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The Title of Article Should Be Concise, Informative in Sentence Case Fewer Than 16 Words

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| Article Info | Abstract |
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INTRODUCTION

Your text is here, in 12pt font-size, Calibri style, 1.15 line-spacing; don't add space before and/or after paraprap. What is the purpose of the study? Why are you conducting the study? The main section of the article should start with an introductory section, which provides more details about the paper's purpose, motivation, research methods and findings. The introduction should be relatively nontechnical, yet clear enough for an informed reader to understand the manuscript's contribution.

The "introduction" in the manuscript is important to demonstrate the motives of the research. It analyzes the empirical, theoretical and methodological issues in order to contribute to the extant literature. This introduction will be linked with the following parts, most noticeably the literature review.

Explaining the problem's formulation should cover the following points: (1) Problem recognition and its significance; (2) clear identification of the problem and the appropriate research questions; (3) coverage of problem's complexity; and (4) well-defined objectives.

Authors are suggested to present their articles in the section structure: **Introduction - Research Method - Results and Discussion – Conclusion – References.**

RESEARCH METHOD

Research Method is designed to describe the nature of the data. The method should be well elaborated and enhance the model, the approach to the analysis and the step taken. Equations should be numbered as we illustrate.

This section typically has the following sub-sections: Sampling (a description of the target population, the research context, and units of analysis; the sample; and respondents' profiles); data collection; and measures (or alternatively, measurements).

The research methodology should cover the following points: Concise explanation of the research's methodology is prevalent; reasons for choosing the particular methods are well described; the research's design is accurate; the sample's design is appropriate; the data collection processes are properly conducted; the data analysis methods are relevant and state of the art.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The author needs to report the results in sufficient detail so that the reader can see which statistical analysis was conducted and why, and later to justify their conclusions.

The "Discussion and Analysis" part, highlights the rationale behind the result answering the question "why the result is so?" It shows the theories and the evidence from the results. The part does not just explain the figures but also deals with this deep analysis to cope with the gap that it is trying to solve.

1. Table and Figure

Authors must provide high quality artwork for all illustrations. Poor resolution or definition is not acceptable. All tables and figures (graphs) should be included directly in the appropriate part of the article (not separated). Each table or figure should be numerically numbered separately (Table 1, Table 2; Figure 1, Figure 2) and fully titled, which refers to the contents of the table or figure. Underneath each table and figure, state the reliable source. Use only horizontal lines, 1.5 spaced.

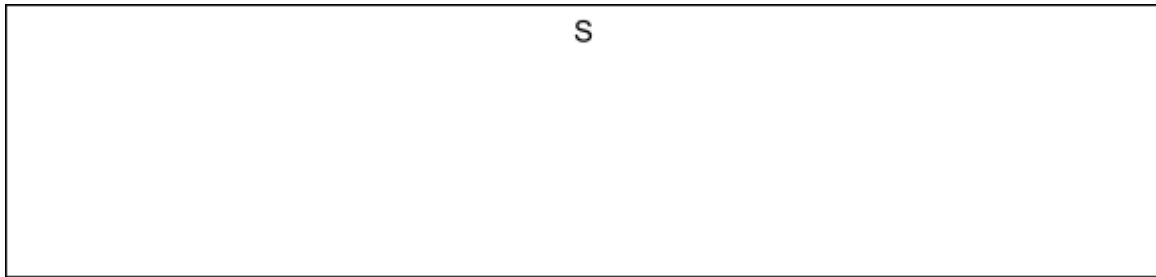
Table 1. Title of the table....

| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 2 | Column 2 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Abcde1 | 0.xxx | 0.xxx1 | 0.xxx2 |
| Abcde2 | 0.yyyy | 0.yyyy1 | 0.yyyy2 |
| Abcde3 | 0.zzz | 0.zzz1 | 0.zzz2 |
| Abcde4 | 0.aaaa | 0.aaaa1 | 0.aaaa2 |

Notes:

Source:

Figure 1. Title of the figure.....



Source:

2. Equation

Equations should be numerically numbered consecutively in parentheses with aligning right margin, and it can use either the same font (Times New Roman) or the formula font.

$$Y = \alpha + \beta X + \varepsilon$$

CONCLUSION

In this section, the author presents brief conclusions from the results of the research with suggestions for advanced researchers or general readers. A conclusion may cover the main points of the paper, but do not replicate the abstract in the conclusion.

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In this section, authors must list all reference documents cited in the text. In writing the references, authors are recommended to use reference management tools such as *Mendeley*. Citations and the reference list should follow the **American Psychological Association (APA)** referencing style. Otherwise, please follow the sample reference and citation format provided in this guide.

Authors are encouraged to cite manuscripts mainly from primary source publications (journals) from the last ten years. **It is recommended that at least 80% of all references come from reputable scholarly journal articles** (either nationally accredited or internationally reputable journals).

Some example of the reference list

Journal

Karlan, D. S., & Zinman, J. (2012). List randomization for sensitive behavior: An application for measuring use of loan proceeds. *Journal of Development Economics*, 98(1), 71-75. DOI ...

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MacColl, F., Ker, I., Huband, A., Veith, G., & Taylor, J. (2009, November 12-13). Minimising pedestrian-cyclist conflict on paths. Paper presented at the Seventh New Zealand Cycling Conference, New Plymouth, New Zealand. Retrieved from http://cyclingconf.org.nz/system/files/NZCyclingConf09_2A_MacColl_PedCycleConflicts.pdf

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Book Chapter

Palmer, F. (2007). Treaty principles and Maori sport: Contemporary issues. In C. Collins & S. Jackson (Eds.), *Sport in Aotearoa/New Zealand society* (2nd ed., pp. 307-334). South Melbourne, Australia: Thomson.

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Matthews, L. (2011, November 23). Foodbanks urge public to give generously. *Manawatu Standard*, p. 4.

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Rogers, C. (2011, November 26). Smartphone could replace wallets. *The Dominion Post*. Retrieved from <http://www.stuff.co.nz/technology/gadgets/6038621/Smartphone-could-replace-wallets>

Act (statute/legislation)

Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992. (2013, December 16). Retrieved from <http://www.legislation.govt.nz>

Internet

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