Review of Jovan Pulitzer's "Paper Analysis Report" for Maricopa County

Raymond Lutz -- Citizens' Oversight -- 2022-07-08

Video is available at this url:

https://rumble.com/v1a992g-the-truth-behind-arizonas-paper-ballots-jovan-pulitzers-bombshell-p aper-ana.html

Actual report starts at 1:14:00

Introduction

The "Paper Analysis Report for Maricopa County" by Jovan Pulitzer is filled with numerous false claims and baseless conclusions. There is very little evidence actually provided. In each section, Pulitzer simply makes the claim over and over and that is about it. Nevertheless, we felt it was important to fully review this video in case people would quote it as evidence that the election was stolen in 2020.

In the sections that follow, I will place the statements made by the video in a box, and then I will make comments about those statements.

OVERALL CLAIMS

The first slide provides overall claims to be covered later. No extensive comment yet on these. We must note though that making a lot of measurements does not mean anything is proven. We notice that he says the "deep forensic investigations down to the precinct level," but it is interesting that he does not go down to the ballot level, which would seem to be deeper.

25 new analysis techniques. He calls this "Kinematic Artifact Detection" "Deep forensic investigations down to the precinct level" "A Complete Full Forensic Audit of Elections" "Processed over 20,895,610 Digital & Forensic images of varying formats." Created 208,000,000 Individual Evidence Proof Files Over 58 billion Forensic Measurements Over 2 trillion base computations. Findings will be presented in part because we are still in a deep forensic investigation of the 2020 General Election in Maricopa County.

The 2020 General Election is "Not Certifiable in any manner"

There was "Gross Maladministration" and "Egregious Neglect"

Rules, Laws, Standards and Compliance Procedures not followed.

100s of thousands of 14th Amendment Violations and Civil Rights Violations.

100s of thousands of illegal votes cast!

The final outcome was patently false!

The final outcome was not Accurate Not Truthful Ever Provable Never Transparent NOT CERTIFIABLE!

Physical Proof of: Pervasive voter fraud, Systemic election fraud

PREDETERMINED BALLOTS CLAIM

In the next section Pulitzer makes the claim that ballots were "predetermined" using an algorithm. However, he does not say how this algorithm works, nor how they could discriminate a "predetermined" ballot from a regular ballot, just that they were "detected using digital forensics, forensic mathematics, forensic accounting, and rhythm analysis. This is further combined with computer vision, machine learning and artificial intelligence."

He does not answer:

- How is a predetermined ballot detected?
- How is a predetermined ballot "inserted" into the election?
- What is the algorithm used to insert these?
- Assuming these were predetermined in an effort to "steal" the election from Trump, why were any predetermined ballots inserted for TRUMP?
- Since the total number of ballots cast was 2,089,563¹, if 406,972 of those were "predetermined" then nearly 20% of the ballots were predetermined.
- If 91.62% were cast for Joe Biden, then 406,972 * .9162 = 372,868 Predetermined ballots were cast for Joe Biden, and up to (the rest) 34,104 were cast for Trump.
- But Pulitzer also says that "33% of the ELECTION DAY BALLOTS were PREDETERMINED and assigned to DONALD J. TRUMP." Since 167,878 ballots were cast on election day, 167,878 * .33 = 55,400 predetermined ballots were cast for Trump.
- --> But 34,104 does not equal 55,400. So Pulitzer's numbers are not consistent.

¹ Maricopa Election Summary Report, Nov. 2020:

https://elections.maricopa.gov/asset/jcr:e2f15812-99c3-4bf5-8c40-49a8401b2bc3/11-03-2020-1%20Final %20Official%20Summary%20Report%20NOV2020.pdf

Maricopa PKAD Cyber Report Predetermined Algorithm investigation Kinematic Artifact Detection Report Volume Twenty-one

406,972 "predetermined" outcome ballots were inserted into the 2020 General Election in Maricopa County, Arizona.

PREDETERMINED

Foreordained, Predestined, decided in advance of the final reporting of the "official" outcome of the election.

AN ALGORITHM determined what the paper (the ballots) needed to reflect as the winner Specific ballots were inserted DURING AND AFTER the election to reflect the predetermined outcome of the election.

406,972 "predetermined" outcome ballots were inserted into the 2020 General Election in Maricopa County, Arizona.

PREDETERMINED ballots require replacement with stolen ballots, harvested ballots, counterfeit ballots, over printed ballots, swapped returned undelivered ballots, ballot mule ballots, and Print-on-Demand Ballots.

THIS CRIME LEAVES EVIDENCE

Swapping out legal vote for illegal fotes can leave an abundance of physical evidence. To complete Election Fraud, the evidence must be destroyed and remain undiscovered!

These predetermined ballots have been detected using digital forensics, forensic mathematics, forensic accounting, and rhythm analysis. This is further combined with computer vision, machine learning and artificial intelligence.

