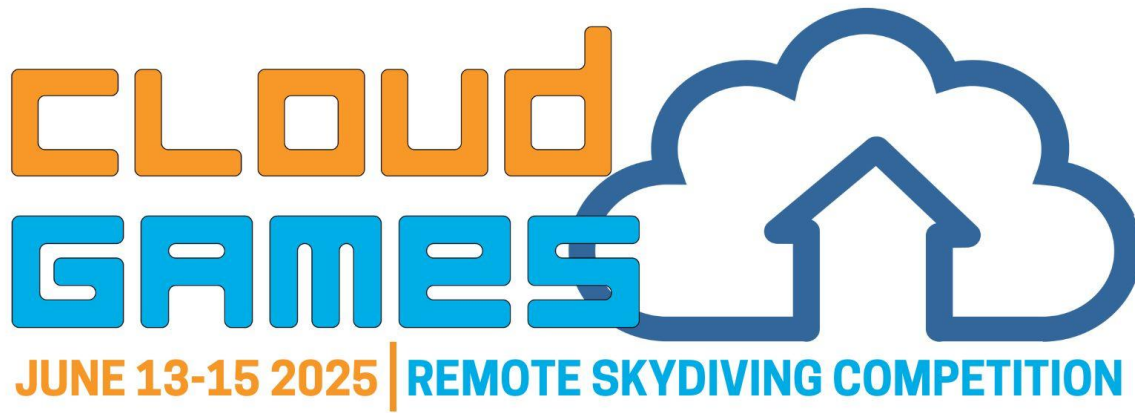




2-Way Mixed Formation Skydiving (MFS) Intermediate Event

1. Competitors from the MFS Open class may be permitted to compete as videographers in the MFS Intermediate class
2. All other pertinent competition rules must be followed during this event. The only rules listed below are what differs from the MFS Open and Advanced class competition rules.

EVENT DESCRIPTION

- Intermediate: Each round consists of three or four (whichever is drawn first) scoring formations from the dive pool.
- The draw for Intermediate excludes certain more difficult randoms and blocks (listed below).
- The meet will consist of 6 rounds.
- All rounds are potentially “mixed” including sit flying, belly, and back flying

COMPETITION DRAW

All rounds will (potentially) be mixed with 3-4 points per round being drawn from a dive pool consisting of blocks 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 17, 20, and 22 and randoms D, G, H, J, K, L, M and Q.

Please check below for the dive pool images courtesy of USPA.

Please see [Chapter 9 of the Skydiver Competition Manual](#) for other event rules and details.

Appendix L: MFS Definitions of Symbols

Legend Point of View/Camera Position

A dart will orient itself parallel to the relative wind, with it's tip towards the oncoming wind. We have chosen three different views of a dart to indicate from which point of view the formation was drawn. It corresponds with what we think is the optimal position from which to film a particular formation, if the draw for the round permits it. If the draw for the round forces the camera flyer to film a formation from a different position, the subjects might need to make adjustments in order to properly present the required grip to the camera



A. All parts of the dart can be seen. This symbol indicates an edge-on view. The camera flyer is on level with the subjects.



B. Only the flight shaft can be seen. This symbol indicates a view from 'above'. The camera flyer is trailing or above the subjects, looking into the relative wind.



C. Only the point, barrel and parts of the flight can be seen. This symbol indicates a view from 'below'. The camera flyer is leading or below the subjects.

