EXERCISE 8.1 PAGE: 157

1. Find the ratio of:

(a) ₹ 5 to 50 paise Solution:-

We know that,

Then,

₹
$$5 = 5 \times 100 = 500$$
 paise

Now we have to find the ratio,

$$= 10/1$$

So, the required ratio is 10: 1.

(b) 15 kg to

210 g Solution:-

We know that,

$$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$$

Then,

$$15 \text{ kg} = 15 \times 1000 = 15000 \text{ g}$$

Now we have to find the ratio,

... [::divide both by

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3] So, the required ratio is 500: 7.

(c) 9 m to 27

cm Solution:-

We know that,

$$1 m = 100 cm$$

Then,

$$9 \text{ m} = 9 \times 100 = 900 \text{ cm}$$

Now we have to find the ratio,

= 900/27

= 100/3 ... [∵divide both by

9] So, the required ratio is 100: 3.



(d) 30 days to 36 hours Solution:-

We know that,

$$1 day = 24 hours$$

Then,

$$30 \text{ days} = 30 \times 24 = 720 \text{ hours}$$

Now we have to find the ratio,

$$= 720/36$$

36] So, the required ratio is 20: 1.

2. In a computer lab, there are 3 computers for every 6 students. How many computers will be needed for 24 students?

Solution:-

From the question it is given that,

Number of computer required for 6 students = 3

So, number of computer required for 1 student = (3/6)

So, number of computer required for 24 students = $24 \times \frac{1}{2}$

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∴Number of computer required for 24 students is 12 computers.

- 3. Population of Rajasthan = 570 lakhs and population of UP = 1660 lakhs. Area of Rajasthan = 3 lakh km² and area of UP = 2 lakh km².
- (i) How many people are there per km² in both these States?
- (ii) Which State is less populated? Solution:-
- (i) From the question, it is given that, Population of Rajasthan = 570 lakh Area of Rajasthan = 3 lakh Km²

Then, population of Rajasthan in 1 km² area = (570 lakh)/ (3 lakh km²)

= 190 people per km

Population of UP = 1660 Lakh Area of UP = 2 Lakh km²

Then, population of UP in 1 lakh km^2 area = (1660 lakh)/ (2 lakh km^2)



(ii) By comparing the two states Rajasthan is the less populated state.



EXERCISE 8.2 PAGE: 164

- 1. Convert the given fractional numbers to percent.
- (a) 1/8

Solution:

-

In order to convert a fraction into a percentage multiply the fraction by 100 and put the percent sign %.

- $= (1/8) \times 100 \%$
- = 100/8 %
- = 12.5%
- (b) 5/4

Solution:

_

In order to convert a fraction into a percentage multiply the fraction by 100 and put the percent sign %.

- $= (5/4) \times 100 \%$
- = 500/4 %
- = 125%

(c) 3/40

Solution:-

In order to convert a fraction into a percentage multiply the fraction by 100 and put the percent sign %.

- $= (3/40) \times 100 \%$
- = 300/40 %
- = 30/4 %
- = 7.5%

(d) 2/7 BEST PLACE TO LEARN

Solution:

-

In order to convert a fraction into a percentage multiply the fraction by 100 and put the



Convert the given decimal fraction to 2. percent. (a) 0.65 Solution:-

First we have to remove the decimal point,

= 65/100

Now,

Multiply by 100 and put the percent sign %. We have,

 $= (65/100) \times 100$

= 65%

(b) 2.1

Solution:

First we have to remove the decimal point,

= 21/10

Now,

Multiply by 100 and put the percent sign %. We have,

 $= (21/10) \times 100$

=210%

(c) 0.02

Solution:-

First we have to remove the decimal point,

= 2/100

Now,

Multiply 100 and put the percent sign %.
We have,

$$= (2/100) \times 100$$

(d) 12.35 Solution:-

First we have to remove the decimal point,

= 1235/100

Now,

Multiply by 100 and put the percent sign %.



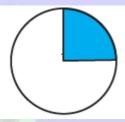
We have,

 $=(1235/100) \times 100)$

= 1235%

Estimate what part of the figures is coloured and hence find the per cent 3. which is coloured.

(i)



Solution:-

By observing the given figure,

We can able to identify that 1 part is shaded out of 4 equal parts. It is represented by a fraction = 1/4 Then,

 $= \frac{1}{4} \times 100$

= 100/4

= 25%

Hence, 25% of figure is coloured.