Over 3,000,000 Scientific Tests Confirmed!

38% of the MAIL IN BALLOTS were PREDETERMINED and assigned to JOE BIDEN. 33% of the ELECTION DAY BALLOTS were PREDETERMINED and assigned to DONALD J. TRUMP.

ADJUSTED OUTCOME with REMOVAL OF PREDETERMINED VOTES: 59% of votes were for...DONALD J. TRUMP -- AUTHENTIC 2020 ELECTION OUTCOME. 41% of the votes were for JOE BIDEN. -- AUTHENTIC 2020 ELECTION OUTCOME.

A deeper forensic analysis revealed that 91.62% of the predetermined votes were cast for... JOE BIDEN. A PREDETERMINED Ballot is a ballot that was foreordained, predestined, decided in advance of the final reporting of the "official" outcome of the election.

AN ALGORITHM determined what the paper (ballot replacement) needed to reflect as the winner.

SPECIFIC BALLOTS were inserted DURING AND AFTER the election to reflect the predetermined outcome of the election.

406,972 "predetermined" outcome ballots were inserted into the 2020 General Election in Maricopa County, Arizona.

This algorithm was used widespread across all Maricopa county voting precincts.

WIDESPREAD ELECTION FRAUD CONFIRMED.

IS THERE PHYSICAL PROOF OF BALLOT SWAPPING?

PALLET PACKING CLAIM

Here, Pulitzer claims that boxes were opened and reopened and "pilfered." First of all, there are no laws or regulations regarding how batches are placed into boxes and onto pallets. These are all jurisdiction specific.

He says that "141 individual batches took two days or more to process." In our review of the boxes and batch reports, there were no batches that took more than one day to process. However, the <u>boxes</u> of several (usually 7) batches may have been processed on separate days, and then placed in the same box. Thus, this claim that batches took more than one day is not correct, but it could be correct if the word "box" is used instead of "batch", because many times, a single box of several batches may include batches that were scanned on different days, depending on when they stopped the shift. They also used several different high-speed scanners and as the batches were completed, they may have been interleaved within the box. For example Box 1 might contain a first batch from scanner 1, and a second batch from scanner 2, etc. This does not mean the batches were pilfered, but could be misinterpreted as pilfering.

With all this said, it would be better to have a consistent box packing methodology that would keep batches from each scanner together.

He says: "We have boxes and layers of boxes where 1 Candidate won all batches. Which is not consistent with the ending turnout."

But that is consistent with how batches might swing one way or the other at random. Every batch will show one of the two top candidates for President as the winner in that batch. In this close election, an entire box might indeed have one candidate the winner out of 10,341 batches in 1675 boxes.

He says 1394 of the batches were "compromised", but what does that mean? He then jumps to a completely unsupported conclusion that "Ballots were removed from and added to the batches and boxes over time. The ballot boxes were pilfered in order to make the paper match the digital outcome."

PKAD PALLET/PACKING CHRONOLOGY REPORT This is our ballot packing chronology report for Arizona. Kinematic Artifact Detection Report VOLUME TWENTY-FIVE.

The determination is: The boxes were pilfered and opened...

"The 96% of the ballot boxes show signs of pilfering and being opened and resealed multiple times over a period of time." -- to either insert or remove ballots.

45 individual pallets of ballots existing, approx. 1675 boxes. 52 of these boxes were pre-set aside on election day for a hand audit if required.

Each box has an average of 7 batches of ballots. An average ballot batch is 200 ballots.

Each box was found to have been opened, and reopened over time. The only boxes not found to be opened and reopened over time were the 52 preselected hand audit boxes.

The dates and the boxes of the ballots are not consistent with how the ballots were processed.

Each pallet has both multiple dates and multiple months of ballots which is not congruent with how these ballots were processed.

141 individual batches took two days or more to process. The highest or largest batch was 1393, the average batch was 200 ballots, with the smallest being 46 or 10 ballots each, taking two days to process. Two-day ballot batches comprised 20,122 individual ballots took two days to process. These Ballots Represent 2.5x the margin of the election. 89% of these dual-date batches were cast for Joe Biden.

Election workers commented they have never seen batches take two days to tally.

We have boxes and layers of boxes where 1 Candidate won all batches. Which is not consistent with the ending turnout.

1394 of the batches were "compromised"13.94% of the batches were possibly digitally altered.

Our conclusion is "Ballots were removed from and added to the batches and boxes over time. The ballot boxes were pilfered in order to make the paper match the digital outcome."

OUT-OF-CALIBRATION BALLOT PRINTING CLAIM

One of the procedures used in paper ballot analysis is the idea that the front and back of the page were not properly registered to each other in front and back. This can commonly occur in laser and other printing technologies because the image printed on the page may be offset on the left vs. right, and then when the page is printed on the back, the image may be offset in the other direction.

