the methods employed to address them, the main findings, and the conclusions. The abstract should consist of a single paragraph formatted in one column. It must be written in italic font, containing 200–300 words. The abstract text should be formatted with right and left margins of 30 mm, using Times New Roman font size 10 pt, single line spacing. Keywords should represent terms that reflect the overall content of the article, consisting of 3 to 5 words separated by semicolons.

Keywords: writing instructions; administrative journals; template articles

1. INTRODUCTION

(Use the Microsoft Word template style: "Heading Style 1.")

The introduction must contain (in sequence) a general background, a review of previous literature (state of the art) as the basis for stating the scientific novelty of the article, a statement of scientific novelty, and the research problem or hypothesis. At the end of the introduction, the research question or problem formulation and the objectives of the article review must be written. In the format of a scientific article, a literature review is not permitted as it is in research reports, but is presented in the form of a review of previous literature (state of the art) to demonstrate the scientific novelty of the article. The state of the art should ideally include references to articles from journals

published in the last 10 years that support the justification for the originality or contribution. Before writing the study objectives, there must be a clear and explicit Gap Analysis or statement of originality or novelty statement, or the unique difference of this research compared to previous studies, as well as the importance of conducting the research; only then can the research objectives in this article be written concisely and clearly. It's not like this (Based on this background, the purpose of this research is...).

(Times New Roman, 12pt, spacing after 12pt. Use the Microsoft Word template style: Heading Style 2)

2. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(Use the Microsoft Word template style: "Heading Style 1.")

This section contains information about the research methods used to solve the problem, the time and location of the research (within the last 3 years), data collection techniques, and data analysis techniques. Data analysis must adhere to standard scientific principles, using statistical tests (if applicable). Small and non-essential tools (e.g., commonly found lab equipment like scissors, beakers, pencils) do not need to be listed, but only the main equipment or the main tools used for analysis and/or characterization should be included, even down to the type and accuracy. Please provide a complete breakdown of the number of respondents, how you processed the results of your observations, interviews, or questionnaires, and how you measured performance benchmarks (if applicable). The experimental procedure (if any) must be written in the form of declarative sentences, not imperative sentences.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

(Use the Microsoft Word template style: "Heading Style 1.")

Results

The results contain research findings that are able to answer the research questions, objectives, or hypotheses presented in the introduction. Write down the findings obtained from the results of the activities that have been carried out, which must be supported by adequate data. The results should at least contain the elements of what/how, indicating whether the presented data has been processed (not raw data), is presented in the form of tables or images (choose one), and is accompanied by easily understandable explanations.

Attaching Images and Graphs

Figures and graphs are created in a single centered column with a minimum width (horizontal side) of 85 mm and a maximum of 170 mm, in an editable format.

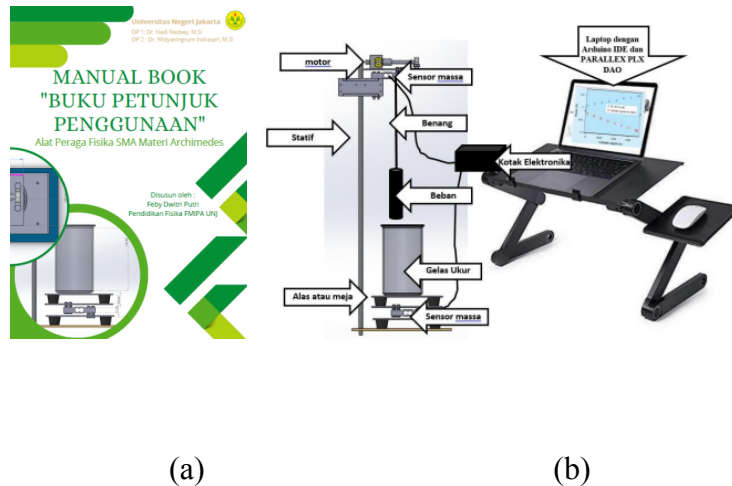
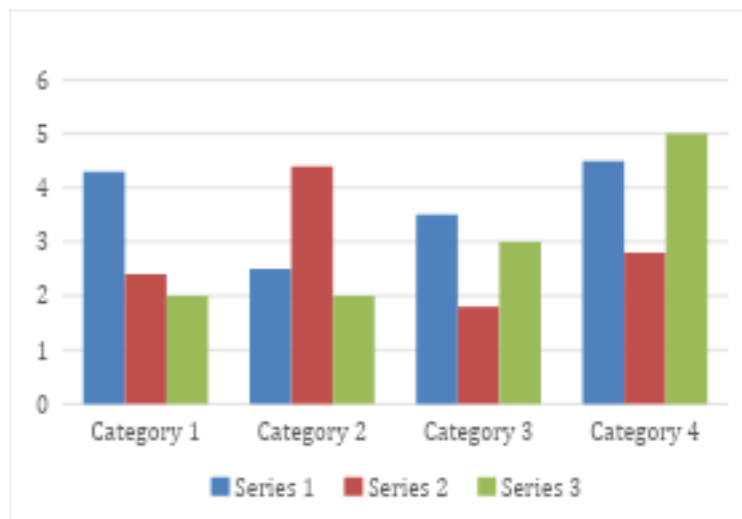