**The camera view depicted is for reference only.
Camera positioning is not a performance requirement.**



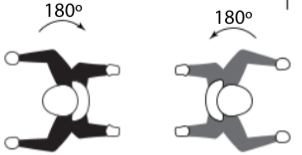
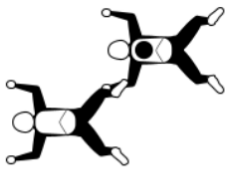
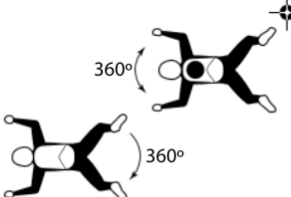
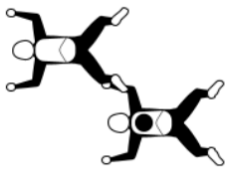
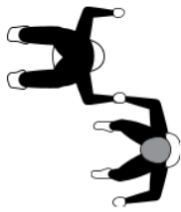
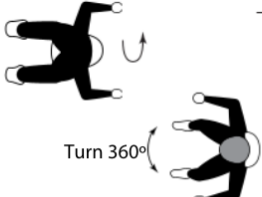
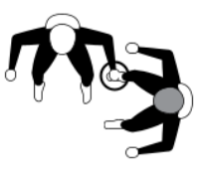
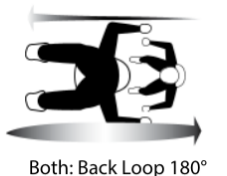
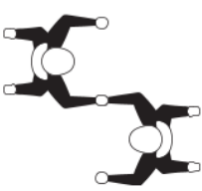
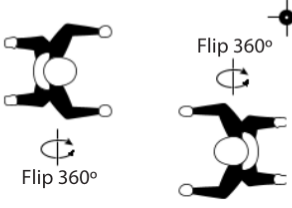
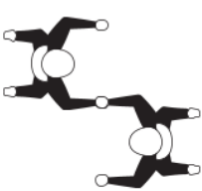
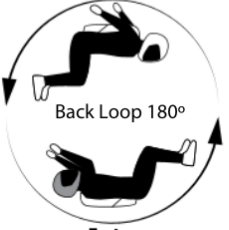
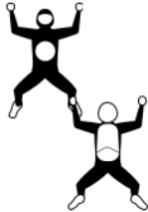
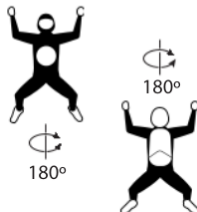
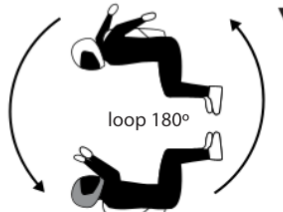
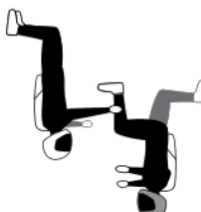
= new for 2025