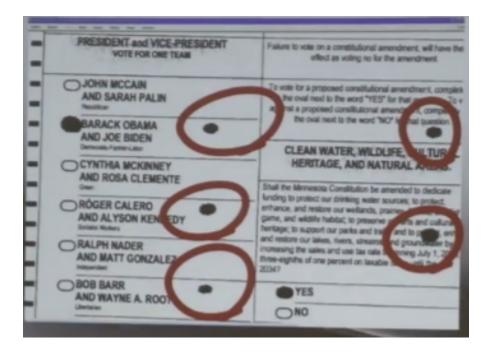
It is a standard printing quality check to have a cross-hair target on one side with a gap in the middle, and then a plus-sign on the other so that when held up to the light, it is possible to see the two at the same time. Here is an example of an extreme case where the plus sign should be in the middle but is moved up and to the left with respect to the front side of the ballot. But it is still within the circle, and thus not actually out of spec.

Pulitzer says that voters were treated differently because the two sides were not lined up exactly. But it only makes a difference IF their vote was not counted properly. No one really cares if the two sides are lined up if the machine scan still interpret the marks correctly.



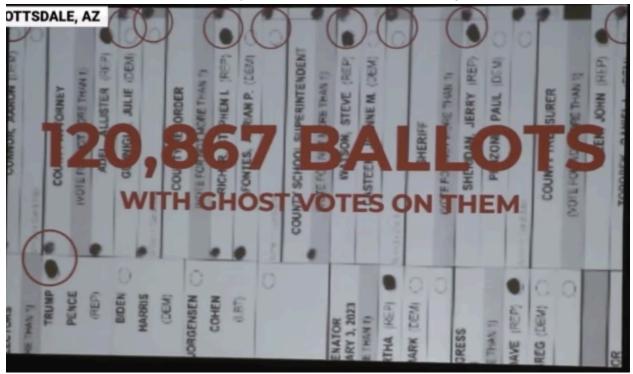
Mis alignment of the two sides <u>could</u> be a problem if the registration of the two sides was drastically off, if thin paper were used, and felt-tip pens used, because then ink from one side might be included in the evaluation area of the target on the other side.

But marks bleeding through from the back have no impact on the functioning of the recognition of those marks, because they are not close to the target areas:



But these so-called "Ghost Votes" did not affect the outcome of the election, and in Pulitzer does not provide even one example of a ballot where the vote was not read correctly. Thus, the 120,867 ballots with "Ghost Votes" (which should be called only Ghost Marks) did not change the votes on those ballots as recognized by the voting machines. This was further checked by

the hand-count which did not find any appreciable error in the counting of votes.



Ballot Design can be improved:

We can notice that in the Nov 2020 election, the ballots placed the active ovals on the right side of each column, instead of on the left as seen in the prior image for the 2012 election. If the ovals are placed on the right side of each column, then in the left column, they will be next to ovals from the back in the center column. In the image above the Trump oval is close to a mark from the back, whereas the vote for Biden or Jorgensen do not have an oval nearby from the back. At the same time, the ovals in the right-most column will have no chance of being near an oval from the back.

This brings up the important issue that placing ovals on the left is a superior design because there are no nearby ovals from the back for the most consequential contests at the top of the ballot, while there is a higher chance for those "down-ballot" ovals in the center and right columns to be corrupted by ink soaking through from the other side.

Further, it would be advantageous to design each side of the ballot to be offset with respect to the other side. If ovals are on the left, the entire ballot grid and image content should be offset slightly to the right on the paper on each side. This will move the ovals further away from each other.

What Story does the physical ballot paper tell?

Everything in elections is predicated on following the laws, the rules, and the regulations. But most important treating every voter equal under the eyes of the law.

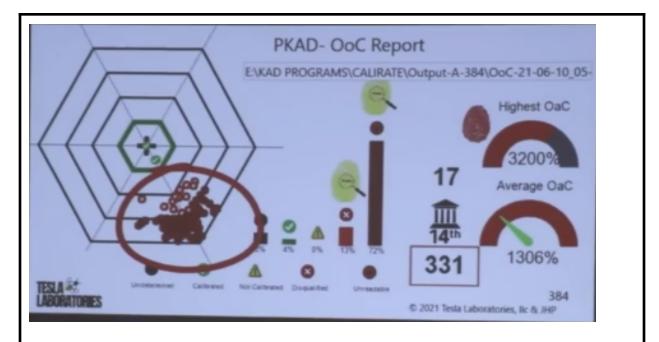
There were over 2,000,000 ballots cast in Maricopa County, Arizona.

The problem is... 343,304 Non-Compliant Election Ballots. These voters were treated differently. 343,304 VIOLATIONS of the 14th Amendment:

... nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny any person within its jurisdiction with equal protection of the laws.

