SETUP

- Strings
 - Moderate Strings For Everything
 - Broken-In Spiros (yay)
 - **■** Evah Pirazzi
 - Helicore Hybrid
 - "Modern" Strings
 - LaBella 7710N (black tapes)
 - **■** Fresh Spiros
 - **■** Helicore Pizzicato
 - Old Skool Strings (add moderate e&a for versatility)
 - Plaintop Guts
 - SBW Deluxe is fine for budget
 - Eurosonic White Tapes
 - Innovations (any of em ya like)
 - o Avoid
 - Secondhand strings with separated windings
 - Nasty Strings (clean them fuckers)
 - Roundwound Strings (Supernils)
- Action
 - Old Skool likes higher action
 - Higher action = louder, stiffer, less growl
 - Modern likes lower action
 - Lower action = quieter, gentler, growly

- Moderate likes your mom
- Bridge Adjusters are your BFF
- Fingerboard
 - o Ebony is best, then Hard Maple
 - Soft Fingerboard = Soft PP
 - Trust your Luthier (save up money for reshapes)
 - Romberg Bevels are mid (i got one, dont @ me)
- Pickup
 - o KNA DB-1
 - Cheap
 - easily installed, easily damaged, easily replaced
 - Sorta low output but it's fineeeeee
 - My personal choice
 - Realist Copperhead
 - Less Cheap
 - Sounds fckn great
 - I want one (jazz sugar momma wya)
 - o THE BAND2
 - Most Expensive Pickup I've Ever Played
 - Looks Weird
 - Sounds super organic and clean
 - o SM-57
 - Wrap it in a thick towel and jam it behind the tailpiece (use protections kids)

- Sounds just bad
- Feedback!!
- Emergency choice, please just don't do this
- Amp
 - Literally Any Amp Works
 - Don't be Ungrateful
 - Even if it's a Rumble-40
 - Gain between 3 & 5
 - o EQ flat
 - Listen to the room and the individual amp
 - Find your feedback and cut it down
 - Please don't boost the mids like crazy
 - Volume will lose you the gig
 - Your volume is the bandleader's decisions, followed by the soundman, followed by you
 - When in doubt, turn down until you're told to turn up
 - Get a tiltback, or use a chair
 - YOU RAISE ME UPPPPP
 - Fr tho, it removes excess boomy low end that can cause feedback and also make your tone pretty rough

Playing Tips

• Time

- Metronomes are the best tool that I hate using
 - Start with click on all 4 beats and emphasis on 1, then play any AABA standard
 - Two-Feel on the A, Walk on the B, Walk a few choruses, Blow a chorus
 - Record yourself and listen back, when your time is solid in the playback move on
 - Switch the click to only 2 & 4, no emphasis
 - Repeat the routine, including recording and playback
 - Switch the click to only 4
 - Rinse & Repeat
- Tone
 - Practice Acoustically
 - An amp can make you louder, but you need to be acoustically solid before you even reach the amp
 - You need to be able to play well at every dynamic
 - If you can't play a smooth pianissimo ballad
 - Practice with your friends in the same room, if they can't hear each other talking or hear the TV you're too loud
 - If you can't play an aggressive fortissimo swing
 - Practice with a youtube drum loop and a good speaker. Turn the loop up until you

- can't hear yourself well, then practice with the speaker until you can hear yourself over the track without sacrificing technique.
- If you're giving it all you got and the bass is seizing up and not responding
 - Turn the bass over on its side so it won't choke on its own spit
 - Check with your luthier about changing strings or moving your soundpost, some basses just respond differently
- Use your fingertips on your left hand
 - You'll develop callouses faster and with less pain
 - Protect against arthritis
 - More sustain, less choppy walking and good for ballads
- o DON'T use your fingertips on your right hand
 - You'll develop callouses in the wrong places and also it will cause pain when playing at high volumes for long periods of time
 - Can cause damage
 - Not a good sound, can make an otherwise beautiful tone become nasal and pinched
 - Use the side of your plucking finger

• It doesn't really matter which finger combo you use, I use both index & middle together personally. Try a few techniques!

Musical Decisions

o Less

■ Is More

- Your two-feel should be smooth, connected, and tasteful
- Make your note choices matter, not your accents
- Use accents (fills) very sparingly
 - Only during breaks in the melody
 - The best accent is the one you can play perfectly in time
 - Open strings are the best tool for accents
 - In an AABA tune, accents work best during the A section. During the B section, that's the drummer's job, let 'em cook.

■ Is Groovier

• It's your job to make the time *feel* good, not just sounds good

- Lock in to the cymbals. Listen for the left foot & right hand
- This is all easier when you are playing solid, simple basslines

■ Is Hipper

- RePeTiTiOn LeGiTiMiZeS
- Don't be afraid to sit on a phrase or a motif for a long time, spend a whole damn section or chorus just fleshing it out (especially when soloing)
- You can always pedal on a V or vii during a ii-V-I. Look for tension and release during these phrases. Build tension by pedaling.
- Double up your quarter notes when walking, but always do it in a single direction and never in an interval larger than a major 3rd. Only exception is full octave jumps

O Be Smooth

- 8/10 times, you should be playing long, legato notes. The bass should flow
 - The other 1/10 is when soloing, as a change of color

• The *other* other 1/10 is when playing old time swing (gypsy, western, NOLA, jump blues). In these styles the bass should bounce, not flow

Be Chill

- Don't always play chill, but always BE chill
 - It's just wiggly air, if you calm down you will absolutely play better and feel better

Recommended Listening

- O Ray Brown G Blues
- o Ray Brown OLIHTS
- o Phillip Norris Autumn Leaves
- o Phillip Norris September in the Rain
- Paul Chambers Oleo
- Oscar Pettiford It Dont Mean A Thing
- John Clayton The Walking Bass
- o <u>Jimmy Garrison My One & Only Love</u>

Random Stuff

- When buying a suit jacket, make sure you can play with proper technique while wearing it
- Learn to bow for good intonation, learn to slap to be a badass
- Learn to play sitting or standing

- Your instrument and your appearance are your first impression, treat the bass well and keep yourself looking sharp
- Have a firm handshake and always be calm and courteous during a first meeting, it will get you gigs
- Gigs can come anytime, from anywhere. Be ready.
- Professionalism is the only thing that makes you a professional.
- Get a teacher who knows the instrument well, tell them your goals, listen to them and trust their expertise.
- Sometimes the work dries up. Don't give up, make your own opportunity.
- The culture is established, you are not. Don't fight the tide by being an angry kid, fight the tide by refusing to acclimate.
- Be aware, refusing to acclimate can cost you severely.
- Please take a deep breath, drink some coffee, have a snack, call your folks, take a nap, and don't forget to practice.

Hope this dumb thing helps. Love y'all <3