UFC data cleaning

First problem: I was asked to find out the most wins from a fighter in the last decade. My first thought was to check the 'Date' of the fights, as this would play a key component in the query that is executed

```
select * from UFC
order by fight_date DESC;
```

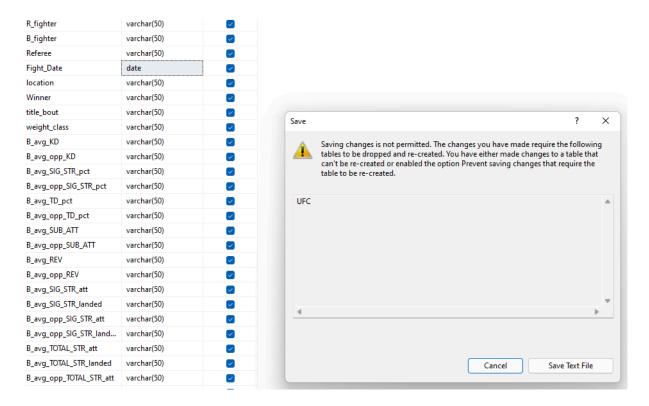
The following was shown, which demonstrates that the was a problem with the column with fight dates.

	R_fighter	B_fighter	Referee	Fight_Date	location
421	Yui Chul Nam	Mike de la Torre	Leon Roberts	28/11/2015	Seoul South Korea
422	Dominique Steele	Dong Hyun Ma	Leon Roberts	28/11/2015	Seoul South Korea
423	Guangyou Ning	Marco Beltran	Steve Perceval	28/11/2015	Seoul South Korea
424	Yao Zhikui	Fredy Serrano	Greg Kleynjans	28/11/2015	Seoul South Korea
425	Thiago Santos	Jack Hermansson	Jerin Valel	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
426	Francisco Trinaldo	Jim Miller	Osiris Maia	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
427	Antonio Carlos Junior	Jack Marshman	Osiris Maia	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
428	Vicente Luque	Niko Price	Femando Por	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
429	Derek Brunson	Lyoto Machida	Osiris Maia	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
430	Pedro Munhoz	Rob Font	Mario Yamas	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
431	Demian Maia	Colby Covington	Jerin Valel	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
432	John Lineker	Marlon Vera	Mario Yamas	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
433	Hacran Dias	Jared Gordon	Femando Por	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
434	Deiveson Figueiredo	Jarred Brooks	Mario Yamas	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
435	Elizeu Zaleski dos	Max Griffin	Jerin Valel	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
436	Marcelo Golm	Christian Colombo	Femando Por	28/10/2017	Sao Paulo Sao Paulo
437	Ion Cutelaba	Khalil Rountree Jr.	Marc Goddard	28/09/2019	Copenhagen Denmark
438	Michal Oleksiejczuk	Ovince Saint Preux	Leon Roberts	28/09/2019	Copenhagen Denmark

We can see from the snapshot there was a problem with dates being ordered incorrectly.

My next thought was to check the table properties. The fight_date column had been set up with a VARCHAR data type by the uploader. This was the cause of the problem.

Second problem: Trying to rectify this by simply changing it from properties, I encountered a further problem (as seen in the next image):

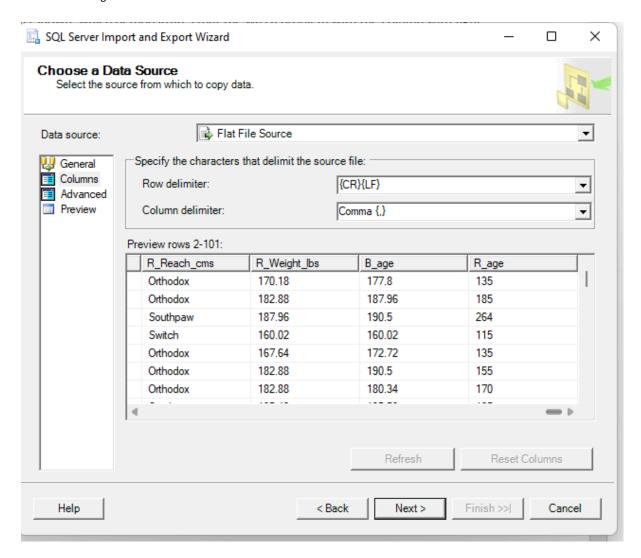


I could not simply make a change to the column data type.

Third problem: I then tried to use the *CAST* function to cast the fight_date column as date. This failed.

Lastly, I was required to re-import the data and this time checking that the columns had been set with the correct data types.