This is our forensic quad examination. human marked vote correct paper official printing density and perfect print calibration and machine maintenance.

Focus on calibration. If a machine falls out of calibration, then there can be excessive problems with the ballots correctly handled and counted properly. (Shows the registration target)



ASK YOURSELF THIS QUESTION WAS EVERYONE TREATED THE SAME?

17 were in compliance, 331 were not in compliance.

THIS IS PHYSICAL EVIDENCE

The Ballot on Demand Printers Show no signs of being serviced and calibrated to ballot printing specifications.

Appears no one was supervising or inspecting the ballot printers according to compliance and election rules.

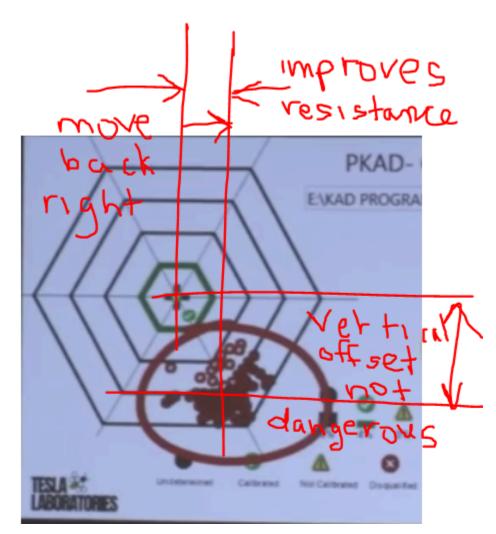
Ballots should never be printed out of compliance.

343, 304 individual ballots printed significantly out of mechanical compliance, and those voters were not treated equally. 130,455+ of these voters were minorities.

This maladministration was widespread and affected every precinct.

Based on the analysis above, offsetting the two sides of the ballot may be a good design decision, and with targets on the right, it will be best to move the entire printed grid to the left, since the targets are on the right. In the image above, if the red dots do the right and below the center of the target are the location of the plus sign on the back with respect to the front, then these would actually be PREFERRED because they move the targets away from each other and reduce the chance that ink soaking through from the other side can be misinterpreted.

Thus, Pulitzer's claim that if the back is offset as in this diagram, voters are not being treated equally. Yes, that is technically true, but the offset actually improves the situation for those voters!



WRONG PAPER TYPE CLAIM

Pultizer claims that the wrong paper type was used. "Roland vote secure" paper is supposed to be used to avoid bleed through, even though the targets are offset from one side to the other to avoid any misinterpretation of bleed through. Thus the wrong type of paper can result in an error only if the paper is thinner, allowing bleed-through, and combined with really poor registration from one side to the other, or ballto mis-design so that bleed-through marks could be interpreted as votes. However, there were no examples provided of any votes being misinterpreted due to the wrong paper type.

Was the correct ballot paper used?

This is a combination report of the paper analysis volume seven. Bleed-through vote analysis, PKAD Chromatics Analysis Anomaly Detection/ Analysis Reference. Report Volume Seventeen. Vote Oval Detection Report Hand Cast Vs. MACHINE Cast votes. Volume Twenty Two.

Machine fold, hand fold, and no fold Report Volume Twelve.

Maricopa County election officials reported it only used Roland Vote Secure paper for the 2020 General Election Ballots.

WRONG

Our systems detected numerous NOT SECURE, NON COMPLIANT SIMPLE GRADE PAPER WAS IN WIDESPREAD USE PRIMARILY WITH THE BALLOT ON DEMAND PRINTERS.

MORE THAN 200,000 Ballots were printed on non-compliant ballot paper stock. unauthorized, compromised

10% of the Maricopa Votes were Compromised due to the wrong paper ballot stock being utilized.

Further confirmed with Witness and Whistleblowers confirmed this with affidavits.

GHOST VOTES AND FORCED ADJUDICATION

In this section, Pulitzer finally combines the claim of misalignment between the sides of the ballot, with thin paper and bleed through, to claim that this caused many ballots to be adjudicated.

Pulitzer does not provide any cases when adjudication was performed incorrectly. Adjudication is generally viewed as a good thing, because it allows a human operator to review the evaluation by the machine, particularly in difficult cases, when the voter may have added a "hesitation mark" on the ballot (a very light mark in the target area of one option when the other option was clearly marked), or other complex marking (cross out one and write "NO" then vote the other option), or in the case of any write-ins.

It is typical in close contests for jurisdictions to review all overvotes and writeins to make sure the outcome is correct. Reviewing 6% of the ballots should mean that the interpretation of the vote was checked by humans, and does not (in itself) mean that any improper changes occurred. Thus, this claim that this changed the outcome of the election is unfounded.

FORCED ADJUDICATION ANALYSIS REPORT

120,867 ballots, or 6% of total ballots were COMPROMISED BY FORCED ADJUDICATION.

FORCED ADJUDICATION EVENT.