(ii)



Solution:-

We can able to identify that 3 part is shaded out of 5 equal parts. It is represented by a fraction = 3/5Then,

 $= (3/5) \times 100$

= 300/5

= 60%

Hence, 60% of figure is coloured.



(iii)



Solution:-

By observing the given figure,

We can able to identify that 3 part is shaded out of 8 equal parts. It is represented by a fraction = 3/8
Then,

$$= (3/8) \times 100$$

$$= 300/8$$

Hence, 37.5% of figure is coloured.

4. Find:

(a) 15% of 250

Solution:-

We have,

$$= (15/100) \times 250$$

$$= (15/10) \times 25$$

$$= (15/2) \times 5$$

$$= (75/2)$$

(b) 1% of 1 hour

Solution:-

We know that, 1 hour = 60 minutes Then,

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1 minute = 60 seconds

60 minutes = $60 \times 60 = 3600$ seconds

1% of 3600 seconds = (1/100) × 3600

 $= 1 \times 36$



= 36 seconds

(c) 20% of ₹ 2500 Solution:-

We have,

$$=(20/100) \times 2500$$

$$= 20 \times 25$$

(d) 75% of 1

kg Solution:-

We know that, 1 kg = 1000 gThen,

75% of 1000 g

$$= (75/100) \times 1000$$

$$= 75 \times 10$$

$$= 750 g$$

5. Find the whole quantity if

(a) 5% of it is

600 Solution:-

Let us assume the whole quantity be x, Then,

$$(5/100) \times (x) =$$

$$600 X = 600 \times$$

$$(100/5) X =$$

$$X = 12000$$

(b) 12% of it is ₹

1080. Solution:-

1080. Solution:Let us assume the whole quantity be x, Then,

$$(12/100) \times (x) =$$

$$1080 X = 1080 \times$$



(c) 40% of it is 500k

km Solution:-

Let us assume the whole quantity be x, Then,

(d) 70% of it is 14 minutes Solution:-

Let us assume the whole quantity be x, Then,

$$(70/100) \times (x) =$$
 $14 \times = 14 \times$
 $(100/70) \times = 14 \times$
 $(10/7) \times = 20 \text{ minutes}$

(e) 8% of it is 40

liters Solution:-

Let us assume the whole quantity be x, Then,

$$(8/100) \times (x) =$$
 $40 \times = 40 \times$
 $(100/8) \times = 40 \times$
 $(100/8) \times = 40 \times$
 12.5
 $\times = 500 \text{ liters}$

6. Convert given percent to decimal fractions and also fractions in simplest forms:

(a) 25%

Solution:

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First convert the given percentage into fraction and then put the fraction into decimal form.



(b) 150%

Solution:-

First convert the given percentage into fraction and then put the fraction into decimal form.

=(150/100)

= 3/2

= 1.5

(c) 20%

Solution:

_

First convert the given percentage into fraction and then put the fraction into decimal form.

=(20/100)

= 1/5

= 0.2

(d) 5%

Solution:

_

First convert the given percentage into fraction and then put the fraction into decimal form.

= (5/100)

= 1/20

= 0.05

7. In a city, 30% are females, 40% are males and remaining are children. What per cent are children?

Solution:-

From the question, it is given that Percentage of female in a city =30%

Percentage of male in a city = 40%

Total percentage of male and female both = 40% + 30%

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Now we have to find the percentage of children = 100 - 70

= 30%

So, 30% are children.

8. Out of 15,000 voters in a constituency, 60% voted. Find the percentage of voters



who did not vote. Can you now find how many actually did not vote? Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Total number of voters in the constituency = 15000

Percentage of people who voted in the election = 60%

Percentage of people who did not voted in the election = 100 - 60

= 40%

Total number of voters who did not voted in the election = 40% of 15000

 $= (40/100) \times 15000$

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 $= 0.4 \times 15000$

= 6000 voters

∴ 6000 voters did not vote.

9. Meeta saves ₹ 4000 from her salary. If this is 10% of her salary. What is her salary? Solution:-

Let us assume Meeta's salary be ₹ x, Then,

10% of ₹ x = ₹ 4000

 $(10/100) \times (x) =$ $4000 \times 4000 \times$

 $(100/10) X = 4000 \times$

10

X = ₹ 40000

∴ Meeta's salary is ₹ 40000.