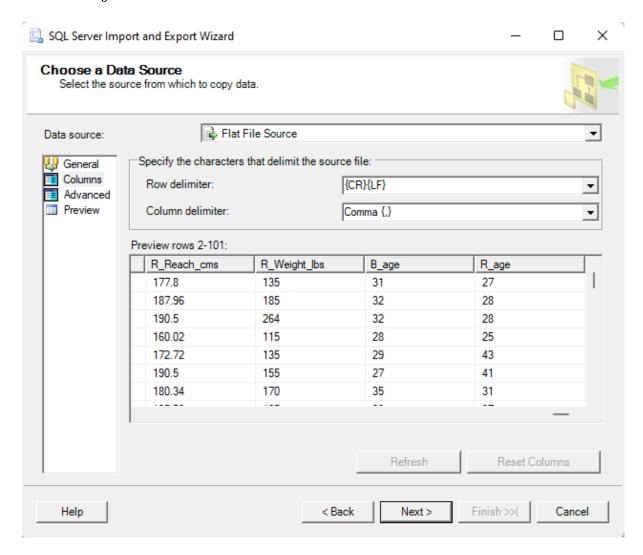
Simple fix, however, as I had not uploaded the original file the first time around. I checked the preview of the columns. Can you spot any issues in the image below?



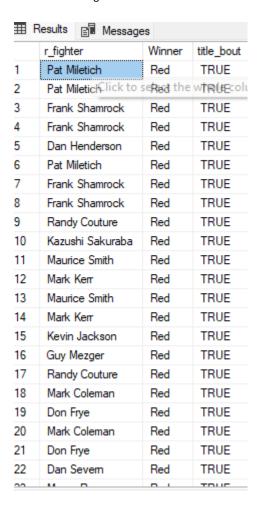
Answer and fourth problem: you can see that the Age column has someone down as 177.8 and the rest are also incorrect. This was caused by the delimiter.

I then went through all the rows in the csv and discovered that the column named 'location' in the csv file had all data entered with "city, state, country" i.e. separated with commas and this was causing the column values to spilt, hence the ages of fighter were different.

Solution: After replacing all commas with vertical bar lines (|) this rectified the issue. As can be seen in the image below:



As it can be seen the Age is now correct and all other columns were checked for consistency. QED.



Looked good, so onto the fourth step - to group r_fighter, but I needed this more to count the number of times the R_fighters name shows, so that would determine how many times a title defense fight had been won.

```
select r_fighter, count(r_fighter)
from ufc
where title_bout = 'true' AND winner='red'
group by R_fighter;
```

Ⅲ Results ☐ Messages					
	r_fighter	(No column name)			
1	Alejandro Perez	1			
2	Alexander Volkanovski	1			
3	Amanda Nunes	7			
4	Amir Sadollah	1			
5	Anderson Silva	11			
6	Andrei Arlovski	3			
7	Andrew Sanchez	1			
8	Anthony Pettis	1			
9	Antonio Rodrigo Nogueira	1			
10	Bas Rutten	1			
11	Benson Henderson	3			
12	BJ Penn	5			
13	Brock Lesnar	3			
14	Cain Velasquez	2			
15	Carla Esparza	1			
16	Carlos Newton	1			
17	Cezar Ferreira	1			
18	Chad Laprise	1			
19	Chris Holdsworth	1			
20	Chris Weidman	3			
21	Chuck Liddell	5			
22	Colton Smith	1			
00					

Fifth, this is not in order. I wanted the fighter with the most defences to show i.e. in desc order. But the count column has no name, so an alias had to be assigned.

```
select r_fighter As TitleDefender, count(r_fighter) As SuccessfulTitleDefence
from ufc
where title_bout = 'true' AND winner='red'
group by R_fighter
order by SuccessfulTitleDefence DESC;
```



Now this looked good.

Some further scrutiny.

1. If the fighter had lost the champions title and then regained it, would they be included. Yes. As this would have meant they are in the Red corner and would have been making a title defence.

Limitations:

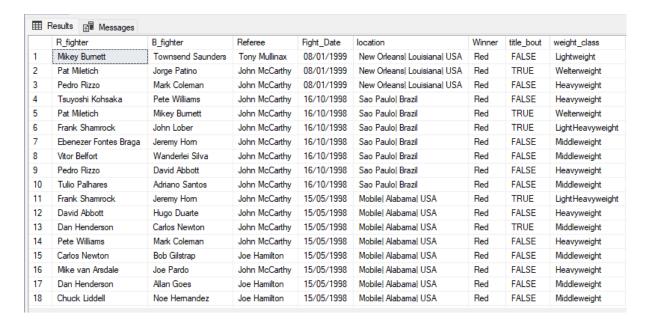
1. If there is a vacant title, the R_fighter would be the highest ranked fighter in that division so it does not necessarily mean it is a title defence fight. Though one could argue, that the title is there's as they are the next in line to take over and so should be included as a title defender.

UPDATE 18th April

Second data project

Cleaning the data – something that should have been done at the beginning.

As can be seen previously, there is a 'date' column named 'date' though SQL seemed to order
it and understood what it needed to do, then ordered the date column. But this could cause
confusion later on so the column name was changed to 'Fight_Date' to avoid the overlap of
the function name and the column name.



2. However, it ordered it in a peculiar way, that I thought long and hard and then realised the column setting may be incorrect. It turned out the column was set up with VARCHAR.



3. As the file had been uploaded with ALL columns as VARCHAR, changing the setting on the original file was not possible.