This is 9 times the deciding outcome. This was an intentional hack

"The addition of 1 Element Prefects this simple hack!" (this creates the time element required he says).

The additional element is the use of a Sharpie to cast votes. Maricopa County demanded the use of sharpies for the 2020 General Election. This was the first time in history Sharpies were used.

Prior to 2020, the use of Sharpies was prohibited. When sharpies are used with inferior paper, bleed throughs can occur. "These extra votes 'confuse' the scanning machines since they are read as stray marks."

His picture shows the Obama ballot and he says the technique was perfected during the 2012 election. (and he shows bleed throughs from sharpies).

Approx. 120,867 Ballots had "ghost votes" on them.

2,099,395 extra votes on these ballots.

Average of 17 extra votes visible on each compromised ballot.

This "forced adjudication" event, caused 11x the normal adjudication.

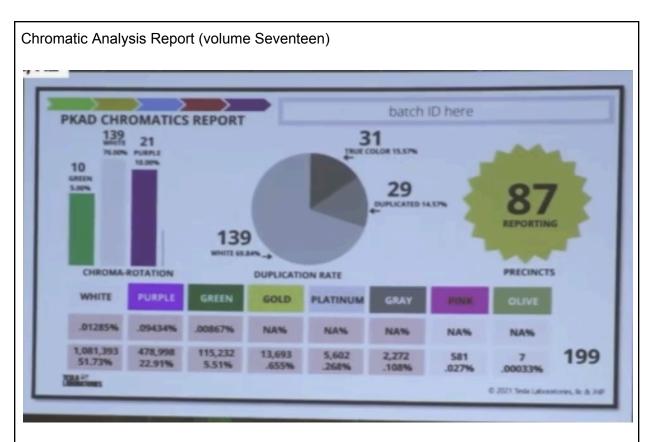
Use was widespread in Maricopa.

This was a human planned simple physical hack to compromise the reading of the ballot and was 100% avoidable if standard & practices were followed.

Estimate: 45,929 individual minority votes were compromised using this hack.

NON-COLOR PRINTED BALLOTS CLAIM

In this section, the claim is that the ballots should have been printed in color rather than black and white. But ballots printed on-demand are B/W ballots, and they are legitimate ballots. There is no reason ballots can't be printed with lower-cost B/W printing technologies.



Here Pultizer is grasping for straws.

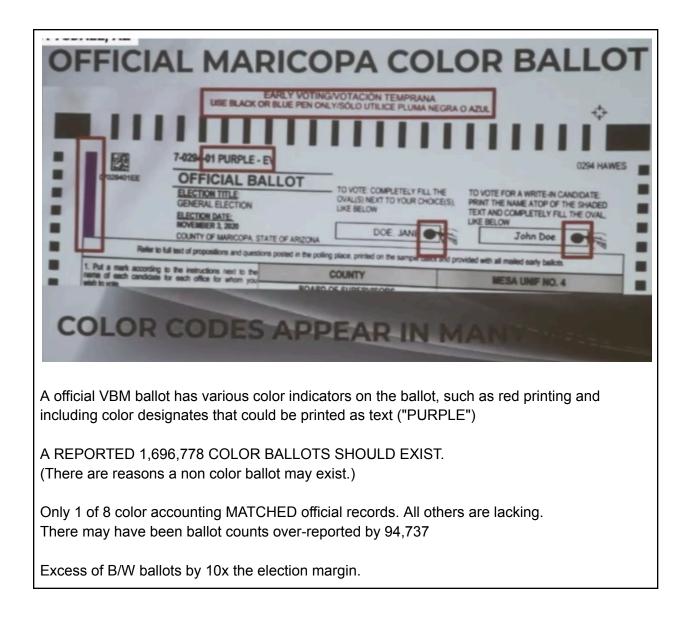
Ballots used in Maricopa County had color coding on them verifying them as legitimate official general election 2020 ballots.

Each color indicator can be used to measure the veracity of the official report.

COLOR CONFIRMATION FAILED. COLOR BALLOT COUNTS DID NOT MATCH COUNTY REPORTS.

This possibly indicates the manipulation of the ballots and the more than reported duplicated ballots.

EVIDENCE OF BALLOT MANIPULATION AND MORE THAN REPORTED DUPLICATED BALLOTS.



SUSPICIOUS MACHINE-MARKING CLAIM

Pulitzer claims that he can tell the difference between a machine marked ballot and a human-marked ballot, yet say that machine cast votes are undetectable from Sharpie votes. He even plays a clip of a Dominion sales pitch where they describe that when disabled voters use a ballot marking device (BMD) that they can use a library of human-looking marks, so that the vote of a single or just a few disabled voters could not be identified by looking at the ballots.

Pulitzer does not provide an example how machine marking is used nor any example of actual machine marking that could change the outcome.

Human vs. Machine voted analysis Volume 22.