Appendix M: MFS 2-Way Block Formations

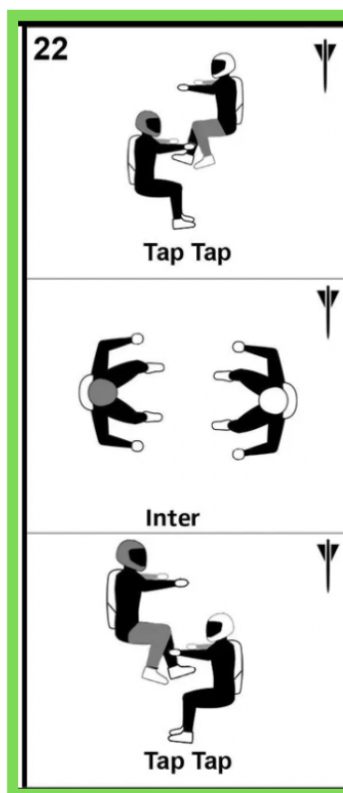
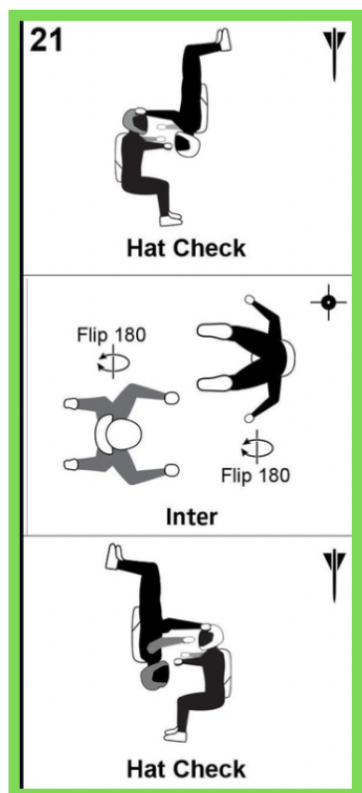
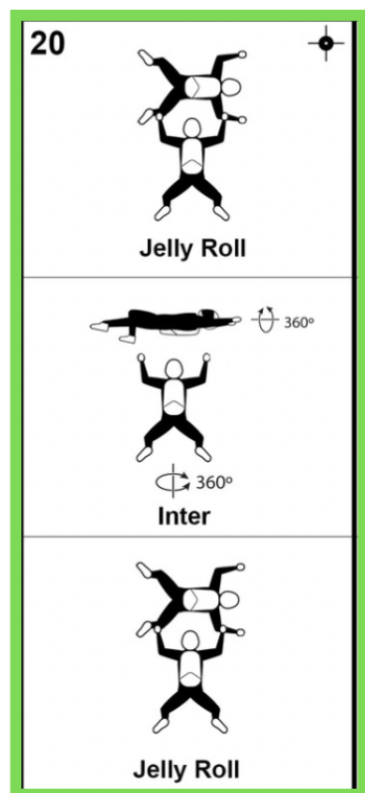
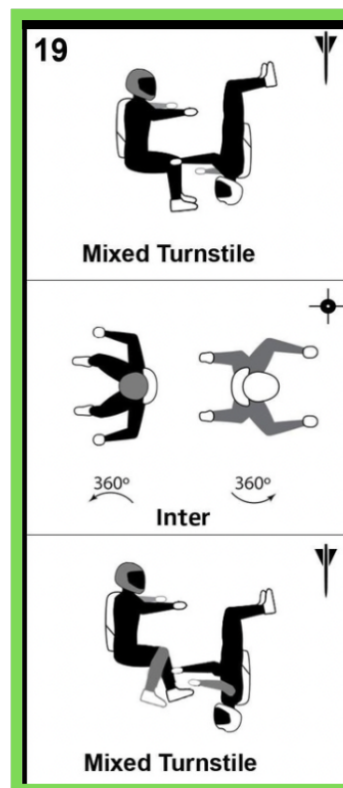
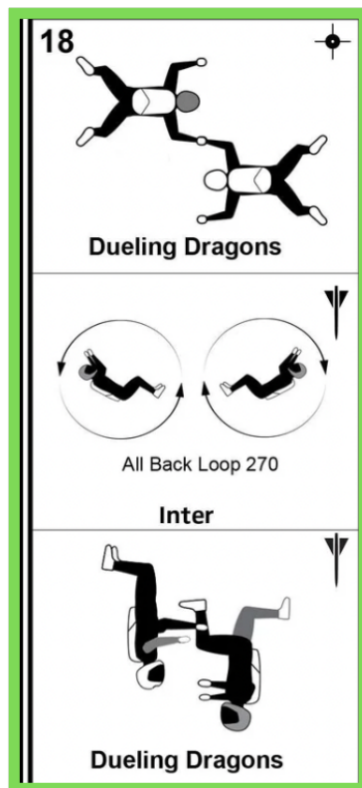
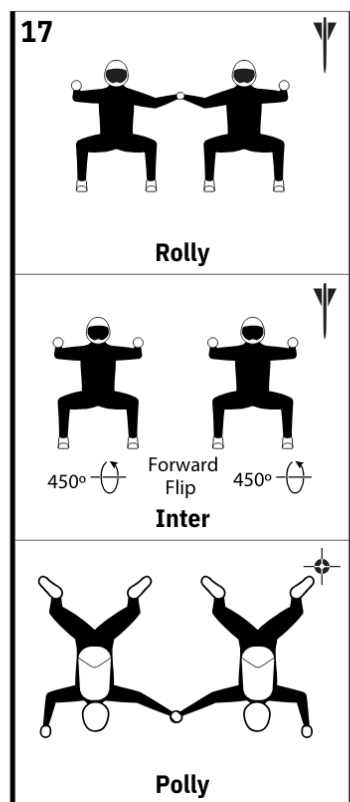
1 Double 69	2 Head-down Star	3 Oil Drill	4 Cog wheel
Inter	Inter	Inter	Inter
Double 69	Head-down Star	Oil Drill	Cog wheel

5 Upright Auger	6 Gears	7 Periscope	8 Bison
Inter	Inter	Inter	Inter
Upright Auger	Gears	Periscope	Bison

Appendix M: MFS 2-Way Block Formations (continued)

9  Turnstile  Inter  Turnstile	10  Flat Stairstep  Inter  Flat Stairstep	11  Mova  Inter  Tickle-Toes	12  Mixed Star  Inter  Mixed Star
13  Arrow  Inter  Arrow	14 Head grip with both hands  WindMarp  Inter Head grip with both hands  WindMarp	15  Flip  Inter  Flop	16  Rock  Inter  Cradle

Appendix M: MFS 2-Way Block Formations (continued)



Appendix N: MFS 2-Way Random Formations