10. A local cricket team played 20 matches in one season. It won 25% of them. How many matches did they win? Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Total matches played by a local team = 20

Percentage of matches won by the local team = 25%

Number of matches won by the team = 25% of 20

$$= (25/100) \times 20$$

= 25/5

= 5 matches.

∴The local team won 5 matches out of 20 matches.



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EXERCISE 8.3 PAGE: 171

1. Tell what is the profit or loss in the following transactions. Also find profit per cent or loss per cent in each case.

(a) Gardening shears bought for ₹ 250 and sold for ₹ 325. Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Cost price of gardening shears = ₹ 250

Selling price of gardening shears = ₹ 325

Since (SP) > (CP), so there is a profit

Profit = (SP) - (CP)

= ₹ (325 - 250)

= ₹ 75

Profit $\% = \{(Profit/CP) \times 100\}$

- $= \{(75/250) \times 100\}$
- = {7500/250}
- = 750/25
- = 30%

(b) A refrigerator bought for ₹ 12,000 and sold at ₹ 13,500. Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Cost price of refrigerator = ₹ 12000

Selling price of refrigerator = ₹ 13500

Since (SP) > (CP), so there is a profit

Profit = (SP) - (CP)

= ₹ (13500 - 12000)

= ₹ 1500

Profit % = {(Profit/CP) × 100}

 $= \{(1500/12000) \times 100\}$

= {150000/12000}

= 150/12

= 12.5%

(c) A cupboard bought for ₹ 2,500 and sold at ₹ 3,000. Solution:-



Cost price of cupboard = ₹ 2500

Selling price of cupboard = ₹ 3000

Since (SP) > (CP), so there is a profit

Profit = (SP) - (CP)

= ₹ (3000 - 2500)

= ₹ 500

Profit % = {(Profit/CP) × 100}

= {(500/2500) × 100}

= {50000/2500}

= 500/25

= 20%

(d) A skirt bought for ₹ 250 and sold at ₹ 150. Solution:-

Since (SP) < (CP), so there is a loss Loss = (CP) - (SP) = ₹ (250 - 150) = ₹ 100 Loss % = {(Loss/CP) × 100} = {(100/250) × 100} = {10000/250}

2. Convert each part of the ratio to percentage:

(a) 3:1

= 40%

Solution:

We have to find total parts by adding the given ratio = 3 + 1 = 4 1^{st} part = $\frac{3}{4} = (\frac{3}{4}) \times 100 \%$ = $3 \times 25\%$

$$2^{nd}$$
 part = $\frac{1}{4}$ = $\frac{1}{4}$ × 100%

 $= 1 \times 25$

= 25%

(b) 2: 3: 5 Solution:-

We have to find total parts by adding the given ratio = 2 + 3 + 5 = 10



$$1^{st} part = 2/10 = (2/10) \times 100 \%$$

$$= 2 \times 10\%$$

$$= 20\%$$

$$2^{nd} part = 3/10 = (3/10) \times 100\%$$

$$= 3 \times 10$$

$$= 30\%$$

$$3^{rd} part = 5/10 = (5/10) \times 100\%$$

$$= 5 \times 10$$

= 50%

(c) 1:4 Solution:

We have to find total parts by adding the given ratio = 1 + 4 = 5 1^{st} part = $(1/5) = (1/5) \times 100 \%$ = $1 \times 20\%$ = 20% 2^{nd} part = $(4/5) = (4/5) \times 100\%$ = 4×20

= 80%

(d) 1: 2: 5

Solution:-

We have to find total parts by adding the given ratio = 1 + 2 + 5 = 8 1^{st} part = $1/8 = (1/8) \times 100 \%$ = (100/8) %= 12.5%

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ part} = 2/8 = (2/8) \times 100\%$$

$$= (200/8)$$

$$= 25\%$$

$$3^{rd}$$
 part = $5/8 = (5/8) \times 100\%$

= (500/8)

= 62.5%

3. The population of a city decreased from 25,000 to 24,500. Find the percentage decrease.

Solution:-

From the question, it is given that



Initial population of the city = 25000 Final population of the city = 24500 Population decrease = Initial population - Final population

= 500

Then,

Percentage decrease in population = (population decrease/Initial population) × 100

$$= (500/25000) \times 100$$

=(50000/25000)

= 50/25

= 2%

Arun bought a car for ₹ 3,50,000. The next year, the price went upto ₹ 3,70,000. What was the Percentage of price increase? Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Arun bought a car for = ₹ 350000