Our systems detect ovals marked by machine vs those marked by humans. There were possibly over 3,000,000 machine inserted ovals.

These ovals appear to exist in the down-ballot races which were not hand counted. Machine inserted ovals could be used to influence races that had undervotes.

[plays video of Dominion representative describing library of human-like marks 1:37:00]

Software can have machines INSERT MACHINE CAST VOTES undetectable from SHARPIE VOTES.

The most undervoted individual races in Maricopa County 2020: Sheriff, County Recorder, County Attorney, Each of the 5 board of supervisors.

Chromatic verification tests were unable to confirm the counts provided by the county. Non matching chromatic reports suggest ballot MANIPULATION and EXCESSIVE duplicated ballots.

Could be a sign of EVIDENCE OF BALLOT BOX PILFERING AND BACKLOADING BALLOTS.

SUSPICIOUS BALLOT FOLD-MARKS CLAIM

Pultizer claims that by reviewing fold marks, 142,091 ballots either had folds when they should not have or did not have folds when they should have. There is no correlation provided to any hacking scenario.

Even if such folds were not detected, this could have been due to insufficient ability to detect the folds. And the number of ballots affected, if evenly distributed, would not affect the outcome.

Pulitzer just says there was outright fraud without describing how the lack of or extra folds means that fraud exists, nor where the ballots came from if they were not folded, for example. Most of the cases cited, such as "ballot cracking" mentioned later do not have anomalous folds.

FOLD REPORT

Absentee and Mail-in ballots are folded to mail. If such ballots have no "fold marks," were they ever mailed? Ballots were subjected to forensic fold detection There were 142,091 Anomaly ballots. 1200% greater than the outcome of the election.

These kinematic tests are in three parts:

> Machine folds - mailed ballots.

> Hand folds - walk-in early vote ballots

> No Folds - election day or duplicated ballots.

WIDESPREAD FRAUD

Ballot swapping, ballot box pilfering, excess ballot production, excess ballot duplication.

COUNTERFEIT BALLOTS CLAIM

Pultizer now claims that if the paper was incorrect, was not printed property side-to-side, did not have the right print density, then they automatically can be considered "counterfeit." But the term "counterfeit" normally requires an intention to create a fake ballot, rather than one that is legitimate but not quite perfect. This is completely without any merit. Plus, those counterfeit ballots were nearly evenly split between the candidates. Why would a malicious actor intent on "stealing" the election from Trump also insert counterfeit ballots for Trump?

Were there other problems with the paper ballots?

Stenography security report. (volume 8)

Stochastic pixel detection and analysis report.

10,943 Ballots used in the Maricopa County 2020 General Election have been determined to be Counterfeit.

Multi step process includes the presence of stochastic pixels. Official paper Various print quality metrics ink density optical density printer calibration measurements

To identify suspicious and abnormal ballots, which we refer to as "counterfeit" ballots.

We apply the word "counterfeit" in the sense of the literal definition:

"To imitate something authentic, with the intent to steal, destroy, or replace the original, for use in illegal transactions, or otherwise to deceive individuals into believing the fake is equal or greater value than the original"

The 10,943 ballots used in the Maricopa County 2020 General Election have been determined to be Counterfeit.

used widespread across all Maricopa County.

39% of counterfeit ballots cast for Donald Trump. 46% were cast for Joe Biden.

13% cast for write-in candidates.

These ballots give Joe Biden an advantage of 7% of the deciding outcome.

The malicious use of 10,943 ballots represents stolen votes equal to 104% of the deciding outcome. [This is an incorrect analysis]

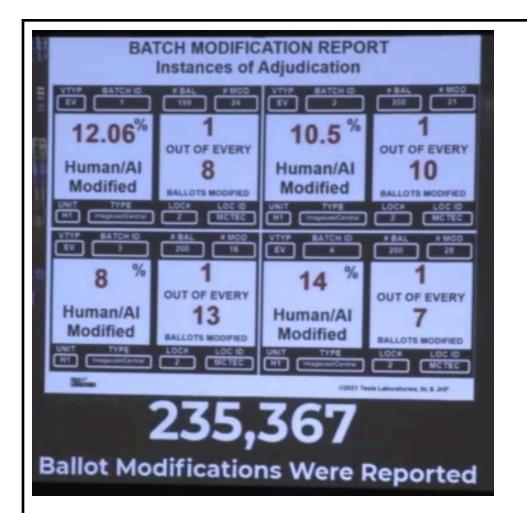
IMPROPER ADJUDICATIONS CLAIM

This is yet another round on the idea that adjudicating ballots means the election workers reviewing the ballot images are biased and inserted improper votes for Biden over Trump. However, Pulitzer does not provide any examples of that. He makes a big deal about the idea that the adjudications were made by looking at ballot images rather than at the physical ballots, but this is obviously much easier to process logistically than working with paper, and the reason almost all commerce today is conducted by reviewing digital images of documents rather than documents on paper.

