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Article Title; Bookman Old; Size 13

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Abstract: Abstracts must be written in English and Indonesian or other international languages. Abstract is written using the font Garamond 12 with 1 space. Abstract consist of 100-200 words in which the statement of the problem, research question, method and research findings.

Abstrak: Abstrak harus ditulis dalam bahasa Inggris dan bahasa Indonesia atau bahasa internasional lainnya. Abstrak ditulis menggunakan font Garamond 12 dengan spasi 1. Abstrak terdiri dari 100-200 kata yang berisi pernyataan masalah, pertanyaan penelitian, metode dan temuan penelitian.

Keywords: (contains special concept) keyword one; keyword two; keyword three (3-5 words/phrases).

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Introduction

T

he introduction is written in Book Antiqua font size 11 with 1 space. The introductory section describes the background of the research problem, literature facts, research gaps, and the purpose of writing. The problem must be clear and requires research to solve the problem. For Arabic writing or fragments of verses from the Qur'an, the Traditional Arabic font size is 16. Foreign language words or phrases are written in italics, while Arabic-Latin transliteration refers to Arabic-Indonesian transliteration according to the SKB 3 Menteri. The body of paper must be elaborated between 4.500 - 6.000 words (maximum) including abstract and references.

Method

This method is written in descriptive and should provide a statement regarding the methodology of the research, include the type of research, research approach, a source of data and analysis method. The author should explain the mechanism to analyze the sharia issues. This method as much as possible to give an idea to the reader through the method used, this method is optional, only for an original research article. **(For Conceptual Ideas without Research Method)**

Results and Discussion

The result is a description of the data obtained which is required from the research question. The results must answer the problems that have been raised in the research question. Research results must be clear and concise. Results should summarize scientific findings rather than simply convey detailed data. The discussion is the main part of the article that discusses and analyzes the results of the research using the main theory and other supporting theories, to find novelty from other studies.

Then, if the data translation requires a table or chart, it can be included in this sub-discussion with an example as follows:

Table Titles

Table 1. Formatting Rules:← 10pt, Book Antiqua

	Object	Font	Alignment	Space above	Space below
Sources:	Title	14pt bold	Centered	0pt	10pt
	Author(s)	12pt bold	Centered	10pt	10pt
Conclusion	Addresses	9pt italics	Centered	0pt	0pt
	Heading1	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
	Heading2	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
	Heading3	12pt bold	Left	12pt	6pt
	Body	11pt	Justified	0pt	0pt
	Bullet	11pt	Justified	0pt	0pt
	Table title	11pt	Centered	10pt	6pt
	Figure title	11pt	Centered	3pt	6pt

Conclusions should be written briefly. Conclusions must include three elements, namely important research findings, contributions to science, and explanations of research limitations. Do not repeat abstracts or simply list research results. Give scientific consideration to your work and state possible applications and developments. You should suggest further research based on the results of your research.

References

References of your manuscript must be up to date (in the last of 5 to 10 years and minimum of 30 references that 80% of the references is from primary sources/journal of international reputé) and your reference can be accessed by anyone. Authors are responsible for ensuring that the information in each reference is complete and accurate. All references should be cited within the text; otherwise, these references will be automatically removed.

Citation: Use of a tool such as Mendeley for reference management and formatting, and choose American Psychological Association (APA) style 7th edition. For examples: (Brechin, 2013; Fadhli & Warman, 2021; Kamali, 2020; Nasution, 2005; Smith, 2011)

Brechin, J. (2013). A Study of the Use of Sharia Law in Religious Arbitration in the United Kingdom and the Concerns That This Raises for Human Rights. *Ecclesiastical Law Journal*, 15(3), 293–315. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0956618X13000434>

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