

WHAT, WHERE, HOW AND WHEN ?

NOTES

“History is certainly about changes that occur over time”.

1. History is synonymous with dates.
2. We compare the past with present.
3. We continue to associate history with a string of dates.
4. We study dates to find out the sequence of events and significance of events

Which Dates:

1. Selection of date depends on the story of past.
2. Focusing on a particular set of events is important.
3. By studying the dates reasons and consequences of events are understood in better way.

How do we Periodise:

1. James Mill divided the Indian history into three periods: Hindu, Muslim, and British
2. According to Mill, Only British rules, culture and laws could make Indians civilised.
3. Three are significant sources to study the periods of events and by studying different historical evidences a string of time periods can be formed.

What is colonial:

1. When the subjugation of one country by another country leads to change in social, culture, economic and political sphere, it leads to colonisation.
2. British rule brought about changes in values and tastes, customs and practices.

How do we know Administration:

1. One important source is the official records of the British administration.
2. The British felt all important documents and letters needed to be preserved.
3. Specialized institution like archives and museums were established to preserve important records.
4. Administrative source only represents half of the picture as they all were written and maintained by British officials
5. Several other sources studied together give a better picture of administration.

Sources of Information:

1. Official records, letters, memos, surveys, newspapers, magazines, autobiographies, reports, experiences of travelers, novels and poems are some important source of information of British rule and atrocities.
2. The practice of surveying became common under colonial administration.
3. Surveys like botanical zoological, archaeological, anthropological and forest surveys were in the list of British administration.
4. Sources kept and written by both Indians and British studied together represents several aspects of British rule and their efforts to modernize or subjugate Indian population.

What do Official Records not Tell:

1. The official records do not tell about the needs of people of India.
2. Many official records hide the truth and only show one aspect of the event.
3. The official records does not represents the fall outs of British administration and also do not represent the reactions and situation of Indians of every sphere of society.