Figure 1. Use the Microsoft Word template style: “Figure Caption.” The label “Figure 1” should be written in uppercase and bold, using Times New Roman font size 12 pt. If the figure consists of multiple parts, use labels such as (a), (b), (c), etc.



Gambar 2. Charts or graphs should be created directly in Word. Do not use screenshots or images captured from other sources

Attaching a Table

The table is created with 1 column, centered, with a minimum width (horizontal side) of 85 mm and a maximum of 170 mm, in an editable format. As shown in the example below.

Table 1. Use the Microsoft Word template style: “Table Caption.” The label “Table 1” is the table caption and should be written in uppercase and bold. The table caption should be centered above the table. Below is an example of table formatting; vertical lines in the table should be removed.

Header	Header	Header
Baris A	159.67	533.35
Baris B	159.50	534.04
Baris C	159.76	533.58

Discussion

The discussion contains the findings of the research, which are reviewed by comparing them with the results of previous studies in journals and proceedings. In this section, it is not permitted to repeat data or reviews that have already been included in the results section. In the discussion section, the "why" element is answered, demonstrating a connection between the results obtained and the basic concepts and/or hypotheses. In some fields of science, it's even necessary to delve into the study of molecular aspects. The discussion presented must be supported by real and clear facts, and the "what else" element should review whether there is agreement or conflict with the results of other people's research.

4. CONCLUSIONS

(Use the Microsoft Word template style: “Heading Style 1.”)

The conclusion contains the summary and suggestions. The conclusion describes the answer to the research hypothesis and/or objectives, or the findings obtained. The conclusion does not contain a repetition of the results and discussion, but rather a summary of the findings as expected in the objectives or hypotheses. The conclusion is presented in narrative form, not in numbered format. The suggestions present things that

will be done related to the next idea of the research. The suggestions given are in accordance with the research and do not stray into matters that are still the researcher's opinion.

5. REFERENCES

(Use the Microsoft Word template style: "Heading Style 1.")

All references cited in the article text must be listed in the Bibliography section. The Bibliography must contain reference works from primary sources (scientific journals, comprising a minimum of 80% of the total bibliography) published within the last 7 (seven) years. Each article must contain at least 15 (fifteen) reference entries. The bibliography should preferably be written using reference management software such as Mendeley. The writing format used in Parameter: Journal of Education is in accordance with the APA 7th Edition (American Psychological Association) format. The writing style is as follows:

Reference writing from a journal:

Bell, J.D., Bartley, D.M., Lorenzen, K., & Loneragan, N.R. (2006). Restocking and stock enhancement of coastal fisheries: Potential, problems and progress. *Fisheries Research*. 80(1): 1–8.

Reference writing from a book:

Gray, J.S., & Elliott, M. (2009). *Ecology of marine sediment*. Oxford (GB): Oxford University Press.

Reference writing from proceedings:

McKenzie, L.J., & Yoshida, R.L. (2009). Seagrass- watch. *Proceedings of a Workshop for Monitoring Seagrass Habitats in Indonesia*. The Nature Conservancy, Coral Triangle Center, Sanur, Bali, 9th May 2009

Reference writing from a thesis:

Maihasni. (2010). Eksistensi tradisi bajapuk dalam perkawinan masyarakat Pariaman Minangkabau Sumatera Barat. [Disertasi]. Bogor (ID): Institut Pertanian Bogor.

Reference writing from internet source:

Savage, E., Ramsay, M., White, J., Bread, S., Lawson, H., Hunjan, R., & Brown, D. (2005, February 10). *Mumps outbreaks across England and Wales in 2004: Observational study*. <http://bmj.bmjournals.com/cgi/reprint/330/7500/1119>.

Referencing from other sources: [KLH] Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup. (2004). *Keputusan Menteri Negara Lingkungan Hidup Nomor 200 Tahun 2004* Jakarta: Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup.