

Elephants skin

Structure of Elephant's skin

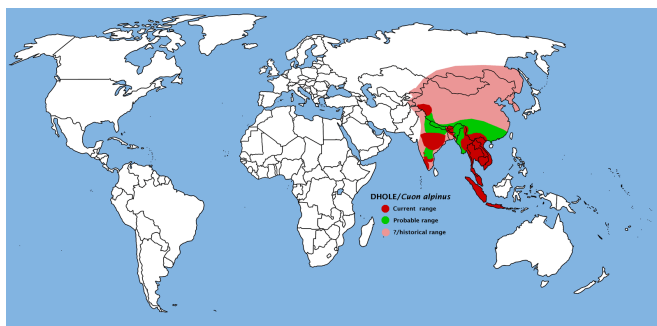
The skin of an elephant is as thick as 2.5-4 CM on the head and back. The colour of their skin is greyish black. Although their skin is dry due to the absence of a sweat gland, it is soft and supple. They have wrinkled skin. It is hard for us to see but they have tiny hair all over the body on their skin. The thick skin offers them plenty of protection. Their skin is sensitive to sunlight.

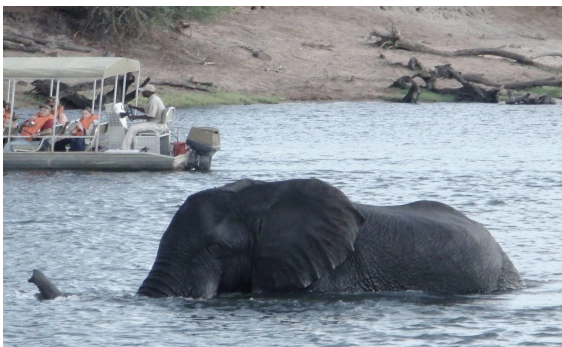
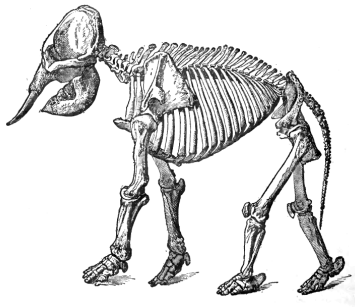
Function

The Elephant's are warm blooded animals, Dusty skin because they're often seen tossing dirt or mud on themselves. they are allergic to the sun, And they release heat through the skin, they also have veins close to the skin. One cool thing about elephants is that since they have such big ears they flap their ears to stay cool, it is like the air conditioner for us. It is also dry to touch.

Did you know that Elephants natural colour of their skin is greyish black. of an african Elephants and an asian Elephant. elephant skin is determined by the colour of the area's soil. This is due to the Elephants Habit of throwing mud on its back. Elephants can swim deep into the water, Here is an image of the bones of an elephant,

and an elephant swimming and also Where they live. The skin on an elephant can weigh as much as 2000 pounds or over 900 kg. Elephants can also communicate to each other by making a loud sound with their trunks. Elephant skin lacks moisture so it must be loose, especially around the joints, to provide the necessary flexibility for motion.





Works Cited

"African Elephant." *National Geographic*, 4 Nov. 2017,

www.nationalgeographic.com/animals/mammals/a/african-elephant/.