The price of the car in the next year, went up to = ₹ 370000

Then increase in price of car = ₹ 370000 - ₹ 350000

= ₹ 20000

The percentage of price increase = (₹ 20000/ ₹ 350000) × 100

$$= (2/35) \times 100$$

$$= 40/7$$

$$=5\frac{5}{7}$$

I buy a T.V. for ₹ 10,000 and sell it at a profit of 20%. How much money do I get 5. for it? **Solution:-**

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From the question, it is given that Cost price of the T.V. = ₹ 10000

Percentage of profit = 20%

 $Profit = (20/100) \times 10000$

= ₹ 2000

Then,

Selling price of the T.V. = cost price + profit

= 10000 + 2000



∴ I will get it for ₹ 12000.

6. Juhi sells a washing machine for ₹ 13,500. She loses 20% in the bargain. What was the price at which she bought it? Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Selling price of washing machine = ₹ 13500

Percentage of loss = 20%

Now, we have to find the cost price washing machine

By using the formula, we have:

$$CP = \{ (100/(100 - loss \%)) \times SP \}$$

$$= \{(100/(100 - 20)) \times 13500\}$$

$$= \{(100/80) \times 13500\}$$

7. (i) Chalk contains calcium, carbon and oxygen in the ratio 10:3:12. Find the percentage of carbon in chalk. Solution:-

From the question it is given that,

The ratio of calcium, carbon and oxygen in chalk = 10: 3: 12

So, total part = 10 + 3 + 12 = 25

In that total part amount of carbon = 3/25

Then,

Percentage of carbon = $(3/25) \times 100$

$$= 3 \times 4$$

(ii) If in a stick of chalk, carbon is 3g, what is the weight of the chalk stick? Solution:-

From the question it is given that,
Weight of carbon in the chalk = 3g
Let us assume the weight of the stick be x

Then,



$$(12/100) \times (x) =$$

 $3 X = 3 \times$
 $(100/12) X = 1 \times$
 $(100/4)$
 $X = 25g$

∴The weight of the stick is 25g.

8. Amina buys a book for ₹ 275 and sells it at a loss of 15%. How much does she sell it for?

Solution:-

From the question, it is given that

Cost price of book = ₹ 275

Percentage of loss = 15%

Now, we have to find the selling price book,

By using the formula, we have:

$$SP = \{((100 - loss \%) / 100) \times CP)\}$$

$$= \{((100 - 15) / 100) \times 275)\}$$

$$= \{(85/100) \times 275\}$$

- = 23375/100
- = ₹ 233.75

9. Find the amount to be paid at the end of 3 years in each case:

(a) Principal = ₹ 1,200 at 12%

p.a. Solution:-

If interest is calculated uniformly on the original principal throughout the loan period, it is called Simple interest (SI).

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$$SI = (P \times R \times T)/100$$

$$= (1200 \times 12 \times 3) / 100$$

$$= (12 \times 12 \times 3)/1$$

$$= (1200 + 432)$$

= ₹ 1632

(b) Principal = ₹ 7,500 at 5% p.a. Solution:-

Given: - Principal (P) = ₹ 7500, Rate (R) = 5% p.a. and Time (T) = 3years.



If interest is calculated uniformly on the original principal throughout the loan period, it is called Simple interest (SI).

SI =
$$(P \times R \times T)/100$$

= $(7500 \times 5 \times 3)/100$
= $(75 \times 5 \times 3)/1$
= $₹ 1125$
Amount = $(principal + SI)$
= $(7500 + 1125)$

= ₹ 8625

10. What rate gives ₹ 280 as interest on a sum of ₹ 56,000 in 2 years? Solution:-

Given: -P = ₹ 56000, SI = ₹ 280, t = 2 years. We know that, $R = (100 \times SI) / (P \times T)$ $= (100 \times 280) / (56000 \times 2)$ $= (1 \times 28) / (56 \times 2)$ $= (1 \times 14) / (56 \times 1)$ $= (1 \times 1) / (4 \times 1)$ = (1 / 4)= 0.25%

11. If Meena gives an interest of ₹ 45 for one year at 9% rate p.a. What is the sum she has borrowed?

Solution:-

From the question it is given that, SI = ₹ 45, R = 9%, T = 1 year, P =?

SI =
$$(P \times R \times T)/100$$

 $45 = (P \times 9 \times 1)/100$
 $P = (45 \times 100)/9$
 $= 5 \times 100$
 $= ₹ 500$

Hence, she borrowed ₹ 500.