This is not a "time hack" and the fact that there were corrections to the machine count, due to strange marking by voters, invalid write-ins, and other factors does not mean the outcome can be questioned as a result.

Was there mass manipulation of the 2020 Election Ballots?

VOTE MODIFICATION ANALYSIS (Volume ??)



235,367 ballot modifications were reported. Changed by either a human or machine after the ballots were tallied. 99% of all ballot batches were modified, without anyone inspecting the physical ballot paper.

Why did this occur?

Why so many changes?

What changes were made to the ballots?

There were more than 188 million ovals on the Maricopa ballots.

How could anyone tell?

Historically, across American elections, if more than 4 per 100 showed errors, the machine were considered to not be functioning correctly.

4 per 100 is 1 per 25

Corrections in the Maricopa county 2016 election occurred in 1 per 100 ballots. In 2018 across America, 2 per 100, (1 per 50) In 2020, the adjudication rate in Maricopa County jumped to 1 per 8 ballots.

ABNORMALITY ALERT 12x INCREASE IN ADJUDICATION

For the first time "artificial Intelligence" modified your ballot for the first time in history.

masking the double adjudication crisis in Maricopa County. The AI hid the fact that 2.5 pallet loads of ballots needed to be modified.

These ballots were modified digitally, after they were voted. And the physical paper was never inspected by hand.

This represented a synthetic TIME HACK. This took 7 to 12 days of electronic suspension of votes based on historic time per adjudication event.

Why were so many votes changed by human or machine? Why were the physical ballots not examined? Why send a poor digital image of the ballot to a remote adjudication station?

What really happened during this time HACK?

Why were the physical ballots removed from the review process?

Were the physical ballots MISSING only to appear later in the election process?? Why?

99% of all ballot batches were modified WHY WHY SUSPEND THEM?

MISSING RETURNED BALLOTS AND "BALLOT CRACKING" CLAIM

The first part of this claim does have some merit. Ballots mailed to votes that were subsequently returned as undeliverable, should have been kept with other election data as specified in 52 US CODE 20701 for 22 months after the election. This election data should not have been destroyed.

However, the fact that they were destroyed does not automatically mean that the reason was due to a widespread "ballot cracking" scheme. He mentions that such a scheme might leave the signature blank or use a bogus signature.

But black signatures are not accepted without curing, and non-matched signatures are not accepted. We are told that 100% of all signatures were checked by human-eye comparisons with references. Thus, if a ballot-cracking scheme were to be successful, they would have also needed the signatures.

But Runbeck, the mailing subcontractor, may have had access to ballot signatures as well, and if this were the case, then such a scheme would have been possible.

If deployed, then such a scheme would have likely been detectable when voters complained that they were recorded as voted when they did not vote, and those cases would be widespread.

We don't understand the idea that the number of ballots returned as undeliverable differs when reported by Maricopa County and the EAC.

How can nefarious actors get ahold of extra ballots to swing an election?

Ballot Mail Analysis (Volume ??)

One way to gain ballots for nefarious purposes is called "BALLOT CRACKING"

Maricopa County shows signs of widespread ballot cracking operations in excess of 53,866 2020 Election ballots.

When ballots are undelivered or returned undeliverable, individuals crack open the ballot, then vote the ballot inside, place it in the return envelope, and either do not sign the ballot or apply a bogus signature.

If the county does not do signature verification, ballot cracking can go undetected.

MARICOPA STOPPED BALLOT SIGNATURE VERIFICATION DURING THE 2020 ELECTION.

[this is not supported by other sources]

Returned as undeliverable ballots are the most susceptible to ballot cracking. When returned to the county, these ballots simply disappear.

Maricopa County reported 53,866 returned as undeliverable ballots received back.

When this happens, the county is supposed to notify the voter that their ballot was returned, within a week of the ballot returned as undeliverable.

When asked to audit these records, Maricopa County reported that these records had not been retained by them, that they had been returned to Runbeck to be destroyed, and that they had actually been destroyed.

This in violation of 52 US CODE 20701

These 53,866 ballots were likely part of a widespread ballot cracking operation.

Even though it took a year for Maricopa County to finally report these numbers, we found that the Election Assistance Commission reported that 110,092 ballots were undeliverable.

110,092 is 400% greater than the margin of the election.

PHANTOM VOTERS CLAIM

Various methods of detecting "fake or fraudulent" voters on the rolls are inherently error prone due to incomplete matching and imprecise information about moving dates. The list of issues:

- > duplicated voters. Same first name, same last name in a different county.
- > Married with maiden name still voting.
- > College students that left town but then are all of a sudden at their parents home.
- > Fraudulent, does not exist.
- > Name makes no sense, just gibberish, and never votes typically.

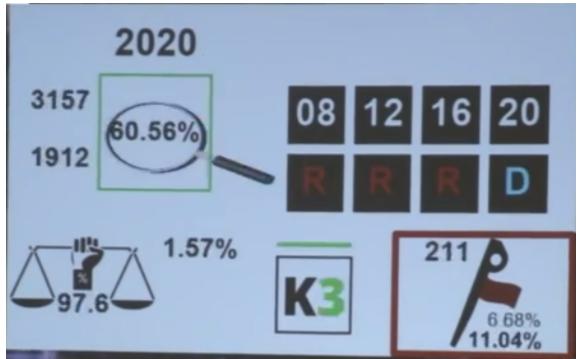
These issues, when investigated carefully, exposed only a very few fraudulent voters. In the research by the Senate Contractor, "Cyber Ninjas," they found as well that even if all the claims of phantom voters were true, that the party split was nearly even but had more R voters than D voters, and removing those ballots from the result likely would have only further buttressed Biden's reported victory.

Phantom Voter report based on the Piton Rating System

Forensic research suggests there are 246,691 PHANTOM VOTERS (fake or fraudulent) on the Maricopa Voter rolls.

An over inflation of over 10% Activating the phantom voters could swing the election by as much as 12% Inflated voter turnout Fraud ratings Civil Rights Impact as well as party trending information over a 16 year period





Maricopa County has an average phantom voter load of 332 voters per precinct. Phantoms are scrubbed as fast as possible after use in an election.

2697 Phantom Voters who voted were scrubbed.26% of the margin of the declared margin win.

These voters and their information could not be found in any other county or public databases.

About 1:53:00 Phantom Voters:

Number of types:

- > duplicated voters. Same first name, same last name in a different county.
- > Married with maiden name still voting.
- > College students that left town but then are all of a sudden at their parents home.
- > Fraudulent, does not exist.
- > Name makes no sense, just gibberish, and never votes typically.

These phantom voters ballots are assigned to people who did not vote.

EXCESSIVE PROVISIONAL BALLOTS CLAIM

In the 2020 General Election, there were only 6,198 provisional ballots. If 66% percent were rejected, that would be 4091 cases.

But in 2016, there were 52,173 provisional ballots, and 15,250 were rejected.²

Thus, Pulitzer should be complimenting Maricopa county for vastly reducing the number of provisional ballots, and further reducing the raw number of rejects from 15,250 to 4091. Instead, Pulitzer using a deceptive technique of comparing rejection rates of the total number of provisional ballots while not acknowledging that the number of provisional ballots was vastly reduced to less than 12% of those used in 2016.

If nothing else, this red flag should be indicative of how the entire report should be viewed.

The lower number of provisional ballots occurred because of the introduction of e-poll books and the use of ballot printing on demand, so more provisional ballots could immediately be treated as a normal ballot.

We compared the 2016 rejection rate to the 2020 election rate

In 2020, 66% of all provisional ballots voted were rejected, 12,112 votes (more than the margin of the election.)

In 2016, rejection rate was 29% (total number rejected not mentioned.)

Biggest anomaly was that the voter had already voted by mail.

Biggest affected group were minorities.

[NOTE HERE THAT FAR FEWER PROVISIONAL BALLOTS WERE PROCESSED IN 2020, making the raw numbers lower, not higher!]

²

https://elections.maricopa.gov/asset/jcr:5bad2193-a320-46d5-b7f6-11229bc41873/11-08-2016%201%20 Canvass%20BOS%20SUMMARY%20NOV%202016.pdf

CONCLUSION

Pulitzer makes many over-the-top claims about fraud, ballot cracking and other schemes that are not supported by any evidence at all. There was one issue that was correctly raised, regarding the destruction of the returned as undeliverable ballots. This was a processing violation by Maricopa County, but does not automatically mean that a "ballot cracking" scheme was the result. Most of these issues were separated out into separate cases, but it came down to sometimes thinner paper than specified was used, and sometimes the two sides were not perfectly aligned, and the use of sharpies on thin paper could allow bleed-through of the marks. But since the design of the ballots places targets in different columns between the two sides there were no documented cases where all these conspired to cause even one vote to be altered.

The claims that alignment of the sides of the ballot is a violation of a voter's 14th amendment rights of equal treatment are baseless unless the votes of those voters were misinterpreted, and they were not.

Gathering the data for this analysis was extremely time consuming because workers had to hand-position ballots under cameras and microscopes. Assuming that each one took ten seconds to position, and all procedure were interleaved, the total time required was about 2.1 million * 10 seconds = 5,833 hours. Not including any other costs, just capturing the data incurred at least \$600K, given the use of 4 workers to process the images in a production line. There were also costs for storing and processing the data, so this would be a lower estimate of the overall cost.

Given the lack of any demonstrable evidence of any legitimate hack, this was entirely a waste of time and resources.